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VOL. XXVII NO. 26 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Gandhiji To Lead Rajkot Satyagraha?

SPAIN IN COMMONS

Attlee Accuses Chamberlain

"Definite Encouragement To Aggression"

But Premier Pleads For Trust In Policy Of Hitler & Mussolini

LONDON: JAN. 31.

In the House of Commons, Major Attlee initiated the discussion on Spain stating that WHEN THE PRIME MINISTER SPOKE OF SGR. MUSSOLINI'S DESIRE FOR PEACE, THE PEOPLE OF THIS COUNTRY WERE MORE IMPRESSED BY THE FACT THAT SGR. MUSSOLINI HAD BEEN INTERVENING FOR, AT LEAST, TWO-AND-A-HALF YEARS IN THE WAR.

Major Attlee was of the opinion that the Prime Minister would find that THERE WAS A GROWING FEELING OF DISGUST IN THIS COUNTRY AT THE ATTITUDE TAKEN BY THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE OF THIS STRUGGLE

Major Attlee added that all attempts to minimise the contributions that Italy was making to the offensive in Catalonia were absurd in view of the declarations made by Italy itself. More than half the detachments in the advance on Barcelona were Italian and the fall of Barcelona was hailed as a great Italian victory. The action of the British Government throughout the whole of the Spanish question with the solitary exception of the Nyon Agreement had been a definite encouragement to aggression.

PREMIER'S REPLY

The Premier in his reply said that no one could read about the pitiful procession of wounded men, old men, women and children, some of them mutilated, struggling up great mountains, dividing France and Spain, in conditions of bitter hardship, without feeling what a terrible thing war was, even in its secondary effect. How much more terrible it would be if the area of conflict should be extended. The British Government were doing what it could to help and would continue to do so. They had paid 20,000 sterling to the International Commission for the assistance of child refugees in Spain and would put a further 20,000 sterling at the disposal of the Commission. When the need arose, he had no doubt that they would be ready to do more.

After referring to the efforts to arrange for a safety zone for Spanish refugees, Mr. Chamberlain recalled that Government had already addressed an appeal to France to exercise all possible humanity in the circumstances prevailing in Catalonia. Before the fall of Barcelona, many people expected its fall to be followed by a terrible massacre, yet nothing of the kind happened and members opposite might have given thanks for it.

NON-INTERVENTION

Turning to the general question of the Government policy, the Prime Minister said that he was satisfied that the British policy of non-Intervention had been right all along and it was certainly not the moment to change it. Intervention on the side of the Spanish Government would have to take place on a very considerable scale if it was to alter the state of affairs in Spain. "I do not consider that the situation in Spain is, at this moment, a menace to the peace of Europe, but most emphatically do I consider that if we abandoned the policy of non-Intervention and intervention on any considerable scale took place on behalf of the Spanish Government, that would be a menace for peace. Any such intervention must lead to extension of conflict in Europe which is against the policy which

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 4).

IN GRIP OF BLIZZARD

29 Deaths Reported In Eastern United States

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.

Eastern United States is in the grip of one of the worst blizzards for many years. Deaths total at least 29 of whom eleven are reported in Chicago, where huge snow drifts have paralysed traffic in many of the city's main thoroughfares.

River Indiana has swollen to flood proportions and heavy rains are adding to the difficulties of the authorities faced with an epidemic of smallpox, of which there has been 200 cases in Indianapolis in recent weeks.—Reuter.

INVETERATE ENEMY OF FEDERATION

LONDON, Jan. 31.

Commenting on Mr. Bose's election the "Manchester Guardian" says:

"An inveterate enemy of Federation he has often warned the authorities that he will fight it by all means in his power, notably by a new campaign of non-co-operation Mahatma Gandhi, at one time or another has been as critical of the Federal scheme as anyone, but he has lately been more closely concerned with signs of deterioration of the Congress Party and he would prefer that the Congress should purge itself before embarking on a campaign, which will depend for its success on integrity of mind and unity of purpose.

BENEFIT FOR RADICALS

"The less supple Radicals of the Congress never for long followed Mahatma Gandhi's elaborate conscientious path towards independence. They found his lead irksome in the past and Mr. Bose has done best to secure by his own election that it shall not be irksome in the immediate future.

"In one way the election is to be regretted. Mr. Bose has tried and failed in his past year of office to come to terms with the Muslim League. A more moderate president might have tried again this year and might possibly have had some results to show."—Reuter.

Maharashtra Political Conference in session at Ghatkopar on Sunday last under the presidentship of Mr. Jadhe.

FIRING AND BATON CHARGE IN RANGOON

Resumption By Busmen And Its Sequel

RANGOON: JAN. 31.

THE POLICE OPENED FIRE WITH BUCK-SHOTS, MADE A BATON CHARGE, AND USED TEAR-GAS SHORTLY AFTER NOON TO-DAY TO DISPERSE A CROWD OF MONKS, LAYMEN AND WOMEN.

MR. A. W. TYDD, ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, WAS SLIGHTLY INJURED BY STONE THROWING. NINE PERSONS ARE SUFFERING FROM THE EFFECTS OF TEAR-GAS AND THREE OTHERS WERE INJURED AS A RESULT OF THE BATON CHARGE.

CAUSE OF TROUBLE

It is reported that consequent on the decision arrived at a meeting of Burmese bus drivers during the week-end, some Burmese owned buses, started plying to-day. A crowd collected and picketed buses. Civil and military police hurried to the spot and arrested a number of persons including the ring leader. The crowd immediately created an uproar and refused to disperse, demanding the release of the arrested persons.

The police thereupon released all the persons, except the ring-leader and ordered the mob to disperse, but when the mob refused to do so, tear gas, buck-shots and batons were used. The whole area is being strongly guarded.

PAPERS' HARTAL

Burmese newspapers are suspending publication for to-morrow, protesting against the arrest of Mr. U Ba Choe, editor of the Burmese journal "Deedoke" and the demand for securities from the Burmese Press.—A. P.

INDIAN OWNED SHOPS LOOTED

RANGOON, Jan. 31

Twelve Indian owned shops were looted in Myingyan yesterday, according to an unconfirmed report. It is said that the trouble arose when an Indian Moslem, who was assaulted by a Buddhist monk, retaliated resulting in the looting.

The situation is well in hand.—A. P.

TRAM CARS STONED

RANGOON, Jan. 31

A number of tram cars were stoned. The car of the Deputy Commissioner of Police, carrying Mr. H. F. Reynolds, Police Commissioner, was stoned as it left Pazundaung Police Station, which is near the scene of today's incident. The whole place is littered with stones and half bricks.—A.P.

Gandhiji To Join Rajkot Satyagraha?

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 31.

A report from Bardoli says that Mahatmaji has decided to go to Rajkot and join the Satyagraha as he is subject of Kathiawar in Porbandar State and as a Kathiawari, Gandhiji has full right to go to Rajkot and offer Satyagraha against the regime of repression.

MAHATMA AND SARDAR

BARDOLI, Jan. 31.

Mahatma Gandhi will leave Bardoli for Shegaon to-morrow morning and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will leave Bardoli on February 2, reaching Bombay on the morning of February 3.—A. P.

Mrs. Naidu At Benares

BENARES, Jan. 31.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu arrived here to-day. She presided over the Silver Jubilee celebrations of Theosophical National Institution founded by the late Mrs. Annie Besant at Benares.—A.P.

Rajen Babu Denies Report

Will See Orissa Governor & Zemindars Re: Estates Amendment Bill

CUTTACK, Jan. 31.

Babu Rajendra Prasad accompanied by his Secretary Mr. Chakradar Saran arrived here this afternoon and was received at the station by all the Ministers, Mr. Harekrishna Mehtab, Mr. Nilkantha Das, Mr. Nabakrishna Choudhury and others.

He stays here till the evening of February 2 and will meet the Zamindars of the South Orissa. He may also see H. E. Governor in connection with the Madras Estates (Orissa) Amendment Bill which awaits the assent of the Viceroy.

Interviewed regarding the report of his resignation from the Congress Cabinet, he said: "This is the first time I hear the news about my resignation. I have not resigned."—United Press.

FOUR KILLED IN CLASH

HISSAR, Jan. 31.

Four persons are reported to have been killed in a clash between labourers, which took place during the week-end at the Ratera relief camp, 30 miles from here.

It is stated that over 1,000 famine-stricken labourers were working at the relief camp. On Saturday last when wages were being distributed to them a quarrel arose between some of them leading to a free fight, in which gun shots were also fired. Three Muslims and one Hindu were killed and over a dozen persons were injured. The police rushed to spot and restored order. The relief camp has been temporarily suspended. The police have started investigations into the matter.—A. P.

Labour Defeat In By-Election

LONDON, Jan. 31.

Mr. F. Medlicott (Liberal National) was declared elected in the by-election from East Norfolk constituency defeating Mr. N. R. Tillet (Labour). Medlicott secured 18,267 votes against 10,785 secured by Tillet.—Reuter.

Rebels Arrest Br. Subjects!

REPRISALS FOR SHOUTING "DOWN WITH FRANCO"

Republican Fleet Leaves Cartagena For Undisclosed Destination

PARIS, Jan. 31.

It is learned from a very reliable source that the Spanish Government fleet left Cartagena yesterday for an undisclosed destination.

BRITISHERS ARRESTED

A number of British subjects from Gibraltar have been arrested by the Nationalists in Lalinea, it is believed, as a reprisal for demonstrations outside the Burgos Government Agency in Gibraltar last Friday, when a large crowd, including Britons, shouted "Down with Franco."

FRENCH EFFORTS FOR REFUGEES

With a van suite with medical supplies attached to their train, M. Sarraut and M. Rucart arrived on their proposed visit to various frontier towns, where refugees are congregating. Afterwards a conference was held in the evening to decide the measures to be taken. Since January 28,18,000 refugees have been sent to the interior of France, some 60,000 to the hills of Pyrenees and Orientales Department and 20,000 more are expected from Seo De Urgel region. Heavy rain has kept Nationalist bombers aground and so has given some relief to the hard-pressed Republican army in Catalonia. In the meantime, it is understood that several divisions are being successfully transported from southern Spain convoyed by fleet

NEW COMMANDER

It is reported that Gen. Sarabia, hitherto Commander-in-Chief of Catalonia, has been superseded by Gen. Jurado. Some twelve thousands of deserters and men of military age, who hoped to escape to France are reported to have been rounded up in northern Catalonia.—Reuter.

SPANISH REFUGEE RELIEF WORK

LONDON, Jan. 31.

Large scale relief among Spanish refugees is being carried out under the organisation of the French Red Cross in the area roughly between Gerona and the French frontier, according to latest advices received in London from the French Government.

It is assumed that the work will be undertaken in co-operation with the International Commission of assistance to children refugees who are already provided relief in that area and who have now acquired large quantities of provisions.

It is presumably intended to try and make the area a neutral zone, but it is understood that General Franco had been proached on the subject.—Reuter.

JAIPUR STATE'S SUBJECTS' MINIMUM DEMAND

Ban On Prajamandal Must Be Withdrawn: Bajaj On Future Plan Of Action

NEW DELHI, Jan. 31.

The appointment of a Jaipur Satyagraha Council of five members, with sole authority to carry on the movement of the Jaipur Prajamandal which is now declared unlawful, and to formulate a plan of action in the light of circumstances as they develop,—would be the first declaration by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj in case he was arrested when he reached Jaipur to-morrow to defy the ban imposed on his entry into Jaipur.

This indication was given by Seth Bajaj who addressed a public meeting this evening at the Gandhi grounds. In case the Jaipur authorities do not withdraw the ban on Bajaj and the Prajamandal, Satyagraha will be offered by members of the Mandal who are inside or outside the State.

Seth Bajaj explained that their present demand was for the withdrawal of the ban on the Mandal and for its recognition by the state and also its unhampered activity for the welfare of the people. They did not even demand responsible government at present. The mandal had been carrying on its work in a constitutional way and there was no charge against the mandal by the authorities, except that its contact with the masses would constitute a danger to the State.

Seth Bajaj leaves for Jaipur to-morrow morning, reaching there the same afternoon.—United Press.

BAJAJ'S PLAN FOR JAIPUR FIGHT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 31.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj's plan of action on the Jaipur ban was explained by him to a group of Pressmen here this evening. He said that he proposed to form a Committee consisting of five members, which would act as a Council of Action in the event of his arrest or would serve as an Advisory Body to assist him if he remained free. His intention is to announce the personnel of this body to-morrow morning, before he leaves for Jaipur.

He emphasised that the "fight" in Jaipur would not cease even if the authorities decided in the last minute not to arrest him. It would, he declared, end only when the ban on the Praja Mandal was removed and the objects for which that body stood were attained.

He is addressing a public meeting later in the evening.—A. P.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE." if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately Storekeeper for upcountry with experience modern methods storekeeping and knowledge of machinery parts reply to Box No. 10473, "Bombay Chronicle" stating experience and salary required.

Wanted very competent Stenographer with great speed, accuracy and experience in taking down verbatim oral evidence. Suitable salary offered. Apply: Secretary, Local Bodies Enquiry Committee, C/o Local Self-Govt. Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. (10462)

Applications are invited by the most popular Hosiery Manufacturers of Bombay from those who are willing to handle the selling agency for Hosiery goods. Samples will be supplied on request against Rupees two. Apply Box No. 11337, "Bombay Chronicle"

The School of Oriental and African Studies (University of London) invites applications from University Graduates for a Lectureship in Hindustani (Urdu and Hindi) from 1st October, 1939, on a scale of £300—£25—£400 per annum. The initial salary will be fixed according to qualifications. Applications, which may be accompanied by two testimonials, should state age, qualifications and experience. A form of application may, if desired, be obtained from the Secretary, School of Oriental and African Studies, Vandon Street, London, S.W.1., who should receive all applications not later than 1st April, 1939.

52. TO BE LET.

To Let Mount Road, Mazagaon. long lease, spacious ground floors admeasuring about 12,000 and 10,000 sq. feet, suitable for factories. Rents moderate. Apply Box 11338, "Bombay Chronicle."

241. PROFESSIONAL ADLETS

Interesting to shoe factories. Apply, for Shoe-lining fabric at the cheap rates in any fast colour, to Box No. 11335, "Bombay Chronicle"

Interesting to small hosiery factories. A well popular Hosiery factory can supply French neck fabric used for borders on the undershirts. Apply for rates to Box No. 11336, "Bombay Chronicle".

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-6-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY

Golden Jubilee Exhibition of Pictures
TOWN HALL

Open daily upto 5th February 1939, from 9 a.m. to 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) Admission fee ANNAS FOUR ONLY. Book of Pictures Rs. 2/-. (10447)

S.S. "RYUUN MARU"

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 31st January, 1939, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

N. MATSURA,
Manager,
Osaka Syosen Kabusiki Kaisya.

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COS., LTD. TEMPORARY RECEIPT LOST OR MISLAID.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Temporary Receipts Nos. 7241-7242 in respect of 15 shares numbered 377870|4 and 44102|111 of the Associated Cement Companies, Limited, standing in the name of Rustom Dosabhai Avari have been LOST or MISLAID, and Rustom Dosabhai Avari has applied to the Company for delivery of the Share Certificates for the said shares.

Any person in possession of the said Temporary receipts or having any claim to the said shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office at Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Bombay, within one month from the date hereof, after which period no claim will be considered and the Directors will proceed to deal with the said application and deliver the Share Certificates if they think fit.

Dated 1st day of February, 1939. (11339)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT, BOMBAY.

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 1499 of 1926.

(1) MANILAL ITCHHARAM DESAI and (2) NATVERLAL ITCHHARAM DESAI Plaintiffs
vs.
Messrs S. NARAYAN & Co., a firm .... Defendants.

To.
RAJARAM TUKARAM
A partner of the Defendant firm abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that you are required under O.XXI, Rules 22 and 37 of the Code of Civil Procedure to appear in person or by Advocate or Attorney of this Court before the Sitting Judge in Chambers on 24th February, 1939, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) to show cause (1) why the decree, dated the 27th day of July, 1927, herein should not be executed against you and (2) why you should not be committed to jail in execution of the said Decree.

Dated this 14th day of October, 1938.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary &
Senior Master.

Messrs MADHAVJI & CO.,
Attorneys for the 2nd Plaintiff. (10470)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted respectable Agents and Distributors for high class Hosiery goods. Attractive terms. For complete sample set remit Rs. 5 only as deposit. Write: The G. S. Emporium, Ltd., 47-A., Chittaranjan Avenue, Calcutta. Branch: Cooch Bihar. Factory: Kalighat. (11339)

Public Notices

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY.

No. 951/151-Imp

With reference to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay's notification No. 16233/151-Impt., dated 1st November 1938, and in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), the Commissioner of Police has modified, as under, existing rules 3 and 6 and has also made the following additional rules:—

(1) *Under section* 22 (1) (b)—

(1) Substitute the following new rules for existing rules 3 and 6.—

3. Every driver or rider of a vehicle pulling up in any street shall do so with care to prevent danger, obstruction or inconvenience to the public. Signals to the traffic coming up from behind shall be given as under:—

(a) When a driver or rider wishes to turn to the right he shall give the signal as in (1) or (2) and pull into the centre of the road so that if the turn cannot be made at once other vehicles approaching from the rear may pass on the left—

(1) the motor driver or cyclist shall hold out horizontally to the right his right hand with the palm facing forward.

(2) the driver of a horse or bullock drawn vehicle shall extend his right hand, either with or without whip to the right.

(b) When a driver or rider wishes to turn to the left, he shall at the same time give the signal as in (1) or (ii) and draw into the left of the road and—(1) the motor driver or cyclist shall give the overtaking signal as described in clause (e).

(ii) the driver of a horse or bullock drawn vehicle shall give the overtaking signal as described in clause (e).

(c) When a driver or rider wishes to stop, before actually doing so he will give the signal as in (I) or (II):—

(1) the motor driver or cyclist shall raise his hand vertically palm to the front.

(II) the driver of a horse or bullock drawn vehicle shall raise his hand with or without a whip straight above the head.

(d) When the driver or rider wishes to slow down, before actually doing so he will give the signal as in (1) or (2)—

(1) the motor driver or cyclist shall hold out the right hand horizontally with the palm towards the ground and move the hand up and down.

(2) the driver of a horse or bullock drawn vehicle shall hold out the right hand horizontally with or without whip and move the hand up and down.

(e) If a vehicle approaching from the rear wishes to overtake, the driver of the vehicle to be overtaken shall draw into the left and—

(i) the motor driver or cyclist shall signal the driver to come on by waving the right hand from rear to front.

(ii) the driver of a horse or bullock drawn vehicle shall signal the driver to come on by waving the right hand with or without whip from rear to front.

6. Every driver or rider of a vehicle approaching any intersection of roads shall slow down and shall yield the right of way to vehicles approaching from his right. (2) The following additional rules are made:—

5. (2) All cycles ridden in a public street or place shall have efficient brakes.

The existing rule 5 (2) shall be renumbered 5 (3).

49. All vehicles shall pull up facing in the direction of the traffic flow. Travelling against the flow of traffic is prohibited.

50. *Regulation of traffic in Cavel Cross Lanes*:—1st Cavel Cross Lane between Cavel Street and Kalbadevi Road shall be closed to east bound vehicular traffic i.e. there shall be no entry from Cavel Street. 3rd Cavel Cross Lane between Dadyshet Agiary Street and 1st Cavel Cross Lane shall be closed to south bound vehicular traffic, i.e. there shall be no entry from Dadyshet Agiary Street.

(II) *Under section* 22 (1) (c)—

21. *Parking arrangement in Ash Lane (Fort)*.—Parking of vehicles on the south side of Ash Lane is prohibited.

All vehicles shall park on the north side of this lane, 30 feet away from its corners, facing Meadows Street.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police, Bombay.
Head Police Office, Bombay.
19th January, 1939. 10472.

Public Notices

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the supply of Hardware, comprising oil and watering cans, chains, oil feeders, mortar pans, panel pins, machine screws, aluminium utensils, brass, copper, black mild steel and spring steel washers etc., required during the period from 16-5-39 to 15-5-40. Rate Contract. Tender forms obtainable from the above office at Rs. 2/- per copy, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted Closing dated 23rd February 1939 at 3 P. M. (S. T.). (10404)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MAHOMEDALLY HASANALY KHOKHAWALA, of Santa Cruz, Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the property hereunder described. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever is or are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Cama Building, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date, hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Bandra near Santa Cruz Station in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, Taluka South Salsette, District Bombay Suburban, containing by admeasurement 4,360 square yards or thereabouts but according to Records of Rights 4,350 square yards or thereabouts registered for Land Revenue under Survey No. 91 (Old) now non-agricultural No. 534 and present Notified Area Committee Nos. 5 and 5A and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, on or towards the West by Second Hasanabad Lane, on or towards the South partly by the property of Ebrahim Kaderbhai and partly by the property of Nanabhoy Engineer and on or towards the North partly by the property of Karsondas Shivji and partly by the property of Ebrahimji Esmailji Lotia.

Dated this 1st day of February, 1939.

SOMJEE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 10461.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Trustees of PO HOP SING (Chinese Club and Rest House at Mazagaon) have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client, free from incumbrances.

THAT any person or persons having any claim, right, title or interest in or to the said property by way of co-ownership or partnership or sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay and the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Government Quit and Ground rent land or ground together with the messuages tenements and dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the south side of Mazagaon Koliwada, without the Fort of Bombay and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 45 and New No. 11368, Old Survey No. 227 and New Survey No. 3441 and assessed by the Municipality and Collector of Assessment under "E" ward No. 6941 and Street Nos. 37-39-41 and containing by admeasurement 700 sq. yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the house of Lungra Dhakul Koli, on or towards the West by the house of Bilsha Mangal Koli, on or towards the North by 3rd Carpenter Street and on or towards the South by 2nd Carpenter Street.

Bombay dated this 30th day of January, 1939
GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 10467.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALES OF MOIETY OR EQUAL HALF-SHARE IN VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT KEVNI, ANDHERI, AND LANDS SITUATE AT BRAHMANWADA.

Under instructions from Messrs. MAZAGONWALLA & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of the estate of the deceased Mortgagor, Evarist Francis Gomes Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction the following properties on the day and at the places mentioned below:—

On SATURDAY, the 11th February, 1939, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises:—

Lot No. 1: Moiety or equal half share in all that piece of land containing by admeasurement 350 square yards or thereabouts situate at Kevni Gaothan land at Andheri, Taluka Salsette, Bandra, with vacant land in front and passage and the stable adjoining Joana Maria Gonsalves house, with all houses standing thereon. The said hereditaments and premises assessed by the Notified Area Committee under Nos. 14-15 and on the North by a passage and the house of F. V. Gomes, on the South by Public Road leading to Amboli, on the East by a Public Road and on the West by the properties of Dr. Gomes and Dr. De Mello

On SATURDAY, the 25th February, 1939 at 4 p.m. (S. T.) in our rooms, 120, Apollo Street, Fort:—

Lot No. 2: All that pieces of lands situate at Brahmanwada, Sahar Village, Pot. Tukdi, Bandra, Taluka Shasti Tookdi bearing Entry No. 131, etc., Survey No. 10, etc., Pot No. 13-14, etc. Falni No. 13-10, area about 2 acres and 25½ gunthas assessment Rs. 9/12/0.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. MAZAGONWALLA & CO., Attorneys for the Mortgagees at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, or to the undersigned

BENNETT & CO.

CRAWFORD & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDS SITUATE AT REDI AND SHIRODA DISTRICT RATNAGIRI.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of the Insolvent Dattatraya Vinayak Khandalekar, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, 14th February 1939 at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) at their rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title, interest and Share of the Insolvent abovenamed in the agricultural lands bearing different survey numbers situate at Redi and Shiroda, District Ratnagiri.

For further particulars apply to:

CRAWFORD & CO.,

THIRD WEEK
Flying Ranee
A GREAT NAME IN LOCOMOTION ACCLAIMED TO BE
A GREAT MOTION PICTURE
Featuring:
HUSN BANOO & OTHERS
DAILY: 5-15, 7-45 & 10-15 P.M.
MATINEE on FRI., SAT., SUN. & HOLIDAYS AT 2-30 P.M.
LAMINGTON

Come and Celebrate Your IDD Holiday
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
SPECIAL MATINEE: AT 2 P. M.
SHREE RANJIT'S
SYMBOLIC SCREEN SENSATION:
"BAZIGAR"
3rd Glorious Week
DRAWING CROWDS AT
WEST-END
DAILY: 4-45, 7-15 & 10 P.M.

IT BLESSETH
—Him that Gives, and
—Him that Takes!
"HAVE-A-HEART"
FETE & EXHIBITION
—Pleasure Garden without a Precedent!
—Charity, too, without a Precedent in Showmanship!
Churchgate Reclamation.
NIGHTLY: 5 p.m. to 12 midnight.
Free Taxi from Fete to Flora Fountain after 11 p.m.

Commencing from TO-DAY
"CRIMINAL?"
CHANDRA ART'S THRILLER
Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat. & Sun.: 2-30 p.m.
DAILY: 5, 7-45 & 10-15 P.M.
SEE TO-NIGHT AT
SUPER
TALKIES

ANTICIPATE
THE
COMING
SOCIAL
CRISIS
SEE
'Divorce'
at
KRISHNA
DUBASH THEATRE
5th WEEK
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW MATINEE AT 2-30 P.M.
Daily 5-15, 7-45 & 10-15 P.M.

TO-DAY SPECIAL MATINEE AT 2 P.M.
IT BEING "ID" HOLIDAY
The BEST SHOW IN the Town
New Theatres' Greatest Musical
THE STREET-SINGER
Starring:
SAIGAL & KANAN
10th Glorious Week
Daily: 4-45, 7-30 and 10-15
To-morrow MATINEE at 2 P.M.
MINERVA

ARGENTINA VARIETY COMPANY
AT C. J. HALL, FEB. 4TH 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
ONE NIGHT ONLY
BEST SHOW IN INDIA DANCERS
JAY SHANKAR AND TROUPE
ALL FAMOUS DANCERS
ARGENTINA
THE FAMOUS SPANISH DANCER FROM EUROPE
MARSHALL
THE MIGHTY STRONGEST MAN IN INDIA
A Real Good Night's Show
Book Early. ROSE & Co.

TENTH WEEK
MY SON (Marathi)
MAZA MULGA
CENTRAL
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10.
HAVE YOU SEEN THE NEW SMART GIRL-SHANTA HUBLIKAR?

In aid of NATIONAL COUNCIL of WOMEN'S VILLAGE UPLIFT WORK & THE SPANISH RELIEF FUND
Pushpa-Anjali
AT THE
EXCELSIOR THEATRE
on WEDNESDAY, 8th Feb. AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
ENAKSHI RAMA RAO
with
KAMLINI & RUKMANI KHATAU, RAMILA SHROFF & SUNALINI DEVI
in the
NALA-DAMAYANTI BALLET
CHIMAN SHETH—PRAVIN KUMAR and a cast of 60 Players
MUSIC SPECIALLY COMPOSED By BADRI PRASAD PANDIT
UNIQUE STAGE EFFECTS
Booking at ROSE & CO., Rampart Row.

BROADWAY
TALKIES—DADAR.
TAMIL PICTURE.
"MUSIRI
TUKARAM"
To-day and Sun. the 5th Feb. at 10-30 a.m.
Free List entirely suspended.

The Smart Set of SOCIETY noted as it is for its high "tastes" DECLARES that it has seen nothing half so SWEET as the SWEETEST ROMANCE OF SCREENLAND that is
BOMBAY TALKIES' GREATEST TRIUMPH
BHABI
Featuring
India's Newest PRIZE-STAR:
RENUKA DEVI
with
P. JAIRAJ
MEERA : : MAYADEVI
FOUR SHOWS TO-DAY:
1-45, 4-30
7-15 & 10 P. M.
ROXY

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Last 3 Days Only!
THE EXCELSIOR
THREE SHOWS DAILY
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

NEXT SATURDAY
ON THE STAGE
FOR 4 DAYS ONLY
"POOVIAH SISTERS"
and 12 celebrated Artists
IN THEIR
"NRITYA MANJARI"
OF
ROMANTIC AND EXOTIC
"DANCES and SONGS"
Popular Prices: Rs. 7, 5|12, 3|6, 2|4 and 1|2.
PLANS OPEN. BOOK NOW.

HUNS PICTURES
CREATORS OF THE
"BRAMHACHARI"
(C/O THE MAJESTIC)
NOW GIVE YOU
A NEW THEME—
NOT LAUGHTER
BUT TEARS AND
LAUGHTER

Devta

FROM SATURDAY
11th February 1939 at the
WEST-END
Stars
हंस 2 चित्र
Stars
BABURAO PENDHARKAR
MEENAKSHI, SARDAR
VIBHAVARI, BABY VIMAL,
SALVI, MALWANKAR,
PATANKAR, JAUDEKAR
VINAYAK
and
INDIRA WADKAR
A SUPREME FILMS RELEASE

"If the Police Can't Help You We Can!"

—A Tall Boast for A Young little lady to say: —But see her make it modestly — watch her make it good, as quietly!

'Service LTD.' alias "SEVA SAMAJ"

SAGAR'S FUTURIST DRAMA

Starring:—
SURENDRA, MAYA, BIBBO, YAKUB,
SANKATHA, ADVANI.

Directed by:—
C. M. LUHAR, B.Sc.

NOTE NEW TIME
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 and 10 P.M.
Matinee: To-day & Holiday: 1-45 p.m.

2ND WEEK
IMPERIAL

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Tuesday.

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the Bombay Coroner's jury to-day at the inquest on Laxman Ramji Jadhav (60), who died of injuries in the J. J. Hospital. He was knocked down by a tram car at Rippon Road, while running across the road.

Kasam Nanji and Hussein Rahim were arrested by the Dongri Police at Tandell Street, yesterday, on strong suspicion that they were connected with a series of cycle thefts in the city.

The accused were to-day placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Second Court, Mazagaon, who ordered them to be released on furnishing a bail of Rs. 200 each.

'Prabhat' Printer Fined

Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, sentenced Dattatraya Purshottam Bhagwar (35), printer and publisher, of "Prabhat", on Monday, to pay a fine of Rs. 200 or, in default, to suffer rigorous imprisonment for four weeks.

The charges against him were that from the 26th August to the 6th October 1938, he being printer and publisher of a daily newspaper known as "Prabhat" did permit and publish information and news with intent to aid and facilitate 'sutta' gambling, and thereby committed an offence punishable under section 12(a) of Act IV of 1887."

Allegations Against Jhalawar Durbar

Sensational allegations that the Jhalawar Durbar was harassing a section of Bohra merchants, because they did not advance loans to the State and pay taxes in time as they were impoverished, were made by Mr. Chelshankar D. Vyas, in the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day in presenting an application for bail on behalf of Abdul Rasul Ali Mohamed.

The suspect was arrested on Saturday at the Lohar Chawl by the Princess Street police on the strength of a warrant issued by the Superintendent of Police, Jhalawar, alleging that the suspect was wanted in a case in which twelve persons were standing their trial in the State in connection with the murder of a boy of 13 on July 28, 1938.

The suspect had been remanded to custody for a fortnight by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Monday, and was released on bail.

Alleged Cheating

The story of how a supposed Lieutenant of the Royal Air Force tried to deceive the India Garage and how finally he disappeared and found himself in the clutches of Police, was the thrilling story narrated at the Girgaum Court to-day when Pratapsingh Yeshwant Sawant, was produced before the Magistrate.

Last evening, Mr. Pratapsingh, the accused, who was living in a leading hotel in Bombay, was found and was arrested by the Gamdevi Police. He was given a bail of Rs. 500. The case is posted to the 14th February.

Kidnapping Charge

Jahoor Gafoor was arrested last night by the Dongri Police on the charge of kidnapping a minor girl.

It is stated by the father of the girl that on the 20th his daughter was missing from the house. It is alleged that the accused was on friendly terms with the girl and used to visit their house.

Uptil now the girl has not been traced and enquiries are in progress.

The Presidency Magistrate, Second Court, Mazagon, ordered the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 150, till February 14.

Rs. 20,000 DAMAGES CLAIM

Alleged Breach Of Marriage Promise

Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court commenced the hearing of the suit filed by Krishnabai Naranrao claiming Rs 20,000 from K. Bhujangrao for alleged breach of promise to marry.

The plaintiff stated that in 1934 the defendant visited her father's house on two or three occasions and came into contact with her, after which he offered to marry her.

The plaintiff accepted the proposal to which she got her parents' consent.

Thereafter, it was alleged, the defendant took her out on some occasions, persuaded her to become intimate with him and seduced her on the assurance that they were going to marry.

Some time later when the plaintiff conceived, her parents insisted that the defendant should marry her, but the latter promised to marry after the birth of the child.

In October 1936, a child was born to the plaintiff. Still the defendant refused to marry her.

The suit was contested by the defendant who denied the allegations of the plaintiff.

The case is proceeding.

Congress Election Meeting At Matunga

An election propaganda meeting was held at Matunga on Monday night. Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai presided.

The meeting was well attended and loud-speakers were installed.

Mr. Desai in appealing to the voters to return Congress candidates in a majority emphasised the urgent need of the Congress to capture the Corporation.

Apart from the great amount of good that could be done to the people by the Congress candidates the international situation demanded that important cities like Bombay should be under the control of an approved body like the Congress.

The three candidates from that constituency also spoke.

STARS ★ STARS
AND
STARS
ROSE
MOTILAL
USHA CHANDANI
BABA VYAS.
Directed By:—
CHOWDHARY.
IN
Saraswati's Super Picture.

AT
CENTRAL
11TH FEB. 1939
Booking
KAPURCHAND LTD., Bombay.

10TH WEEK
To-day matinee at 2 p.m.
GOPAL KRISHNA
PLAZA

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM OCTOBER, 1938)

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 50	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chhecki)	9 00	20 45
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 30	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass.)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from 1st October, 1938.

Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon	(Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

LONDON—BOMBAY (Juhu).

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 1 p.m.

Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—LONDON

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—COLOMBO

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 11-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

COLOMBO—BOMBAY (Juhu)

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 9-45 a.m. Delivery, Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—SINGAPORE and AUSTRALIA.

Latest hour of posting:—Monday, Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

AUSTRALIA—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)

Delivery:—Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—HONGKONG CHINA AND JAPAN

Latest hour of posting:—Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

HONGKONG—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)

Delivery:—Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

BOMBAY—KATHIAWAR.

Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porebunder.

Departures from Juhu: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-15 a.m.

Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 6 p.m.

BOMBAY—POONA—KOLHAPUR

Departure from Juhu: Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 7-15 a.m.

Arrivals at Juhu: Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 11-45 a.m.

Magistrate's Order Set Aside

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA: Jan. 31.

"The Magistrate has gone too far in saying that there is no evidence whatever in this case to go to a jury and he has positively erred in further observing that there is no sufficient evidence in this case to make out a "prima facie" case to go before a jury and judge and hence the order passed by the Magistrate in discharging the accused is manifestly erroneous and beyond his powers and it must be set aside."

With these severe strictures Mr. M.A. Bhave, Sessions Judge, Thana, set aside yesterday the discharge order passed by the First Class Magistrate, Karjat, Mr. R.B. Deshmukh, discharging the accused, Bapu Narayan Masne of Ambot, who was charge-sheeted before him for offences of alleged murder, rape and dacoity.

The Sessions Judge, after discussing the evidence, held that the accused was improperly discharged, and directed the First Class Magistrate to get him arrested and commit him to the Sessions for trial.

The facts as alleged by the prosecution are that one Vithabai, wife of Appa Kushaba of Ambot, who had in May last gone to a stream, near the village, to bring water, was found dead with several wounds on her body. The Karjat Police in the course of their investigation attached a scythe and Bandi (shirt), with bloodstains on, from the house of the accused who too, was arrested later on. Gold Putalis which the deceased woman had on her person, were found to have disappeared. The trying Magistrate recorded evidence and discharged the accused as in his opinion, no "prima facie" case was made out.

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Jan. 31.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max	Temperature Min	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Rainfall Total Since 1st Nov.	Difference to Normal
Agra	69	46	0.6	0.7	—0.2
Amraoti	87	64	—	0.3	—1.2
Akola	90	62	—	—	—1.4
Ahmedabad	86	57	—	—	—0.2
Ahmednagar	87	55	—	—	—1.3
Ambala	73	47	—	0.1	—0.3
Allahabad	75	56	0.1	0.8	—0.6
Benares	72	58	T	0.8	—0.4
BOMBAY	83	67	—	1.1	+0.6
Bangalore	83	58	—	0.7	—3.0
Baroda	86	45	—	—	—
Belgaum	88	59	—	1.1	—1.1
Bijapur	90	64	—	0.1	—1.3
Bhavnagar	86	58	—	—	—0.3
Calcutta	85	61	—	0.1	—1.1
Cawnpore	72	53	0.3	0.7	—0.4
Colombo	85	73	—	15.3	—6.0
Delhi	78	46	—	—	—1.5
Hyderabad (Dn.)	89	60	—	—	—1.5
Hyderabad (Sd.)	78	54	—	—	—0.3
Indore	82	48	—	—	—0.9
Jubbulpore	84	56	0.4	1.4	—0.2
Jaipur	70	40	—	—	—0.8
Karwar	84	67	—	1.8	—0.4
Karachi	76	59	—	0.2	—0.5
Khandwa	88	54	—	0.3	—0.8
Lucknow	70	51	0.3	0.6	—0.6
Lahore	72	45	—	0.3	—1.1
Multan	72	43	—	—	—0.7
Mysore	87	63	—	1.0	—2.1
Madras	85	65	—	3.2	—18.2
Malegaon	90	51	—	0.1	—0.9
Mangalore	87	71	—	2.1	—1.6
Mercara	72	61	—	2.9	—2.2
Nagpur	91	65	—	0.1	—1.6
Patna	75	59	—	0.1	—0.8
Peshawar	60	36	—	1.5	—0.9
Poona	90	54	—	0.3	—0.9
Rangoon	94	69	—	10.1	+6.7
Ratnagiri	83	66	—	2.9	+1.8
Srinagar	43	32	—	3.7	—0.9
Sholapur	91	62	—	—	—1.7
Surat	85	56	—	—	—0.3
Trichinopoly	88	67	—	4.5	—4.4

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

THUNDERSTORMS IN U. P.

POONA: Jan. 31.

The low pressure area which extended from East Rajputana to West Central Provinces, yesterday, is filling up. There have been fairly widespread thundershowers in Chota Nagpur and Eastern and Central Districts of the United Provinces. A few falls occurred in Orissa, Central Provinces, East Central India and Kashmir.

The chief amounts are:—Daltonganj, Agra half an inch, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh, Cawnpore, Lucknow, Jubbulpore, Seoni, Pendra, a quarter inch.

Forecast until the evening of 1st Feb.:—A few light showers are likely in East Hyderabad, North Madras Coast, East Central Provinces and Orissa.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 31-1-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.023 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 69.9 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 62.8 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 82.7 degrees 0.1 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 67.1 degrees 0.7 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 66 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NNE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 162 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 26 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 31-1-39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 74.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.18 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.00 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 5870 miles away was recorded by the Seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 11 hrs. 6 mts. I.S.T. on Monday the 30th January 1939. This is apparently an aftershock of the great shock which occurred at 8 hrs. 1 mts. I.S.T. on the same day in the neighbourhood of the Solomon Islands.

TEA-SHOP KEEPER ACQUITTED IN APPEAL

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA: Jan. 31.

Rejecting the testimony of a bogus punter and commenting that it is unsafe to rely solely on the evidence of such punters, Mr. M. A. Bhave, Sessions Judge, Thana, allowed the appeal, set aside the conviction and sentence of one month's rigorous imprisonment passed by the Kalyan Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Mr. Y. A. Farooki, against Shamji Karamsi, a Thana tea-shop keeper, and acquitted him. The appellant was convicted for an offence under the Gambling Act inasmuch as he was alleged to have received bets on "Punja," the figure 5.

Paint Only
WITH
PAINTS
MANUFACTURED
by
National Paints
&
Industrial Works
50-58, FRERE ROAD, BOMBAY.
Proprietors:
DHARSEE NANJEE & CO., LTD.
& GORDHANDAS JAMNADAS

NATION – BUILDING
IS IMPOSSIBLE
IF THE MOTHERS IN THE NATION ARE NOT
LIKE THE MOTHER

IN INDIA CINE-PICTURES'
'Mother India'
Showing what the WORLD NEEDS for Nation-building
A PICTURE WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD
CINE-COLOUR PICTURE
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
2nd Big Week
DAILY AT 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
TO-DAY MATINEE 1-45 P.M.

STAR FLASHES

by CHARLES BRUNO

WE MIGHT AS WELL MAKE IT LEGAL!
ACTORS UNABLE TO MEMORIZE THEIR LINES ARE ASSISTED BY A BLACKBOARD HELD OUT OF CAMERA RANGE.
MARY BOLAND and CHARLIE RUGGLES HAVE NEVER BEEN MARRIED EXCEPT IN PICTURES..... AND THEN USUALLY TO EACH OTHER!
THE VOICE "BROADCASTING" JOHN GARFIELD'S CHAMPIONSHIP BATTLE IN "THEY MADE ME A CRIMINAL" IS GARFIELD'S! IT WAS RECORDED AND DUBBED IN AFTERWARDS.

Second Day Of Big Meeting

Fifteen Acceptors For Eclipse Stakes Of India

The following are the Probables, Weights and order of running for the nine events of the Second Day's Bombay Big Meeting, to be run at Mahaluxmi, to-day Wednesday, February 1:—

First Race: 2-0 p.m.

THE BROOME PLATE: Div. II.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,100; third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

To be ridden by licensed Riding Boys and Apprentice Jockeys.

Apprentice Jockeys to carry 5 lbs. Extra.

Pure Scotch 9-4, Jovial Prince 9-0, Himat 8-11, How's That 8-11, Mangoola 8-9, Gay Pop 8-6, Dick Tapper 8-4, Grenadier 8-2, Hamburger 7-7 and Acinom 7-7.

* *

Second Race: 2-30 p.m.

THE GOUGH MEMORIAL PLATE.—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 450. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Saif al Nusser 9-2, Starlight 9-0, Darbis 8-9, Ajwad 8-6, New Luck 8-3, Sagban Pasha 8-3, Leilat Khalaf 8-0, Wafi Hamid 7-12, Dhiyab 7-11, Tharwath 7-9, Rio Rita 7-11 and Challenger 7-9.

* *

Third Race: 3-0 p.m.

THE MYSORE CUP.—Distance 1 mile.

A Gold Cup value Rs. 1,000 presented by H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore and Rs. 10,700 from the Fund. Winner the Cup and Rs. 7,000; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000 and 10 per cent. in addition of the advertised value of the winning stakes to the breeder of the winner.

For Indian Horses four and five years old only. W. A.

Penalties.—Winner of the All-India Produce Stakes, Poona, 1938, or the Indian Breeders Stakes, Poona, 1938, 7 lbs. extra (not cumulative).

Allowances.—Mares and geldings 3 lbs.

Maharaja's Choice 9-7, Advance 9-7, Vandyke 9-0, Jayant 9-0, Vanity Fair 8-11, Amulet 8-11 and Pompeian 8-5.

* *

Fourth Race: 3-30 p.m.

THE BROOME PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,100; third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Bastion 9-4, Final Glance 9-4, Dancing Comet 9-0, Meddlesome 8-7, Hustle 8-5, Dightena Valley 8-4, Rose Marie 8-2, Wheatsheaf 8-0, Harem 8-0, Lord Byron 7-13, Gangasagar II. 7-13, Natbay 7-12, Le Baron 7-12 and Masque 7-8.

* *

Fifth Race: 4-0 p.m.

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES. Div. II.—Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Winner Rs. 7,000; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000.

A Handicap for Horses in Classes II. and III.

Dominic 9-4, Bright Hope 9-0, Girvan 9-0, Rough Sea 8-9, Cartoon 8-12, Levant 8-12, Gold Galleon 8-12, Casino 8-11, Haut Monde 8-11, Grianeog 8-10, Bonheur 8-9, Rhode Star 8-7, Sea Battle 8-4, Monte Carlo 8-3, Checkmate 8-1, Royal Task 8-0, Maroc 7-13 and Tressex 7-12.

★ ★

Sixth Race: 4-30 p.m.

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES. Div. I.—Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 2,500; third Rs. 1,000.

A Handicap for Horses in Classes II. and III.

Panaster 9-4, Grand March 9-2, Vidalin 9-0, Bekorah 7-9, Monocle 8-12, Cotys 8-12, Cash 8-10, Gooiash 8-7, Budapest 8-4, Rosewood 8-4, Goudea 8-2, Footslogger 7-12, Dictator 7-12, Twain 7-10 and Pressman 7-4.

* *

Seventh Race: 5-0 p.m.

THE ECLIPSE STAKES OF INDIA—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Of Rs. 75,000 and a Gold Cup value £200 of which Rs. 50,000 and the Gold Cup will go to the winner, Rs. 17,000 to the second, Rs. 8,000 to the third. For Horses 4, 5 and 6 years old at the time of starting.

English 5 and 6 years olds to carry 9st. English 5 and 6 year old mare 8 st. 11 lbs. English 4 year olds 8st. 7 lbs. English 4 year old fillies 8st. 4 lbs.

Australasians 5 and 6 year olds 9 st. Australasians 5 and 6 years olds mares 8 st. 11 lbs. Australasians 4 year olds 8 st. 11 lbs. Australasian 4 year old fillies 8 st. 8 lbs.

Penalties.—Winner in India of a race value Rs. 10,000 or of races of the aggregate value Rs. 15,000, 4 lbs. extra, or of a race value Rs. 20,000 or of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 25,000, 7 lbs. extra (not cumulative).

Landing Allowance may not be claimed in this race.

Gay Lover 9-7, Martara 9-7, Panaster 9-1, Desert Night 9-7, Solmint 9-4, One I Love 9-0, Dark Fellow 9-0, Multissimo 9-4, Atiwant 9-4, Tall Story 9-1, Gay Talkie 9-0, Le Duc 9-0, Phakos 9-0, What's What 9-0 and Juvigny 8-7.

* *

Eighth Race: 5-30 p.m.

THE WILLINGDON PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 2,500; third Rs. 1,000.

A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Zuyder Zee 9-4, Manclare 9-1, Gay Lover 8-11, Flying Glance 8-7, Gipsy Jack 8-6, Flying Orders 8-3, Synagogue 8-0, Loch Ness 7-13, Mistrel 7-11, Field Marshal 7-9 and Ticanto 7-9.

* *

Ninth Race: 6-0 p.m.

THE GAYE PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 1,800; third Rs. 900.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Prince Hilal 9-4, King of Diamonds 8-3, Karam Allah 8-9, Wheel of Fortune 8-7, Al Hamil 8-6, Legion 8-6, Bahar Neel 8-1, Taj al Nusser 8-1, Buknar 8-0, Tohalla 8-0, Fata Kashaf 7-13, Fire Fly 7-10, Sadran Manfi 7-10, Nur Jehan 7-8, Fair Play 7-8 and Al Hazar 7-7.

Tennis At Matunga

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following matches were played during the week-end in the Indian Gymkhana Tennis Tournament, Matunga.

MEN'S SINGLES "B" COURT FINALS:—Rao Sahib C. P. S. Menon beat T. R. Srinivas 6—4, 6—2.

MEN'S SINGLES "A" COURT SEMI FINALS:—Sri Nagabhushanam beat K. Rajagopalan 6—1, 6—2.

MEN'S DOUBLES:—Rao Sahib C. P. S. Menon and Kuppuswamy beat T. M. Venkatrama Iyer and K. Sitaram 6—2, 10—8.

Sri Nagabhushanam and P. R. Subramaniam beat K. Rajagopalan and K. S Narayanan 6—1, 6—1.

In the EASTERN STAR BALL BADMINTON (DOUBLES): Tournament S. V. Krishna Iyer and S. C. Pani defeated K. S. N. Sarma and G. G. Chari 29—23. 29—16.

The match was played this morning.

The entries for The Malabar Star Cup Volley Ball Tournament conducted by the Matunga Athletic Club close on 12th February.

(Continued from Col. 5).

1-0 Mehr Bakhsh: Punjabi Geet. 1-10 Zohra Jabeen. 1-25 Khyber Orchestra. 1-30 Munawwar Sultana. 1-45 Zohra Jabeen. 2-0 For village brethren. 5-0 With villagers. 6-0 Instrumental Interludes. 6-10 Zohra Jabeen. 6-30 Munawwar Sultana: 6-50 Id Manaen. 7-0 Mehr Bakhsh. 7-15 Zohra Jabeen. 7-30 Recitations. 8-0 Mirza-ji-ki-Id. 8-45 Zohra Jabeen. 9-5 Munawwar Sultana. 9-45 After the Event. 10-0 Rehearsal: (Hindustani).

Lahore Programme

5-30 p. m. Orchestral Interludes. 5-40 Barkat Ali Khan. 6-0 Naghma-i-Tarab. 6-10 Umra Zia Begam. 6-30 For Countryside. Sacrifice. (Punjabi) by Badru-ud-din Badr. 7-15 Id-uz-Zuha. 8-15 Naats. 8-30 Mushafi. Conversazione in Hindustani. 9-0 Barkat Ali Khan. 9-45 Records. 9-50 Trishul by Dr. Raghuvira. 10-5 Umra Zia Begam. 10-20 Sarangi Violin and Tabla. 10-25 Barkat Ali Khan. 10-35 Umra Zia Begam. 10-45 Master Abdur Razzak of Oligarh.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

5-30 p. m Qawwali. 5-50 Laddan Khan. 6-0 Hamtarah Ghazlen. 6-30 For Children 7-0 Rahat and party 7-10 Jameelabai of Cawnpore. 7-30 Gauhar Sultan. 7-38 Id. 7-45 Id-uz-Zuha. (Hindustani) by Maulana Abdul Majid Daryabadi. 7-55 Mehfil-i-Id 8-30 Mir Sahib-ki-Baqr-Id. (Hindustani). 8-55 Abbas Ali and Party. Qawwali. 9-50 Trishul by Dr. Raghuvira. (Relayed from Lahore). 10-5 Laddan Khan of Cawnpore. 10-15 Rahat and Party. 10-25 Gauhar Sultan. 10-35 Classical Songs.

B. B. C. Programme

7-30 p. m. Music from Movies. 8-15 Green Fields and Pavements. By Cicely Hamilton. 8-30 Operatic Programme. 9-30 News. 9-50 Dance Music 10-10 World Affairs. by H. V. Hodson.

Selections For To-day's Races

One I Love Has Great Chance In Eclipse Stakes

By "SENEX"

Represented by three candidates, the Kashmir stable has as good a chance as any in the Eclipse Stakes. I have an idea that ONE I LOVE will be the hope of the establishment to win the season's richest prize.

2-00 p.m. THE BROOME PLATE. Div. II.—7 Furlongs.

JOVIAL PRINCE	1
DICK TAPPER	2
HOW'S THAT	3

2-30 p.m. THE GOUGH MEMORIAL PLATE.—1 1/4 Miles.

SAGBAN PASHA	1
RIO RITA	2
WAFI HAMID	3

3-00 p.m. THE MYSORE CUP.—1 Mile.

MAHARAJA'S CHOICE	1
ADVANCE	2
VANITY FAIR	3

3-30 p.m. THE BROOME PLATE. Div. I.—7 Furlongs.

MASQUE	1
DANCING COMET	2
FINAL GLANCE	3

4-00 p.m. THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES. Div. II.—1 Mile, 1 Furlong.

ROUGH SEA	1
LEVANT	2
DOMINIC	3

4-30 p.m. THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES. Div. I.—1 Mile 1 Furlong.

CASH	1
ROSEWOOD	2
MONOCLE	3

5-00 p.m. THE ECLIPSE STAKES OF INDIA.—1 1/4 Miles.

ONE I LOVE	1
PHAKOS	2
MULTISSIMO	3

5-30 p.m. THE WILLINGDON PLATE.—1 Mile.

SYNAGOGUE	1
GIPSY JACK	2
TICANTO	3

6-00 p.m. THE GAYE PLATE.—1 Mile.

KING OF DIAMONDS	1
WHEEL OF FORTUNE	2
FATA KASHAF	3

Double:—
MAHARAJA'S CHOICE & CASH

Treble:—
ROUGH SEA, ONE I LOVE & SYNAGOGUE

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8-0 Indian records. Id Mubarak. 8-15 Ghazals, qawwalis and dadras 8-53 Sitar and Vichitra Been.

12-0 noon Naghma-i-Id.

12-10 p.m. Ahmed Dilawar. 12-20 Gat in Lalat (on sitar). 12-25 Sadiq Ali Akhtar. 12-35 Flute and violin duets. 12-40 Hirabai Ankolekar. 1-0 Music. 3-30 Science by Dr. Venkatraman. 3-50 Music. 3-55 Dickens, by Prof. Correa-Afonso. 4-15 Shivaji at Rohideshwar. 6-0 Geet in duets. 6-10 Sarod recital. 6-20 Des keherwa. 6-30 For Bhumijan. 7-30 A I R Quartet a nautch melody. 7-40 Sadiq Ali Akhtar. 8-0 Id-uz-zuha (Hindustani) by Rais Ahmed Jafri. 8-15 Ahmed Dilawar. 8-40 Painsath rupai kadumba (Hindustani play). 9-15 Azmat Husain Khan. 9-50 Agnes Barrett: Pianoforte recital. 10-5 Benno Moiseiwitsch pianoforte. 10-10 World affairs (Relayed from BBC). 10-25 Art players. 10-35 Egidio Verga: Violoncello recital. 10-45 Art players. 11-0 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8-0 to 9-0 a.m. and 12-0 noon to 2-0 and 3-30 to 4-30 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

6-0 to 6-30 As in Bombay 1. 6-30 Devotional ditties. 6-45 Purba on Been. 6-55 Azmat Husain Khan. 7-30 to 9-50 As in Bombay 1. 9-50 Some variety. 11-0 Epilogue.

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. As in Bombay 2.

12-0 noon to 2-0 As in Bombay 2. 6-10 As in Lahore. 6-30 Nawid-i-Shadmani. 6-40 Mumtaz Qawwal and party. 7-0 For villagers only. 8-0 Zohra Jan. 8-15 Id-Uz-Zuha. 8-30 Qurbani. 9-50 As in Lahore. 10-20 Mumtaz Qawwal and party. 11-0 Late news.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

8-0 to 9-10 a.m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

6-0 As in Delhi 1. 6-10 Mumtaz Qawwal and party. 6-30 As in Lucknow. 7-0 Zohra Jan. 7-15 Hamari Id. 7-30 Mumtaz Qawwal and party. 8-0 As in Delhi 1. 10-20 A sitar recital: Pat behag. 10-25 As in Lucknow. 11-0 Late news.

Delhi—III Programme

19.8 metres (15,160 kc/s)

8-0 to 8-10 a.m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6-0 to 7-0 As in Delhi 1. 7-0 to 8-0 As in Delhi 2. 8-0 to 11-0 As in Delhi 1

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta.)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

12-30 p.m. Boston Promenade orchestra. 1-15 Available market rates (Calcutta Stock Exchange). 1-17 Boston Promenade orchestra (contd.). 1-30 Great men of letters Michael Madhusudan Dutt by Prof. Buddhadev Bose. 1-45 Book talk by K. K. Mukerjee. 1-55 Musical Interlude. 2-2 people of Bengal by Dr. Nihar Ranjan Roy, M.A., D. Litt., Phil. (Leyden), Dip., Lib., (London). 2-20 Records. 5-0 For countryside. 6-0 Sunil Ghose: Kavya sangit. 6-20 Indubala. 6-45 Kamal Das Gupta. 7-15 Birendra Kishore Roy Chowdhury. 7-40 Parishodh poem by Rabindranath Tagore. 8-5 Albert Einstein (In Bengali) by S. Ganguly. 9-10 My piano and I. 9-30 Progress I by Ian M. Stephens. 9-45 Freda Gray: Soubrette. 10-0 Dance music of Jack Harris and his orchestra.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1.

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5-0 to 10-30 As in Calcutta 1.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

2-0 p.m. It might interest you. 2-5 Dr. Johnson by P. K. Rajagopalan. 2-30 Music. 4-0 Things of interest by Radio Mama (Tamil). 4-5 Abaut ourselves, 3 (Tamil) by K. Aruna Jatai. 4-20 Kolattam. 5-0 V. Venkatasubbiah Gupta vocal. 5-30 Shrimati M. Lakshmikantam: vocal. 6-0 L. Parasurrama Iyer of Suchindram: vocal. 6-30 V. Venkatasubbiah Gupta: vocal. 7-15 Employer v. Employee (Tamil) by members of Airoknots Club. 7-30 Karna and Kunti: a playlet in Telugu. 8-0 Carnatic orchestra 'Amba Ninnu Nera Aammiti'. 8-15 Shrimati M. S. Tripurambal: vocal. 9-20 Dragon's teeth, 2: Provincialism, by Sir Alladi Krishnaswamy Iyer. 9-35 Shrimati M. S. Tripurambal: vocal 10-0 Pattamangalam Iswara Iyer: veena.

Madras—II Programme

25.28 metres (11.870 kc/s)

2-0 to 2-30 As in Madras 1.

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

5-0 L. Parasurama Iyer of Suchindram: vocal. 5-30 to 6-0 As in Madras 1. 6-5 Coir making. 6-15 Puranakalakshepam in Telugu. 6-30 to 9-35 As in Madras 1. 9-35 Song by Paul Robeson. 9-50 Dance orchestra (Governor's band) 10-30 Epilogue.

Peshawar Programme

200 metres (1,500 kc/s)

7-0 a. m. Id-uz-Zuha. 7-15 Id-uz-Zuha. (Hindustani) by M. Abdul Qadir Khan. 12-0 noon Instrumental Interludes. 12-10 p m. Zohra Jabeen. 12-30 Munawwar Sultana. 12-50 Khyber Radio Orchestra: Naghma-i-Id.

(Continued in Col. 3).

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LAST DAY!

TO-MORROW!

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Shud 12, 1995
Muslim: Jilhej 10, 1357
Parsi Amardad 29, 1308
Hightide: 8-35; 22-17
Lowtide: 3-21; 15-14
Sunrise: 7h. 15m.
Sunset: 6h. 32m.

Bakri-Id, Public Holiday. Banks Closed.

Sir Dorabji Tata Graduate School of Social Work: Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, will speak on "The Educational Programme of Bombay Government," Nagpada Neighbourhood House, 6-30 p.m.

Friday, February 3.

Bombay Legislative Assembly, Assembly Hall, noon.

Saturday, February 4.

S. S. Carthage with mails for London sails at 1 p.m.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha, M.A. LL.B., Advocate is contesting one of the six seats in "D" Ward 10 Division as a Liberal candidate.

GOVT. PEON'S AND INFERIOR SERVANTS UNION

The annual general meeting of Government Peon's and Inferior Servants Union, Bombay, will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Maratha Kshatriya Samaj Hall, Navalkar Lane, near the Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum Bombay. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, will attend

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Plans Open. Book your seats!
THE CAPITOL

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

METRO—"Love Finds Andy Hardy". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Auzuri—Dance, Drama and Music". To-day only at 6-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Maza Mulga". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EROS—"I am the Law" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Cowboy and the Lady". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Service Ltd". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Divorce". Daily at 5-15, 7-45 and 10-15 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Flying Rance" Daily at 5-15, 7-45 and 10-15 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bramhachari". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"The Street Singer". Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Young in Heart". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Mother India" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Mayerling". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Gopal Krishna". Time as usual.
REGAL—"My Lucky Star". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bhabi". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Bazigar". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

A Question and Answer meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley lunched with Their Highness the Rt. Hon. Aga Khan and Begum Aga Khan on Tuesday.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' IDD DINNER

The annual Bakri-Idd Dinner of the Muslim Students' Union will be held on Friday 3rd instant at 8 p.m. at Ocmer Avenue, opposite Oomer Park. Those desirous of joining, should communicate with the Secretary or phone 44517.

PRINCIPAL DAVAR'S CANDIDATURE

Principal Sohrab R. Davar is offering himself for re-election from Ward 'A'. He was elected to the Corporation in the years 1932 and 1935.

SUBHAS BOSE CONGRATULATED

The following message has been sent to Rashtrapati Subhas Bose by Sjt. B. F. Bharucha:—"Congratulations Consolidate forces, restore victimised, fight Fascism, nepotism, corruption, Defeat Federation, Amen."

SUBHAS'S ELECTION AND CONGRESS POLICY

To congratulate Mr. Subash Chandra Bose on his victory in the Congress Presidential election and to consider its significance on Congress policy, a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Chowpatty Sands. Mr. Yusuf Meherally will preside and Messrs. M. R. Masani, Purshottam Tricumdas and Asoka Mehta will speak.

MATUNGA GUJARATI SEVA MANDAL

The Jt. Hon. Secretary Matunga, Gujarati Seva Mandal writes:—

The offices of Matunga Gujarati Seva Mandal, have been removed, to Shamji Ladha Building, 1st floor, Bhandarker Road, from Feb. 1, 1939. All Educational Classes are regularly conducted there.

MARRIED VS. BACHELORS

An interesting Cricket Match was played on Sunday last at Bhayndar between married persons and bachelors. Married players were led by Mr. J. B. C. Noronha and bachelors were led by Rev. H. Fernandes. The bachelors won the game by 14 runs. Mr. Basil Gomes desired Mr. Noronha to announce that he expressed his willingness to present a Cup to the Club, and to be named as 'Basil Gomes Test-Matches Cup'.

CHEMBUR NOTIFIED AREA COMMITTEE ELECTION

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Tuesday.

Sjt. V. N. Purav and Ramkrishna H. Chemburker, were elected to the Chembur Notified Area Committee on Sunday last. They were put up by the Suburban District Congress Committee. Three more members, will be nominated by Government, Mr. V. N. Purav is a sitting member of the Chembur Notified Area Committee for the last nine years and Mr. Chemburker for the last six years.

POSTAL NOTICE

To-day (Wednesday), will be a Post Office holiday on account of "Bakri-Id." All Departments of the G.P.O. and its town sub-offices including the combined offices except those mentioned below will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sundays.

The telegraph branches of the following combined offices will however, remain open for traffic and work as usual:—(1) Colaba, (2) Kalbadevi, (3) Masjid, (4) Mazgaon, (5) Bombay G. P. O., (Fort Street Bkg. Office), (6) Byculla, (7) Girgaon, (8) Malabar Hill, (9) Parel, (10) Dadar, (11) Bandra, (12) Mahim, (13) Mandvi, (14) Grant Road, (15) Vile Parle and (16) Santa Cruz.

POOR PEOPLE'S PARTY

Under the auspices of the Poor People's Party a procession will start today (Wednesday), at 4 p.m. from Gunbow Street, near old Fire Brigade Station, and reach Bazar Gate Clock Tower where a meeting will be held to support the candidature of Dr. U. B. Narayanrao from Fort North (Ward No. 2). Dr. R. M. Bhoir, Messrs. B. Vaman Rao, K. S. Hebbar, U. Ramarao, Dr U. Shesha Rao, Dr. U. B. Narayanrao and others will speak.

CITY MILLS TO BE CLOSED

Millowners' Association's Directions To Individual Mills: Municipal Election Day To Be Observed As Holiday

In reply to the letter sent by Dr. R. M. Bhoir, Organising Secretary of the Poor People's Party, the Secretary of the Bombay Millowners' Association has sent a copy of the following circular sent by the Association asking all the mills in Bombay to be closed on February 7, the polling day for Municipal elections:—

It is understood that Tuesday, the 7th February 1939 has been declared as the Polling Day for the next general municipal elections, and to enable the mill operatives to record their votes, the Committee have been requested to declare Tuesday, the 7th February, as a mill holiday. The Committee see no objection to the proposal and recommend that a holiday might be given on the 7th February 1939, by working the mills on the preceding Sunday, the 5th February 1939.

In the case of mills employing less than 1,000 operatives, it would be necessary to pay wages on Monday, the 6th February 1939 instead of on Tuesday, the 7th, as Tuesday, the 7th February 1939, will be a holiday.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

On learning that the Mahim Causeway is being widened a correspondent suggests that the old proposition of linking the suburbs by tramway be given the due consideration of the authorities. He complains that though the present bus service plying from Mahim to Jogeshwari has brought Bombay City closer to the Suburbs by road, the service is not "through" in the sense that there is one company operating from Colaba to Mahim, and another from Mahim to Jogeshwari.

This, he states, causes a deal of inconvenience as passengers have to alight at Mahim and change buses which also causes delay of long intervals as the two bus companies have not arranged their timings suitably.

WILL TWO COMPANIES JOIN.

He suggests that either the two companies join together and arrange to run "through" buses from Colaba to Jogeshwari at intervals of one hour or the tram service which now terminates at Matunga should operate in the suburban area along the Ghodbunder Road.

Some years ago, it is understood, the Bombay Municipality had requested the Tramway Company to extend their service to Mahim, but it was then decided that the extension was hardly an economic proposition. Now with the rapid development of Matunga and Mahim, the scheme should be resurrected.

The suburbs are expanding and there is much migration from the City to these parts. Business considerations, if nothing else, should prompt these public utility companies to exploit road traffic to their advantage. The convenience of the general public must first be looked to. The authorities concerned must move into this matter.

NEW MEDICAL OFFICER FOR BANDRA.

From January 29, Major D. S. Dhavle, L. M. & S., B.M.S., of Ratnagiri District took charge of the Bandra Dispensary and Hospital in place of Dr. P. D. D'Souza, who has been transferred to the European General Hospital, Bombay.

By the transfer of Dr. D'Souza, Bandra has lost a clever medical man and a sympathetic worker of the poor.

Major Dhavle, comes from a popular and highly respected Hindu family. He was born in 1890 and was educated at Belgaum and Bombay. In 1916 he was appointed assistant surgeon for the Dharwar District and, later, rendered five years active medical service in the Great War. From 1922 to 1925 he was Medical Officer in Sirsi, and was later in charge of the Prison Hospital, Belgaum. From here he was transferred to Gadag, Dharwar District, as Medical Officer, and later as Civil Surgeon. Finally he was sent to Poona, where after serving for five years and six months he has been transferred to Bandra. Surely Poona's loss is Bandra's gain.

A VOTE FOR
CONGRESS
is
A VOTE FOR
SOCIAL JUSTICE
ELECT ONLY
CONGRESS CANDIDATES
to the
CORPORATION

Hon. Kher's Lecture

The Hon'ble Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay will speak on "The Educational Programme of the Bombay Government" at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Byculla at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Wednesday)

SARASWAT VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI

The Annual Elocution Competition for the Hirabai Sakharam Rajadhyaksha Memorial prizes held under the auspices of the Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali came off at the premises of the Chikitsaka Samuha, Kandewadi, Bombay, on 29th instant. The following is a list of the candidates in their order of merit in the different divisions as declared by the judges:—

COMPETITION NO. I.

Miss Kumudini Rege, Miss Anusuya Mahadeo Nadkarni, and Master S. S. Nadkarni.

COMPETITION NO. II.

Master Prabhakar Sitaram Wagh, Miss Nalini Shridhar Varde and Master Kashinath Dattatraya Kamat

COMPETITION NO. III.

Miss Sumati Vamanrao Telang, Master R. P. Adarkar and Master Ashok Vasantrao Nerurkar.

COMPETITION NO. IV.

Master Sharat-kumar Shamsunder Kulkarni, Miss Pramila Yashawant Kanvinde and Miss Shakuntala Dattatraya Telang

DEPRESSED CLASS STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION

The meeting of the D. C. students was held on Sunday last under the Presidentship of Mr. P. T. Borale (B.A.) to form an Association for the lift of the D. C. students. All the enthusiastic Students vigorously discussed the needs and necessity for starting the Association to safeguard the interest of the students in order to conduct the Association the office-bearers and the executive Body were elected temporarily.

To bring about the aims and objects in execution every D. C. student is requested to pay four annas annually to be an ordinary member. On payment of Rs. 1-8 annually a D. C. student can be a member of the Managing Committee.

WEIGHT-LIFTING TOURNAMENT AT MATUNGA

The Hon. Secretary, Weight-Lifting Tournament Committee, writes:—

Under the auspices of The Matunga Athletic Club, the Second Annual Weight-Lifting Competition, open for all in the City of Bombay and Suburbs, will be held during the third week of March 1939. The Competition will be under the International Olympic Group of Lifts, viz:—(1) Two-hands Clean and Military Press with Barbell, (2) Two-hands Snatch with Barbell, and (3) Two-hands Clean and Jerk with Barbell.

All the lifts are to be executed in accordance with the Olympic definitions. Suitable prizes will be awarded to the winners and runners-up of Catch-weight as well as Weight-per-weight.

An entrance fee of Re. 1 will be charged per competitor. Entries along with entrance fee must reach the Hon. Secretary, the Matunga Athletic Club, Bhimbidiwalla Building, Matunga, Bombay, by 12th March, 1939.

AMERICAN MISSION HIGH SCHOOL

The above School will celebrate its 63rd anniversary to-day (Wednesday), at 10-30 a.m. in the School premises at Byculla under the presidentship of Dr. Douglus Horton, D. D. who is visiting India in connection with the 125th Anniversary of the American Marathi Mission. The school will be re-named in memory of the Rev E. S. and Mrs. Hume, its founders, as the Hume High School.

'PARLE T. C. C. OFFICE-BEARERS

The Secretary 'Parle T. C. C. writes:

The following were elected as office-bearers of Vile Parle Taluka C. Committee for the current year:—

President:—Mr. Markandrai B. Mehta

Secretaries: Messrs. Bapubhai Vashi and V. V. Ranade.

Treasurer: Mr. Virchandbhai Sheth.

Messrs. Ratubhai Desai, Nanden Ozi, Jaganath Desai and Smt. Denoyani Desai were elected as members of the Executive Committee.

KANARA BILLAVA'S ANATHA SANGHA

(From A Correspondent.)

The second annual general meeting of the above Union was held under the presidentship of Mr. S. Narayanayya, advocate, High Court, on Sunday last, in Mogaveera Free Night School, Bombay.

After the speech of the President, the meeting ended with light refreshment.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION

A Film "Down to the Sea in Steamers" by the Bombay Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., will be shown in the Association Hall to-day (Wednesday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.)

POSTAL NOTICE

As the Fast Gulf Mail Steamer s.s. 'Varsava' is now due to sail on 3-2-39 after the arrival of English Mail Steamer s.s. 'Rawalpindi' which is expected to arrive in Bombay on 3-2-39 at 6-0 a.m. the following will be the latest hour of posting of correspondence and parcels at the Bombay G.P.O. for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregd. correspondence upto 6-30 p.m. on 2-2-39.

Registered correspondence upto 5-0 p.m. on 2-2-39.

Parcels correspondence upto 5 p.m. on 2-2-39.

The latest hour of posting in the Town Sub Offices will be notified by those offices, and it will be so regulated as to ensure the receipt of the postings in the Bombay G.P.O. in time to be included in the last despatch from that office

THE GUARANTEE
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TITLE SUGGESTED FOR JACK HOLT'S NEXT FILM IN WHICH HE PLAYS A DOCTOR
ONE MAN MAKES A LIVING BY RENTING BOTTLES OF ODD SIZES AND SHAPES TO THE STUDIOS
LINDA YALE, MOST PERFECT OF THE MODELS IN 'ARTISTS AND MODELS ABROAD', WAS ORIGINALLY UNABLE TO GET INTO FILMS BECAUSE OF A POOR FIGURE.
(A MASSEUR CHANGED EVERY ONE OF HER PHYSICAL MEASUREMENTS EXCEPT THAT OF HER ANKLES)
CHUCKY BRUNO
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1939

FIGHTING COTTON SLUMP

The impoverished state of cotton growers and particularly those of Indian farmers has caused much concern among cotton merchants and millowners, and recently after the publication of an interview with Mr. E. J. Schwabach in the "Chronicle" there was arranged a conference, last week, of leading cotton magnates by Sir Pursnotamdas Thakoredas, the President of the East India Cotton Association, to discuss the question of calling a round table conference of representatives of all cotton growing countries. Sir Purshottamdas said that Indian cotton growers were realising at present a price below the cost of production and he proved that India had not increased her production. The attention of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress was drawn, at the Calcutta Session last year, to the serious plight in which cultivators of cotton in this country had been placed by the heavy decline in prices of Indian cotton by reason of overproduction throughout the world. The Committee resolved that Indian Mills and Indian dealers in cotton be requested to refrain from purchasing foreign cotton similar in quality and staple to Indian cotton and appointed a Committee to inquire into this matter and recommend such measures as it might consider advisable in the interests of cotton growers in this country. Now prices have once again declined to low levels in spite of a small crop this season. Thus the cash return is bound to be smaller and a detailed study will show that present prices do not leave any remuneration but results in heavy losses. The purchasing power of the cotton growers has been reduced considerably and before him is the question of sheer existence. Thus those who have any feeling for the thousands of the ruined cotton growers of this country must give serious thought to the question of a round table conference of the world's cotton growing countries.

Painful Contrast

India is the oldest cotton growing country but the United States of America is the largest producer of cotton. The average yield per acre in this country is about 90 lbs. as against 180 lbs in U.S.A. Thus with the same amount of labour our cotton growers are getting half the crop owing to the impoverished condition of land. As for price, it is interesting to note that during the last depression Broach was sold at Rs. 137 when prices were quoted in terms of gold standard while it is selling to-day at 10 per cent higher. American cotton is selling now at something like 40 per cent above the lowest touched. This comparision of both yield and price relation reveals the sad state of our cotton grower. The Government of India, instead of offering any direct financial or other help, have penalised agriculturists by depressing prices by 12½ per cent. through the artificially forced up Exchange ratio against the will and interests of the country, just to keep their financial position up and assist foreign manufacturers to dump their manufactured goods. Even small concessions of railway freight and such others, as requested by the cotton trade, are also turned down by the Government. It is a known fact that cotton growers have no organisation of their own to safeguard their own interests and are compelled to dispose of their product at any price they can get, with the result that foreign buyers of our cotton take advantage of comparatively low prices during the period of heavy marketing. And when thousands of cotton growers are forced to part with their product at an unremunerative price, their buying capacity is adversely affected and they are unable to buy their normal clothing and prove no helping hand to the cotton textile industry. We have a population of about 400 millions and when we have raw cotton grown in this country and we have about 380 cotton mills, we have yet to be dependent on foreign countries for the sale of raw cotton and we are forced to barter with Japan by buying her cotton piecegoods against sales of our raw cotton.

Need For World Conference

It is clear, therefore, that our cotton growers urgently need relief. The various ways in which relief can be given can be considered at the proposed world conference. Mr. Schwabach in his address said: "I personally visualize the cotton growing countries as a happy family in which the strong shall not overpower the weak. Instead they should run to their rescue in case of danger to prop the structure as a whole, so that the strong and the weak in the cotton world should equally thrive together and call for full-pledged co-operation for a joint crusade against slump and depression and endeavour to uproot the obstacles to prosperity which at the moment successfully seem to defy not only individual efforts but single nation efforts." The American Government have done much during the last six years to improve the condition of their cotton growers and they have vast financial resources and are prepared to meet world cotton growing countries. India has nothing to lose by joining such a conference as we have not taken unfair indirect advantage of American price raising mechanism. Those who are guilty will have to suffer. Systematic planning will have greater benefit and effective co-operation will prove useful. India will learn much about cotton growing in other countries and a trial in this direction will go a long way to do away with some of the immediate difficulties. Such an organisation is bound to secure adequate financial facilities which our own Government are denying. We shall learn more about increasing yield per acre by use of chemical fertilizers and this will be a boon to Indian cotton growers. The request for a round table conference of world cotton growing countries should come from the U.S.A., which is the richest member of the "happy family" of cotton growing nations and India will readily respond and will be only too glad to co-operate for the benefit of Indian cotton growers.

Greasing The Axis

Coming as it does at a time when even the fire-eating Gayda is keying up his comment to Chamberlain's tune of optimistic appeasement and Anglo-Italian friendship, the Japanese spokesman's recent statement about the Rome-Tokio pact places the British Premier in a particularly awkward position. The reference to the Clauses of such an understanding that are directed against both England and the United States really makes matters worse because it gives the whole show of Italy's good intentions and good faith away although very few sane persons, with the exception of Mr. Chamberlain and his acolytes, could be found who seriously believed in the Italian bluff, whether or not a special Italo-Japanese understanding improves Japan's present situation or procures practical help to the Asiatic member of the anti-Comintern triangular Pact, the fact remains that the earliest pact on the anti Comintern basis was signed between Germany and Japan in 1935 and that, as we recently pointed out, these Pacts are directed not against the U.S.S.R. alone but primarily against the Anglo-Saxon Powers and France. The plan of concerted action contemplated under the operation of the pacts has not been modified and is not likely to undergo any future modification unless, as Mr. Chamberlain perhaps hopes, the Italian partner were bribed out of the arrangement. The British diplomacy is hoping, too, that it would be possible to divert the drive of Nazi expansionism in the direction of Ukraine. But there is every reason to believe that unless something very important happens in the meantime the old Berlin-Baghdad movement would be replaced by the one of Ukraine-Istunbul-India while Japan also pushes along the line of the triangle.

What Next In Sind?

(By N. R. Malkani)

The no-confidence motion moved in the Sind Assembly was defeated after four day's debate by a majority of 32 against 7—the Congress Party (10), the Mir Group (5), and Sir Ghulam Hussain, the ex-premier remaining neutral. There are 32 Muslim members in the Assembly excluding the Speaker. Sixteen voted against, seven for the motion—the rest remained absent or neutral. The Sind Ministry, with K. B. Allah Bux as the chief, has scored a resounding victory and mainly with Muslim votes A ministry whose life has been hanging by a thread for the last seven months, which has enjoyed but a feeble flicker of office without power, and which has passed through a campaign of political vilification of unprecedented vehemence again heaves a sigh of relief. What was believed to be a bomb loaded with detonating dynamite proved to be a boy's cracker harming no one but the thrower. Now that the dust and heat of conflict is over it is time to take stock of the new situation, for we are all now considering as to what will come next after the defeat of the motion.

Party Conflict

The Sind Assembly has two small but well-defined parties, the Congress a political body, the Hindu Sabha a communal body. The first took no part in the deliberations, the second preferred merely to watch them. Both are fairly strong in their discipline, quite clear about their policies, but too small to form a government on their own account. There is a third party in the Sind Assembly—the Muslim League, with a communal policy, a large organisation and mainly composed of fluid groups—composed of careerists, who are always shooting in the dark, who are the friends of to-day and the foes of to-morrow. The present Premier had once agreed to join the League if all the 33 Muslim members of the Assembly did so. He was a wise man. It is believed that actually only 26 joined at the start, but only four are staunch at present! Of course Sheikh Abdul Majid tops the list. His pinched looks, his tall Enver-Bey cap, his bitter attacks and vehement denunciations betray the tribe and creed he professes. He made the most vigorous and almost the bitterest speech on the motion—and in Urdu for the sake of three indifferent looking Europeans. Nothing was more saddening and depressing than the reply of the Premier in which he unravelled as a knowing expert the long and tortuous labyrinths of intrigue, vilification, coercion ending in threats to kill him I believe the defence was more than plausible and almost true—but no one seemed to come out of it clean and fresh. If there is one man who has resisted the canker of Communalism in Sind firmly and bravely it is the Premier of Sind. In this session he has almost scotched the demon. "I prefer to die than join the League...." Let others help him to bury it soon. It is said that political memories are short. So they are, for already some of us have begun to forget.

Yearning For Stable Ministry

Another thing that became clear during the debate was the general desire for a stable ministry and strong administration in Sind. Nothing was more pathetic than the touching manner in which members of the House referred to Congress ministries and their achievements. The saying goes that if wishes were horses beggars would ride. But the members wished for horses all the same. The Sind Assembly has two tragic figures who mean well for they are idealists—Mr. Jamshed Mehta and Syed Murtaze, the mover of the motion. Mr. Jamshed, the ex-Mayor "would not leap in the dark" by voting for the motion; Syed Murtaze would do nothing but leap in the dark that light may appear. The ex-Mayor is almost always 'for' the Government lest chaos may reign. And the ex-President of the Karachi District Local Board is always 'against' any Government lest heaven may never appear in which he would be the Gabriel of God. And so Mr Jamshed almost sheds tears that we

(Continued on Page 11 Col 4)

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

Britain Holds The Balance

(From Our Own Correspondent)

PRAGUE, (By Mail).

Attention in Europe this week is greatly directed to the visit of the British Premier, Mr. Chamberlain, to Rome. This event is seen in association with several other factors, principally the Italian attitude to France, the Spanish struggle, Germany's foreign political moves and the position relating to South-Eastern Europe

There has continued for a while a good deal of speculation about the British reactions to Italian demands upon France. An apprehension has not been absent in Paris of Mr. Chamberlain bringing to bear an attitude of favour to Italy about the matter. This found an expression also in the French move in indicating that they did not want the intermediation of London over Italian demands.

Concern In France

Responsible quarters in France, where a serious view is taken of Italian stand against France, have been stating in keen and vigorous terms their determination to resist Italian demands Despite this and the declarations in London, asserting the strength of understanding with Paris, a concern is not non-existent, of Italy being led to make rather persistent moves to urge various claims upon France.

This concern is supported by estimates of Mr. Chamberlain tending to favour the path of concessions. Mr. Chamberlain, various quarters hold, is still considerably influenced by the conception of a new Imperialist arrangement, involving concessions to some of the dictatorial States. It would appear, that he is led to see it as an useful means for supporting certain currents which are necessary for sustaining some of Britain's own Imperialist interests.

Apparently, in this connection, he has also reckonings of the dictatorial States being up with new tasks suited to lend a check to their aims, in matters of more vital concern to Britain. This involves an expectation that may be upset by new circumstances setting in and development of new turns. Meanwhile it is interesting to note that Germany has now abandoned the attitude of reserve maintained for a while to the Italian demands upon France. The attitude of Berlin is now shown by statements in organs standing quite close to official quarters as one of marked sympathy to Italy.

The Spanish Situation

Both Italy and Germany have recently been making again very clear their close interest in the success of General Franco. It is apparent that the Italian aim is to improve considerably the hold of Rome over the Mediterranean. The Spanish struggle is looked upon by Rome greatly and closely as a means towards this end. The extent of Italian interests in the Spanish issue is manifested by the fact that already the course of this struggle has cost Italy more in men and money than the Abyssinian campaign.

Italy has in view a far-reaching revision of the Mediterranean status. The German attitude is to lend a good measure of encouragement to Italy in regard to this, Such a policy suited to assure the basis of the Rome-Berlin axis, extend a check on Italy's position in regard to South-Eastern Europe and gain a favourable Italian stand for Germany's Eastern European policy. The European balance at present is held to a more than generally recognized extent by the Spanish position. A turn in regard to this is expected to have very important and extensive repercussions.

Nazi Aim

Germany, while extending a calculated support to Italy is principally concerned in working out plans for extension of holds in Eastern and South-Eastern Europe. These plans relate to Danzig, Memel, the Ukraine. Beyond, they involve moves for increasing of influence in Hungary and Roumania. Some of these, as for instance, the drawing closer of Danzing and Memel, it is considered Germany may achieve with no great difficulty. Others, as for example, the aim linked with Germany of creating an Ukrainian State and the plan of gaining a firm grip over Roumania are suited to meet with much opposition.

In Warsaw there is good deal of anxiety about that Ukrainian question. At the same time, there is the strong possibility of Poland putting up a spirited resistance to meet a danger bound with the Ukrainian issue. In Berlin the tendency may be to underrate Poland's capacity for resistance. In any case, Germany is inclined to look upon the checking of the support from French side to Poland as an important means towards weakening Polish resistance to Germany. This also explains Germany lending support to the Italian stand against France. Indeed it may be that in the period immediately before, German attention is directed to this to an added extent, which suggests the possibility of the issue of Franco-Italian relations assuming a sharp turn.

Assertive Course

It may be that Germany, in connection with estimates bound with the above aims, also turns to extend a pressure on Britain. The internal situation in Germany is one of much rigour, revealing a further tightening tendency in directions, especially in the economic sphere. The greatest of concentration is being given to the strengthening of the military forces. A closer purposive care is directed toward various aims especially in industrial works which are kept at extremely intense working order.

Reckonings of difficulties connected with this, along with an added tightness are suited to give a stimulus to an assertive course in the foreign sphere, even as these developments add to the possibilities of internal reactions. So there looms the possibility of the Mediterranean situation taking a sharp turn before long and important developments in Eastern Europe following the latter. The course of these will be greatly influenced by the policy of Britain.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

VATICAN LOGIC

If we were not afraid that the solemn office of His Holiness did not permit of the practice of humour, we would certainly have expressed our appreciation of the Pope's latest joke about the alleged plea addressed to his 'protege,' Franco, to show clemency to the Spanish refugees. Unless the Vatican contradicts the report, it certainly exposes His Holiness to the world's ridicule in naively imagining that Franco has, after what has happened, been left with any initiative or choice in the crusade of the Holy Church or that he fills any role other than that of Il Duce's puppet. Then, again, does His Holiness really expect him to win back 'our misguided children' in Republican Spain to the Papal fold without bombarding open cities with their civil populations and properly terrorizing them into good obedient children of the Holy Father?

PASSING OF A POET

The sad news of the death of W. B. Yeats ought to be received in this country with the profoundest regret because, apart from the position of eminence he occupied in Anglo-Irish and indeed world literature, he was one of the small group of Irish writers whose knowledge of Indian metaphysics and Sanskrit literature can only be described as unique. He has remained one of the greatest poets of modern times in English literature and it was Yeats mainly whose work, in collaboration with Lady Gregory, has made the Irish literary Renaissance, the theatre and a brilliant tradition in every creative activity in the cultural field possible. In other words, he was one of the creators of modern literary Ireland. His life activities devoted to the cause of literature remained uninterrupted till his death and his latest work proves that his creative powers never suffered from old age.

A MEMORABLE OCCASION

The ceremony of the restoration of forfeited lands to their original owners, which was celebrated during the week-end in Gujarat, will remain indelibly impressed upon the minds not only of those, who actually witnessed it, but also of those who can visualise it through the inward eye. It is extremely significant that Mahatma Gandhi, who nowadays generally keeps himself aloof from all public demonstrations, made it a point to be present on such an occasion at an obscure little place like Varad and to address a few words to those "village Hampdens", who had willingly sacrificed their all for the nation. It was, indeed, a great day in Gandhiji's life, as it is in the life of every Congressman. The restoration of the forfeited lands is not merely a result, but also a justification of, the acceptance of office by the Congress. Justice has at last been done to those unlettered patriots but, as Gandhiji was quick to point out, they must be determined to suffer still more injustices and oppressions. For the end of the fight is not yet and the present spell of seeming peace and security must only be utilised to prepare ourselves for the still greater struggles that lie ahead for making India really her own mistress.

PATRONISE INDIAN PUBLISHERS

A schoolmaster asks why the Congress Government of Bombay, while encouraging Swadeshi in general, do not encourage the use of school text books written by Indians and published by Indian concerns. The schoolmaster is misinformed. In reply to a question in the Legislative Assembly some months ago Government stated that they were ready to encourage the use of text books published by Indian concerns provided they were suitable. And we have reason to believe that Government have urged the Director of Public Instruction to see that, as far as possible, Indian publishers should be patronised and preference should be shown to their text books. In the selection of text books merit is naturally the first consideration. But fortunately, several publishers in this Presidency have recently published first class school text books on various subjects and these are being widely used even outside the Presidency. Consequently, the Education Department, the University, Local School Boards and the headmasters of private schools may confidently pursue the policy recommended by the present Government. Indian publishers, too, should not only maintain a high standard in their books but should also show more enterprise in frequently bringing them to the notice of the educational authorities concerned.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

• Love never stops to figure out the cost.

• • •

Ambition is a balloon which carries no parachute.

• • •

It is the man on the fence who feels the first political breeze.

• • •

When sparking a girl a young man should at least show a spark of sense.

• • •

He talks and she listens during the courtship, but after marriage the plan is reversed.

• • •

When a man starts out to make a night of it the small hours disappear about as rapidly as his small change.

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WITHOUT COMMENT

"We were all therefore, happy when by the initiative of our friend Sgr. Mussolini and thanks to the readiness of Mr. Chamberlain and M. Daladier, which also must be highly esteemed, the principles of an agreement could be found which allowed not only a peaceful solution of a pressing affair but which beyond this could be regarded as an example for the possibility of a general reasonable treatment and settlement of vital problems."

—Herr Hitler.

* * * *

Addressing the Reichstag on the sixth anniversary of the Nazi regime, Hitler declared:

"Had the Reich sunk into Bolshevist chaos six years ago, it would have precipitated the entire western civilisation into a crisis of unimaginable extent, but only an eleventh-hour miracle came to Germany's rescue."

How modest of the man to refer to himself as a "miracle"!

* * * *

"A dream of centuries," boasted the Fuehrer, "has been fulfilled in six years."

And become the nightmare of Europe?

* * * *

The ideal of high education has been surely reached in Japan where a General who is Minister of education and a Vice-Admiral who is Chancellor are dismissing professors with liberal views for "disturbing peace and order."

* * * *

Mr. Chamberlain's speech has been greeted with general approval by Signor Gayda, the 'mouth-piece of Mussolini—thus confirming our worst suspicions.

* * * *

After praising the British Premier for his "sincerity", Signor Gayda says, "Italy has nothing to ask of England except an understanding on certain vital problems which do not affect her."

Such as, for instance, Spain, Tunisia, Jibuti, Egypt, Palestine, Ymen—and, possibly, Gibraltar?

* * * *

Signor Gayda asks:

"When will the egotism of those who have much be reconciled with the needs of those who do not possess enough?"

Rather a nasty dig in the ribs of poor old Chamberlain who is doing his best to satisfy the Axis powers by giving them other people's countries.

* * * *

A British paper reads in Hitler's speech "the promise of better things to come."

Such as, for instance, another Munich?

* * * *

A German paper promises that the Nazis will "fight the War spectre day in and day out."

The spectre they will fight, the reality they will foster?

* * * *

At an informal meeting held at the Bombay Radio station, it was found that "the interests of the A.I.R. and the Radio merchants were identical."

The listeners-in have been suspecting something of that sort.

* * * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS
(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague)

(1) In response to the appeal made by the Pope, General Franco has given an order that no more babies need be bombed.

(2) Mr. Jinnah will lead the next batch of Muslim League satyagrahis in Nagpur.

* * * *

Small Son: 'How do they catch lunatics, Daddy?'

'With face powder, lipstick, and clothes.'

'I suppose this is one of those ghastly futuristic pictures they call Art?'

'No, that's a mirror.'

171 Candidates For 106 Seats

For Corporation Elections On Feb. 7

Congress To Contest 70 Seats

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-ONE (171) NOMINATIONS WERE FILED BY 5-40 P. M. ON TUESDAY, THE CLOSING TIME FOR NOMINATION PAPERS TO BE RECEIVED FOR THE ENSUING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS ON SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 7, IN THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

Scrutiny of the papers will be completed by Thursday. The contest is for 106 seats to the Corporation and 2,66,646 voters are to go to the polls. On Tuesday, nearly 80 nominations were received. The Congress is contesting for 70 seats and the nomination papers have been duly filed.

The following is the list of nominations filed, giving the number of seats to be contested in each Ward, according to the new Classification of Wards, numbering 19, with the number of voters in each Ward:—

WARD NO. 1 (COLABA AND FORT SOUTH) A—I
Six seats—number of voters 7,651.
1 Mr. Deoji Gopalji (Congress)
2 Mr. Donald Duncan Carcary
3 Mr. Hormusji Rustomji Pardiwala (Congress)
4 Mr. Khurshed Framji Nariman, M.L.A. (Congress)
5 Mr. Meyer Nissim
6 Mr. Rafiuddin Fariduddin Munshi
7 Prof. Sorabji R. Daver, M.L.C.
8 Mr. Yeshwant Ganesh Pandit.

WARD NO. 2 (FORT NORTH AND ESPLANADE, A—II)
6 Seats—8150 voters.
1 Mr. Abdul Karim Alli Mahomed Gatarwala.
2 Mr. Behram Nowroji Karanjia, M.L.C.
3 Dr. Dadiba Nowroji Saher.
4 Sir Jehangir Bamanji Baman Behram Kt.
5 Mrs. Lilavati K. Munshi, M.L.A. (Congress). Representing the Swadeshi Market Committee.
6 Mr. Mathuradas Tricamji (Congress).
7 Mr. Sundardas Murrarji (Congress).
8 Dr. Udayvar Bhadya Narayanrao.

WARD NO 3 (MANDVI AND CHAKLA, B—I)
5 Seats—13,439 voters.
1 Mr. Alimahomed Abubaker Begmahomed.
2 Mr. Devji Rattansey (Congress).
3 Mr. Husen Abubakar Begmahomed, M.L.A.
4 Inayatali Hasanali Stationvala.
5 Mr. Narbheram Narshidas Popat (Congress).
6 Dr. Punsi Hirji Meisheri
7 Mr. Salehbhai Abdul Kadar (Congress).
8 Mr. Salebhai Karimji Barodavala.

WARD NO. 4 (UMERKHADI AND DONGRI B—II)
5 Seats—13,782 voters.
1 Dr. Dhirajlal Tribhuvan Anklesaria (Congress).
2 Mr. Gulam Husen Alibhai Single.
3 Dr. Gulam Rasul Ahmedmia Shaikh.
4 Mr. Husenbhai Abdullabhai Lalji, M.L.A.
5 Mr. Ibrahim Jafar.
6 Dr. Jamshedji Nasarwanji Choksi.
7 Mr. Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowji.
8 Mr. Maruti Raghoji Borade (Congress).

WARD NO. 5 (KHARA TALAO AND KUMBHARWADA, C—I)
5 Seats—14,511 voters.
1 Mr. Abdul Latif Curtay.
2 Mr. Bholanath Purshottam Wadke.
3 Mr. Fatehkhan Ahmedkhan Munshi.
4 Mr. Gordhandas Goculdas Morarji (Congress).
5 Mr. Ismail Gulam Husen Surti.
6 Mr. Mahomed Umar Abdul Rasul.
7 Mr. Mahomedally Allabux M.L.A.
8 Mr. Mohanlal Ambalal Parikh (Congress).
9 Ramrao Pandurang Kabadi.
10 Mr. Yusufali J. Meherali (Congress).

WARD NO. 6 (BHULESHWAR AND MARKET, C—II)
7 Seats—16,546 voters.
1 Mr. Abdul Husein Essaji Arsiwala.
2 Mr. Ganapatishankar Naranji Desai (Congress).
3 Mr. Haji Fateh Mahomed Maniar.
4 Dr. Jethalal Vanmalidas Vora (Congress).
5 Mr. Manekial Nathalal Vakharia (Congress).
6 Mr. Manilal Jaimalbhai Seth (Congress)
7 Mr. Manubhai Chandravidyanand Pandve.
8 Mr. Motichand Girdharlal Kapadia (Congress).
9 Mr. Ratilal Tribhuvandas Thakkar (Congress).
10 Mr. Umadatt Surajmal Nemani of Shivnarayan Nemani (Firm) (Congress).

WARD NO. 7 (DHOBI TALAO AND FANASWADI, C—III)
7 Seats—16,546 voters.
1 Mr. Gunvantlal Vraidas Kapadia (Congress).
2 Mr. Jethmal Narandas (Congress).
3 Capt. Joseph Alban D'Souza.
4 Dr. Khurshed J. J. Cursetji.
5 Mr. Manikram Nanabhai Talpade.
6 Mr. Mohanlal Maganlal Desai (Congress).
7 Dr. Motiram Balkrishna Velkar (Congress)
8 Mr. Rajaram Balkrishna Raut (Congress).

WARD NO. 8 (KHETWADI AND TARDEO D—I)
7 Seats—18,976 voters.
1 Dr. Bhalchandra Hari Rajadhyaksha.
2 Mr. Dattatraya Sakharam Babrekar (Congress).
3 Mr. Dayabhai Vallabhbhai

(Continued on Page 9, Col 1).

RAJKOT OBSERVES HARTAL

Sequel To Alleged Beating Of Leaders In Jail

RAJKOT, Jan. 31.

The city observed a hartal today as a protest against the reported beating of the leaders in jail.

It is stated that instructions have been issued to the police to deal firmly with crowds that obstruct traffic or otherwise interfere with normal activities.

Mr. Jamnadas Shah, prominent worker has been arrested to-day by the police who are taking precautionary methods by posting police at important centres of the city.—United Press.

WHEN GANDHIJI WILL RETURN TO BARDOLI

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 31.

A deputation of the Congress workers of Gujerat met Gandhiji at Bardoli recently, when the deputationists earnestly appealed to him to devote some of his time now in Gujerat by shifting his headquarters from Shegoan.

Sardar Patel also joined in the appeal and impressed upon Gandhiji to stay in Gujerat. It is stated that Mahatmaji agreed that Gujerat was now more organised and that he would sympathetically consider their suggestion.

It is stated that Mahatma Gandhi will leave for Shegoan on February 2 and return to Bardoli on February 5 from where he will proceed to Tripuri to attend the Congress

After his return from the Frontier tour which he will be undertaking soon after the Congress session, Mahatma Gandhi will, in all probability, return to Bardoli, it is reported, where he will stay for some time.—United Press.

MAHARASHTRA SATYAGRAHIS FOR HYDERABAD

POONA, Jan. 31.

A batch of eight volunteers led by Doctor Joglekar of Ghopda has left for Hyderabad this evening to offer Satyagraha in connection with the Hindu Civil Liberties movement there.

A War Council consisting of prominent Maharashtra Hindu leaders has been formed to conduct the movement in Hyderabad with Mr. L. B Bhopatkar, Vice-President of the Hindu Maha Sabha at its head and it has been decided that each member of the War Council shall lead batches of Satyagrahis from Maharashtra to Hyderabad.—A. P.

AUNDH STATE SETS EXAMPLE

Jawahar Congratulates Ruler Of State

LUCKNOW, Jan. 31.

The following signed article of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru under the caption 'Aundh' has been issued to the Press:—

With conflict going on in so many States and major crises developing in others, it is a relief and a pleasure to think of those States where the rulers have put themselves in line with their people and the spirit of the times and accepted the demand for Responsible Government. We are told that this has been done in Hindole of Orissa and in the Benares State as well as in some others.

Information is lacking as to the steps actually taken to bring about the change, and perhaps it is a little premature to rejoice. We have seen what has happened in Rajkot, and there will be many such slips and obstructions even after victory seems assured. For strange influences are at work behind the scenes and the unfortunate ruler is often a mere puppet in other's hands.

But in the case of Aundh there is no need to doubt or hesitate for the deed is done. The Raja of Aundh deserved the fullest congratulations not only for the constitution he has inaugurated, but for the graceful manner of doing it. There have been no mental reservations. Having decided on a course of action, he went ahead with confidence and lined himself with his people. I have not got this constitution before me but I understand that it makes Aundh a kind of federation of Village Republics. Aundh is a small State. But it has done a big thing and set an example which, we hope, others will follow.—United Press.

Hon. Mr. Nurie (centre) visited the Have-A-Heart Fete on Monday Evening.

CHAMBERLAIN WELCOMES HITLER'S SPEECH

"But No Negotiations Contemplated Between Two Governments In Near Future"

LONDON, Jan. 31.

The Prime Minister replying to Mr. Arthur Henderson in the House of Commons said that he welcomed the passages in Herr Hitler's speech yesterday regarding his desire for mutual confidence and co-operation between the two people and added, "I should like to take the opportunity to repeat my sentiments which are fully shared by the Government and people of this country. No negotiations are at the present time contemplated between the German and British Governments. I am glad to observe that discussions on various commercial matters have recently taken place between representatives of industries in this country and in Germany."

Asked whether any negotiations were contemplated in the near future between the British and German Governments, Mr. Chamberlain replied in the negative.

ROME-BERLIN AXIS.

When the House of Commons reassembled to-day after Christmas Recess, reporting on his visit to Rome, Mr. Chamberlain said that the conversations were conducted in an atmosphere of complete frankness. It was not expected that either side would accept all the arguments and points of view presented by the other, but although they were unable to report that they were in agreement on all points, they did achieve their purpose, since, when the conversations were over, each side had a clearer insight than before regarding the other's standpoints.

After reiterating that the discussions were exploratory and informal, Mr. Chamberlain added, "Sgr. Mussolini, first and foremost, made it clear that the policy of Italy was one of peace and that he would gladly use his influence in favour of it if, at any time, a necessity arose. Our hosts also made it clear that the Berlin-Rome Axis was an essential point of their foreign policy. We, on our part, made it equally plain that close co-operation between Great Britain and France was a basis of British policy."

ANGLO-ITALIAN AGREEMENT.

Regarding the Mediterranean, Mr. Chamberlain said that Sgr. Mussolini expressed satisfaction with the terms of the Anglo-Italian Agreement and repeated emphatically that it was Italy's intention to stand loyally by her obligations under the agreement. They agreed to proceed forthwith with a mutual discussion of adjustment of boundaries between Italian East Africa on the one hand and Sudan and British adjacent territories on the other as provided for in the Anglo-Italian agreement. As far as Sudan was concerned, the Egyptian Government would naturally participate in the forthcoming negotiations.

FRANCO-ITALIAN BARRIER.

"We have made no concealment of our regret that Italy's relations with France should have recently deteriorated. It was clear to us from subsequent discussions that the great barrier between France and Italy was the Spanish question and until that was over no negotiations between the two countries were likely to be productive. At the same time, Sgr. Mussolini emphasised that when the Spanish conflict was over, Italy would have nothing to ask from Spain and Count Ciano spontaneously reaffirmed the assertion already given to the British Government that Italy had no territorial ambitions as regards any portion of Spanish territory.

SPAIN IN COMMONS

(Continued from Page 1).

has been and will be followed by the British Government. The British Policy is one of strict impartiality. The reason that we refused belligerent rights to General Franco was that this was not a civil war merely, but that the matter was complicated by the intervention of foreign powers on one side or other."

SUCCESS OF 'APPEASEMENT'

Referring to the Opposition distrust of Sgr. Mussolini's and Herr Hitler's words, Mr. Chamberlain said, "surely the worst way to ensure that a man who has given his word will keep it, is to tell him that you do not believe in him and will base your actions on the assumption, that he is not going to keep his word. I am quite certain that Major Attlee is mistaken. Only the other day in Rome we received again fresh repeated assurances from Sgr. Mussolini and Count Ciano that they have nothing to ask of Spain after the war was over. The policy of appeasement is steadily succeeding. The Rome visit has not weakened our relations with France."—

IN DEFENCE OF HITLER

Referring to Herr Hitler's speech Mr. Chamberlain said that he very definitely got the impression that it was not the speech of a man preparing to throw Europe into another crisis. There were many passages in the speech which indicate the necessity of Peace for Germany as well as other countries. Confidence in Europe was not easily or quickly established. He concluded, "before we enter on a final settlement, we shall want to see a sincere evidence and willingness to enter into alliance, if not for disarmament, then for limitation of armaments. When that time comes, if we can find a spirit corresponding to our own elsewhere, I know that this country will be ready to make its contribution to the general appeasement".

POLITICALS RELEASED

From Dum Dum Jail Before Expiry Of Terms

CALCUTTA, Jan. 31.

Seven political prisoners were released to-day from the Dum Dum Central Jail before expiry of their terms of imprisonment.

Among these were four, who had been repatriated from the Andamans in November, 1937. They had periods ranging from eight to thirteen months to complete their full terms of imprisonment.—A.P.

No Extra-Territoriality For Foreigners

JAPANESE OBJECTIVE IN CHINA

But Time Not Yet Ripe For Direct Move, Says Arita

TOKIO, Jan. 31.

Mr. Arita replying to a question in the House of Representatives said that the abolition of extra-territoriality in Foreign Concessions in China is the ultimate objective of Japanese policy, but he did not consider the time was ripe for any move in that direction at present.—Reuter.

IMPERIAL AIRWAYS 'PLANE FIRED UPON

Pilot's Allegation Against Japanese Warship

HONGKONG, Jan. 31.

The Imperial Airways liner "Delia" was "fired upon" west of Waichow Island in the gulf of Tongking, according to a message from the pilot. The machine was apparently undamaged and later arrived and departed again from Hanoi as scheduled.

It is alleged a Japanese warship anchored near Waichow island fired at "Delia."—Reuter.

SEVEN LAKHS JAPANESE KILLED

Chiang-Kai-Shek On China's Endurance Power

CHUNGKING, Jan. 31

Seven hundred thousand Japanese officers and men were killed or wounded in the hostilities so far, said Marshal Chiang-kai-Shek, addressing the Central Committee of the Kuomintang. He said that it was a well-known fact that at the opening of the war, Japan reckoned on using 30 per cent of her armed forces against China, while keeping 70 per cent in reserve against Russia. Actually Japan had had to use twice as many troops against China as she had expected to.

Marshall Chiang dwelt on China's economic strength due to her preponderantly agricultural nature, which after eighteen months of war still supported her finances.—Reuter.

JAPANESE WAR MINISTER'S PLANS

TOKIO, Jan. 30.

The War Minister Mr. Itagaki disclosed in a reply to a questioner that Japanese troops would be stationed extensively in China for some time and preparations had been made therefor including the construction of barracks.

Mr. Itagaki, categorically denied that the Japanese army would be withdrawn from the Central and South China, emphasising that Japanese authorities did not attach a preponderating importance to North China. The Navy Minister Mr. Yonai said that he would maintain a stronger fleet in China waters.—Reuter.

Japanese Press Welcomes Its Tone

TOKIO, Jan. 31.

The speech is given great prominence in the Press which welcomes its tone of firm determination.

The "Asahi Shimbun" emphasises the passage in which Herr Hitler forbade foreign interference and comments "similarly East Asia must be left to Asiatic nations who mean to build a new order."—Reuter.

COTTON TRADE ENABLING BILL

LONDON, Jan. 31.

In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Harold Sutcliffe, Mr. Oliver Stanley said that he was discussing the future procedure in regard to the proposed Cotton Industry Enabling Bill with a Joint Committee of cotton trade organisations and hoped that he would be in a position to make a definite statement on Thursday.

BRITAIN AND EIRE.

Sir Thomas Inskip was given a warm cheer when answering a question regarding the relations between Britain and Eire said "there are no new developments to report."—Reuter.

Compensation Of War Risks

Simon's Statement On Govt. Conclusions In Commons

LONDON, Jan. 31.

Sir John Simon in a statement in the Commons on War Risks said that Government's conclusions regarding the principles which should be applied respecting war risks was that such loss or injury ought not to be treated as merely the concern of those who suffered it directly but must be regarded as falling upon the community as a whole.

Regarding individuals, the Government had had under consideration, arrangements for giving compensation in respect of death or injury caused by air raids or other warlike actions. A scheme was being worked out to cover casualties to civilians and also regarding members of the Mercantile Marine.

Regarding various types of private property, suggestion had been made that the Government might institute an insurance scheme for collecting premiums from owners and undertaking to pay in full for any subsequent damage. This proposal had been exhaustively examined and an insuperable difficulty was that no possible basis for actuarial calculation existed.

The Government therefore could not contemplate a scheme which would permit the community to a vague and indeterminate liability. That did not mean that individual properties would be left to bear the loss unaided but that compensation should be on a higher scale compatible with the circumstances of the country after and not before the conflict. When the extent of the damage to property in private ownership was known, such contribution would be made from Public funds as circumstances made possible, in accordance with a scale which would, at any rate, pay in full upto a certain limit of loss and therefore would be graded.—Reuter.

COLONIES QUESTION MUST BE SOLVED QUICKLY

ROME, Jan. 31.

The 'Popola di Roma' commenting on Herr Hitler's speech writes the French were waiting a reply to the question as to what Herr Hitler will do if—? (meaning if there is war between France and Italy). The reply was so anxiously awaited. It could not be clearer. Italy and Germany demand that Europe should solve it and quickly the question of colonies on a basis of justice and respect for rights, trampled down hitherto.—Reuter.

BHULABHAI DESAI'S SPEECHES

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Wireless And Whales

Great changes have come over the whaling industry since the days of which Herman Melville wrote in "Moby Dick." Whale hunting is still difficult and dangerous, and the men who engage in it have every need to be well and strong, with nerves of steel and muscles like whipcords. But some of the old thrill has gone. Science has come to the whalers' help just as it has come to the help of many other people, and whaling to-day can never be quite so dangerous as it was in the olden days of sailing ships.

Every October a fleet of about thirty-five whaling ships and something like 250 "catcher" ships flying the flags of six nations, sail for the Antarctic to take part in the annual whaling expedition. The killing of whales is now under international control, for it has been realised that, if those wonderful and useful giants of the sea are not to be exterminated, only a small portion of them must be destroyed. For all that, the whaling fleet which now visits the Antarctic once a year may easily account for 30,000 whales, bringing back no less than about 100 or 120 million gallons of whale oil.

For some years the method adopted by the whaling captains has been that of harpooning and killing a whale, planting a flag on the carcase, and then going after other whales if they are still in sight. But the drawback to this method is that sometimes the dead whales are difficult to find, and now and then one of these valuable prizes is lost. Here science is coming to the aid of the whalers, and this year for the first time, the fleet is carrying supplies of small wireless transmitters which will be placed on the dead whales while chase is given elsewhere. The transmitters will continue to send out signals at regular intervals, and by means of direction-finders it will be possible to locate the whales without loss of time.

Hitler Reaffirms Armed Solidarity With Italy

Open Attack On Eden And Duff Cooper: Savage Threat Held Out To Jews: Warning To Americans

BERLIN, Jan. 30.

Speaking on Monday at the Reichstag and referring to the German mobilisation at the time of the Czechoslovak crisis Herr Hitler said. "We did not threaten anyone, we only defended ourselves against an attempt by a third party to interfere. I need not assure you that in future too we shall not tolerate any attempt by Western powers to interfere in affairs which solely concern us for the purpose of preventing natural and reasonable solutions.

We were all therefore, happy when by the initiative of our friend Sgr. Mussolini and thanks to the readiness of Mr. Chamberlain and M. Daladier, which also must be highly esteemed, the principles of an agreement could be found which allowed not only a peaceful solution of a pressing affair but which beyond this could be regarded as an example for the possibility of a general reasonable treatment and settlement of vital problems.

Such a unity in great powers would never have been achieved without their determination to solve this problem one way or another It was on this occasion unnecessary to draw the sword for the achievement of national unification but only for self-protection in the face of external threats. Young forces of the Reich stood their first test gloriously"

Herr Hitler proceeded to emphasise that it was self-discipline and order at home and united nation in an endeavour that made for greatness.

Germany's Economic Position

Referring to Germany's economic position and predictions abroad that Germany would break under the strain of a credit crisis Herr Hitler said: "One thing about which the German people and we especially are quite clear is that Germany is undoubtedly always in an especially difficult economic situation. It is quite true that we have to struggle but we will win this struggle I tell you that we have already won it".

Herr Hitler denied the "democratic allegations" that Germany had designs in Holland and added that the idea that we would attack the United States or South America or the Netherlands because they had another form of Government was absolutely untrue. "We are not interested in exporting National Socialism."

COLONIAL CLAIMS.

Herr Hitler proceeded: After the war Germany was forced to pay immense tributes and reparations and was at the same time deprived of the colonies. To take away Germany's colonial possessions was non-sense from the economic point of view. Before the War Democrats were told that the British trade would immensely be strengthened by the dissolution of Germany but Britain and the British people did not become richer. Now Germany is stronger than before. We do not want the colonies to establish armies there. We are satisfied with our own plentiful population but we want them for Germany's economic relief We do not ask the other countries to adopt our trade measures. We want to buy food and raw material and sell our goods which are as good as the other peoples.

We smile at the tenets of political economists that the value of currency is based on gold reserves. We hold that the value of the German mark must be based on the power of the working people, the quantity and quality of production.

The first way to relieve Germany's difficulties—the extension of her living space—has not been vouchsafed her so that she must increase her exports. It would have been economically more sensible to give Germany back her colonies. It was more important to give work to seven million unemployed than to raise wages. We must export goods to enable us to buy food. The German people must export goods or die. "but I assure you that the German people will live and their leaders are willing to do everything in their power"

Germany had no hatred for France or Britain but wanted to live in peace with them. If Italy is involved in a war, it is absolutely certain that Germany will be on the side of Italy. The Fascist Italy and the National Socialist Germany will secure the European civilisation."

Attack On "Warmongers"

"Only warmongers think that there will be a war. I think that there will be a long period of peace. Germany has no territorial claims on Britain or France except the colonial claims. If it is said that the colonies are of no value, it will cause no heartburning to give them back to Germany. The objection that Germany is incapable of managing them is laughable. All objections show that it is a question of power and it has nothing to do with fairness and reasonableness.

Without an adequate space and certain necessary raw materials the economic existence of our people cannot be maintained.

Through German newspapers we answer all warmongers and tell the German people their names such as Mr. Duff Cooper and Mr Eden.

Germany had about 135 people to a square kilometre. She has no room for Jews. There is more room in other countries but they say that they cannot take them. If International Financial Jewry ever starts another war it will end not in the destruction of Germany but in the annihilation of the Jewish race throughout Europe.

Referring to Church Herr Hitler said that if the Church was dissatisfied Germany was ready at any time to separate the Church from the State as they had separated in France and America.

As regards disarmament Herr Hitler said that it would have been more prudent from the economic standpoint to have come to an agreement with Germany politically, also as regards the colonies, than take a course which gave enormous profits to armament manufacturers but laid the heaviest burdens on the people. "Foreign statesmen threaten us with economic counter-measures. I can assure that in such a case desperate economic war will begin which will be easier for us than the other over saturated nations.

Hitler proceeded that Germany was helping Nationalist Spain to avert the possibility of a Bolshevist Spain. They would prosecute all enemies of the State. Germany tried to unite the Protestant Churches but it was not possible owing to resistance from a few bishops and therefore it was abandoned.

RELATIONS WITH NORTH AMERICA

Our relations with North America are disturbed by a lying propaganda. We forbid the Americans to interfere in our affairs. We are friends of Poland, Hungary and Yugoslavia and have good trade relations with the Balkans. We hope for the consolidation of Czechoslovakia and hope that this country will not again adopt the dangerous attitude of ex-President Benes.

Herr Hitler spoke for two hours and a quarter after which Field Marshal Goering thanked him for all that he had done in the past six years and concluded with the cry of "Sieghell". The Deputies then sang the "Deutschland Uber Alles Horst Wessel" song.

It was announced that a short version of the speech will be broadcast in English, French and Italian.—Reuter.

REACTION TO HITLER'S SPEECH

LONDON: Jan. 31.

Commenting on Herr Hitler's speech British circles, says Reuters' Diplomatic Correspondent, welcome Herr Hitler's recognition of the economic problems which it is pointed out can be solved only by negotiation. It is stated that no Government more than the British will welcome the expansion of the world trade.

The economic difficulties of which Herr Hitler speaks are in some sense common to all countries but it is recognised here that Germany alone can judge her own economic policy

Like the other countries Germany must clearly take stock of her position and the direction in which she is going in order to ascertain if her policy—suitable at a particular moment—should not require to be revised in the light of the changing circumstances.

It is clear British circles state that there can be no recovery of world conditions unless world confidence is restored. In regard to Herr Hitler's reference to rumours rife in Europe, it is recognised here that the persistence of such rumours can only have a bad effect, but at the same time they had one good result inasmuch as they have brought the people to face certain fundamental problems, have clarified national views, made the peoples take stock of their own position and in many cases brought out their national solidarity

It is added that if Herr Hitler has emphasised the solidarity of the Berlin-Rome axis, the recent events have shown an equal solidarity of the Anglo French entente and their determination to face their problems with a will to conquer them.

British Press Reaction

Cautious relief is the keynote of Press comments on Herr Hitler's speech. The "Times" says that Herr Hitler belied the more nervous prophets. Peace must work deeds not word but the words heard last night contain no such invocation to war as some of them predicted

The "Daily Telegraph" says that it is perhaps not too over-optimistic to read into the speech the promise of better things to come

The "News Chronicle" says that after six years of Nazi rule we have learned that the written word of Herr Hitler in "Mein Kampf" counts far more than his spoken word and his actions far more than either. The real test of his sincerity will come in the next few weeks when we shall see to what extent he is prepared to back Italian ambitions and advance new claims of his own.

The "Daily Express" states that the speech shows that Herr Hitler is not bent on any adventures or expeditions at the moment.

The "Daily Herald" says that the speech on the face of it is not a threat of impending wars but an announcement of peaceful intention towards all the world, but the world which has learned caution from its unhappy experience cannot forget that there have been peaceful speeches from the Fuehrer before and his subsequent actions hardly square with the professions.

The "Daily Mail" attaches great weight to Herr Hitler's declaration of opinion that there will be a long period of peace and says the speech has created no new situation and those who anticipated a crisis will be relieved but others like Mr. Chamberlain who looked for some gesture will be disappointed. The paper expresses the opinion that Herr Hitler's reference to the Munich Pact means that he has no intention of deserting methods of consultation which he is pledged to apply in Anglo-German questions.

The "Manchester Guardian" says that the real question is whether Germany is more likely to gain or lose by backing Italy's demands. The Nazi leaders must be well aware that there are limits to concessions which can be expected from the Democratic powers by threats and that to support Italy's claims in this respect may lead to war

A war on behalf of Italy will be neither popular with the German people nor likely to benefit Germany.

Paris Reaction

PARIS, Jan. 31.

Competent quarters regard the tone of Herr Hitler's speech as moderate and that it is not considered to change the international situation to any appreciable extent but in Left circles the speech is regarded as holding grave possibilities

It is pointed out that it is the first speech in which the German-Italian alliance has been definitely affirmed.

Reaction In Italy

ROME, Jan. 31.

It is officially stated that Herr Hitler's speech has created the best impression, both on Government circles and on the Italian people, confirming the unshakable nature of the ties between Italy and Germany.—Reuter.

Rome Reaction

ROME, Jan. 31.

Herr Hitler's categorical assurances to support Italy in the event of war are received with great approval here and it is thought that this should dissipate any illusions that may exist in other countries about the military solidarity of the axis if Italy became involved in hostilities.

Referring to Italy as a nation with a right to advantages owing to her strength. Her Hitler is taken here to have given his full support to Italian aspirations.

Washington Reaction

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.

Observers here are impressed by Herr Hitler's admission of economic malaise in Germany and the apparent consciousness of the need to justify himself

The demand for more territory is believed to be twisted one as long as Herr Hitler continues to spend millions on guns which could be spent on butter. First feelings do not differ from the pessimistic estimates of the situation made recently.

Herr Hitler's viewpoint regarding the United States is considered as most ill-informed. To dismiss American anti-fascism as the work of Jews and film interests it is considered amounts to self-hypnosis.—Reuter.

CABLE ITEMS

When "Repulse" sails for Canada with the King and Queen she will carry a full complement of armament according to an admiralty announcement.—Reuter.

HAIHAYA EMPIRE IN GUJARAT

Minister Munshi's Tribute To Arjuna Kartavirya

The greatness of the Haihaya Empire in Gujarat as recorded in the Puranic tradition was sketched by the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, in the course of the second of the series of the Thakkur Vassanji Madhavji Lectures, delivered in the University Convocation Hall this evening. He said that Arjuna Kartavirya who rose from among the Haihayas proved to be a mighty conqueror who established himself as a "Chakravartin" or the first Indian Emperor.

In his first lecture delivered last week, Mr. Munshi had established the historicity of the Dasharajna on the evidence supplied by Rigveda. To-day, he said, "The earliest tradition about the Aryans in Gujarat is very much older than the Dasarajna, and is associated with the Manavas and the Bhrigus. The evidence is wholly drawn from the common traditions preserved in the Puranas, the Rigveda being entirely silent."

FIRST INDIAN EMPEROR

The lecturer then brought together references scattered in the Vedic literature and the Purana concerning the various Aryan tribes such as Manavas, Saryatas, Bhrigus, the Haihaya confederacy and its conquests, and analysed this mass of evidence to find out the historical element contained therein in a most interesting way.

"Then among the Haihayas arose", concluded Mr. Munshi, 'Arjuna Kartavirya, a mighty conqueror, a samraj and a chakravartin, the first Indian Emperor. As we read the Puranic traditions we see before us a mighty conqueror, headstrong and restless, devastating both in wrath and conquest, rise before us. He propitiated Dattatreya and started on an extensive conquest which raised the Haihaya power to the highest. He invaded the territories near the mouth of the Narmada which were then occupied by the Nagas, a civilised race which had maritime connections even with Babylon. Once Purukutsa the Puru king of the Inner Band had come to their assistance, but now Arjuna destroyed them hip and thigh killing their King Karkotak. And on the ruins of the Naga settlement on the banks of Narmada arose the first great Aryan city of the Western India, Mahishmati."

CALCUTTA.— shrdl hmscm shv

The Calcutta University has appointed a Committee consisting of Dr. Meghnad Saha, Dr. J. P Neogy, Prof. Jhanendra Nath Mukherjee, Prof. Phanindra Bose. Dr. M. N. Goswami and Dr. Khudartikhuda to go into the questionnaire sent to the University by the National Planning Committee at Bombay. The committee is requested to submit its report by Feb. 20.

(Continued from Col. 7).

without a feeling of mingled rage and chagrin, what to expect before he read: "Well, inspector, score once more for "The Flash". You almost had me that time. It was the real Evans who called at your office. I came up here in search of my pliers, found Evans gone, but failed to find the pliers. I disguised myself to look like the man I robbed, called you on the 'phone and asked you over, hoping you might have located the pliers ——the pliers that I lost and which you so thoughtfully handed me on your arrival here a moment ago. Thanks, inspector, and better luck next time. (Signed.) "The Flash."

Warren crumpled the note and swore. 'Sometime, Mr. Flash, sometime we're going to get you. And that sometime isn't very far away. When it comes, you'll be ours for keeps."

(COPYRIGHT.)

A SHORT STORY

Safe Robbery

BY JAMES FREEMAN

Inspector Joe Warren eyed the man who sat across the desk from him. The man, thick-set and heavy-jowled, was a stranger.

"And why", Warren was saying, 'do you think the man who entered your house last night and robbed your safe, was 'The Flash'?"

"Who else could do such a clean job? My safe is guaranteed burglar proof."

Warren smiled. "No safe in the world is burglar proof, Mr Evans. You must have more of a reason than that. Did any one—a stranger by chance—visit your home within the past few days?"

"Now that you speak of it, a man who claimed to be a radio mechanic, called yesterday afternoon. He declared we sent for him."

"And did you?"

"No. But the mechanic insisted someone at the house had called. Before I could stop him he had entered the room where the radio is located."

"And where your wall safe is located?' Warren hazarded.

"True. But this man could be nothing more than a mechanic. He was dirty, impudent and positively stupid-looking."

'That," said Warren, "would be 'The Flash.' Mr Flash's disguise is always perfect. He has fooled the police time and again. He. . . ."

The telephone buzzed and Warren picked up the receiver.

"I'd like to speak to Inspector Warren," came the voice at the other end.

"This is Warren. Who's talking?"

"My name's Evans My house was robbed last night. I wish you'd come up here. It looks to me as if 'The Flash' might have had a hand in it'

Warren thought quickly. Without changing his expression he replied: "Yes. Yes. I'll be right up."

He clicked up the receiver and looked at his visitor. "Mr. Evans, did you by any chance discover any clues about the safe that might help us in apprehending the thief?"

The man dug in his pocket. "Only these pliers Apparently the safe breaker dropped them in his haste."

Warren took the pliers and examined them. At the same time he pressed a button on his desk. An outer door opened and a uniformed policeman stepped inside. Warren nodded toward the visitor.

"Clancy, get out your gun and hold it on this gentleman. At last we've caught 'The Flash.' Clamp some bracelets on him and shove him in the pen; double guard."

The man's eyes opened in amazement. "Look here! What's the meaning of this? I come here as a respectable citizen . . . why, I'll have you in court for this. You . . . you . . . ."

"Listen, Mr. Flash," Warren grinned. "We've been on your track for a long time. Too many times you've come here to this office disguised as a respectable citizen, only to give us a bum steer, and then enjoy a good laugh later. This time we've got the goods on you." He indicated the 'phone. "The man who just called was the real Mr. Evans. He says his house was robbed and wants me to come up there at once."

The man struggled to release himself. "You idiot!" he roared "I can prove who I am. I . . ."

But Warren was already on his way out. "I'll be back," he called, "and listen to your story after I've talked with Mr. Evans."

He slammed the door and hurried through the outer office. A police car waited below. Warren gave the address of the Evans home. Ten minutes later the car halted before a fashionable apartment house on Riverside drive.

Warren took the elevator to the second floor and stepped out to be confronted by a middle-aged and greatly agitated man, who, for all the world, might have been the same person that the inspector had just left in the custody of Clancy.

"It's O. K., Mr. Evans," Warren smiled. "We've got your man back at the office. It was 'The Flash' all right. His disguise was perfect. Dead ringer for yourself. Don't know why, but he came up to consult me."

Mr. Evans' eyes opened wide. "Why, you don't say! And did you get the money—the dol. 20,000."

"No. Not yet. But we will. 'The Flash' will talk after we've worked on him awhile. And how we'll work! We've got a score to settle with that bird." He looked toward the open door of an apartment. 'I'd like to look around a bit, if you don't mind. May be able to pick up some bits of evidence. That your place there?"

"Indeed you may, Mr. Warren. Yes, that is my apartment. Did you——have you by any chance located any clues thus far?"

"Only this." Warren produced the pliers. He stepped into the apartment, saw an opened safe in a room beyond and entered. It was a good job of safe-breaking, characteristic of 'The Flash'. Not a finger-print or clue of any description in evidence. As clean a job as you'd want to see.

Warren finished a hasty, but thorough examination. "Get your hat, Mr. Evans," he called. 'May need you back at the office."

Warren strolled into the outer room and looked about. No sign of Evans was in evidence. The room was empty

Conscious of a growing fear the inspector jerked open one door after another, only to find each room bare. Mr. Evans had completely disappeared. Then Warren's eye glimpsed a paper pinned to the outer door jamb

The policeman knew, and not

(Continued in Col. 5).

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Keep Your
HAIR HEALTHY

MUTT AND JEFF—As a Matter of Fact They Did Pretty Good to Get That Close — By BUD FISHER

No Injustice To Congress Nominees

B. P. C. C.'s Instruction To Civic Electorate Re: Distribution Of Votes

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following statement in regard to the ensuing Municipal elections:—

The Congress Municipal Election Committee appointed by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to conduct the propaganda in connection with the ensuing Municipal elections has been doing every effort during the last two months to secure for the Congress candidates the maximum possible support. On Tuesday next, about a quarter of a million of newly enfranchised voters will go to the poll to record their votes. For the first time in the Municipal history of this City there will be such a large poll as this. We have no doubt that a very large percentage of voters will exercise their vote.

70 FOR 106 GENERAL SEATS

Although the Congress propaganda has been fairly extensive there are one or two important points to which the attention of Congress-minded voters must be drawn. For 106 General seats the Congress has put up 70 candidates. Except in the cases of two Constituencies, namely, Bhuleshwar Market Division (C-II) and Chinchpokli-Love Grove Division (G-I), the Congress has not run a full ticket. In all the other 17 Constituencies Congress has put less candidates than the seats allotted to these respective Constituenes. This makes the question of distribution of votes a little difficult. It is very easy to distribute the votes equally among Congress candidates in Constituencies where the total number of votes is divible by the number of Congress candidates for that Constituency. For instance in Constituencies like Colaba and Fort Southern (A-I), Port-Northern-Esplanade (A-II), Girgaum-Chowpatty (D-II), and Nagpada-Kamatipura (E-II), every voter has six votes while the number of Congress candidates is three in each one of these Constituencies. It will be the duty of every Congress voter in these Constituencies to distribute their votes equally between the three Congress candidates, namely, two votes for each candidates. But in all other Constituencies where equal distribution is impossible Congress has issued instructions to voters as regards the distribution of votes. The voters in these Constituencies are requested to follow the Congress instructions scrupulously so that there may be no injustice done to any of the Congress nominees.

VOTERS WARNED

Complaints have been made to our office that certain non-Congress candidates have been seeking votes of Congress voters by promising them that they would join the Congress Party after they are elected to the Corporation. We warn the voters against propaganda of this nature. The duty of the voters is very plain. The Congress candidates are only those whom the Congress has nominated to contest the elections on the official ticket. Those who are not with us in this election are against us, and we must take care to see that not one vote of any Congress-minded voter should go to a non-Congress candidates. In fixing the number of candidates for various Constituencies, Congress has properly measured its voting strength in these Constituencies and we are confident that if the voters act up to the instructions issued by the Congress, we can win our full ticket.

CANDIDATES FOR CORPORATION ELECTIONS

(Continued from Page 7)

Patel (Congress).
4 Erachsha Rustami Hirjibehedin.
5 Mr. Gangaram Jaisingrao Mane.
6 Mr. Haji Alimahomed Jalaluddin.
7 Dr. Homi Framji Lawrl.
8 Mr. Mohomed Ibrahim Mahomed Ismail.
9 Mr. Minochher Rustamji Masani (Congress).
10 Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hasan M.L.A.
11 Mr. Nanubhai Vasanji Desai (Congress).
12 Mr. Ramchandra Sakharam Vagh (Congress).

WARD NO. 9 (GIRGAUM AND CHAWPATTY, D—II)
6 Seats—15,036 voters.
1 Mr. Jamnadas Madhavji Mehta, M.L.A.
2 Mr. Krishnarao Harischandra Goregaonkar.
3 Mr. Madhavrao Vishnu Godbole (Congress).
4 Mr. Nagindas Tribhuvandas Master, M.L.A. (Congress).
5 Mr. Parashuram Detaram Shamdasani.
6 Mr. Sadashiv Kanoji Patil M.L.A. (Congress).
7 Mr. Vasant Shrikrishna Venkar.

WARD NO. 10 (WALKESHWAR AND MAHALUXMI, D—III)
6 Seats—12,478 voters.
1 Mr. Ardeshir Pestonji Sabavala.
2 Mr. Govindlal Shivlal Motilal (Congress).
3 Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas (Congress).
4 Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Bhaichandra Sukhtankar (Congress).
5 Mr. Mangeshrao Anandrao Dabholkar.
6 Mr. Naushir Cursetji Bharucha.
7 Dr. Rasiklal Ramkrishna Thakkar.
8 Mr. Shivaji Damodar Dongre.
9 Mr. Vasantram Jamietram Vakil (Congress).

WARD NO. 11 (MAZAGON AND TARWADI, E—I)
6 Seats; 14,590 Voters.
1. Mr. Keshav Lakshman Borkar (Congress).
2 Mr. Mahomed Musa Killedar, M.L.A.
3 Mr. Mahomedali Ismail Shivji
4 Dr. Mafaldo Ubaldo Mascarenhas.
5 Mr. Parsharam Krishnarao Sawant (Congress).
6 Mr Punjabhai Thakersey (Congress).
7 Mr. Shivdas Champsey Thakkar (Congress).
8 Mr. Sitaram Chintaman Joshi, M.L.C.

WARD NO. 12 (NAGPADA AND KAMATHIPURA, E—II)
6 Seats; 15,636 Voters.
1 Mr. Ellappa Lingaya Bijia (Congress).
2. Mr. Fateh Mahomed Haji Ramzan.
3 Mr. Haji Hasham Ibrahim Mundya.
4 Mr. Mahomed Ali S. Maniar.
5 Mr. Najmuddin Mahomedalli Kazi.
6 Dr. Purshottamrai G. Solanki, M.L.C.
7 Mr. Ramchandrarao Arjunrao Gole (Congress).
8 Mr. Revji Dagduji Dolas.
9. Mr. Sayaji Laxman Silam (Congress).
10 Mr. Vishwanath Rajanna Tulla.

WARD NO. 13 (BYCULLA, E—III)
7 Seats; 16,955 Voters.
1 Mr. Ali Banaqur Khan, M.L.A.
2 Dr. Joseph Altino Collaco, M.L.A.
3 Mr. Lostmahomed Gulamhusein Khanaj.
4 Mr. Ganpat Mahadeo Jadhav.
5 Mr. Ganpatrao Narayan Dighe.
6 Mrs. Khadija Shafi Tayabji.
7 Mr. Manomed Shanid Nazimbux.
8 Mr. Mahomed Sidik Bakshi
9 Mr. Manomed Umar Rajab.
10. Mr. Patil Narayan Kajle (Congress).
11 Mr. Rajaram Kashinath Achrekar (Congress).
12 Mr. Shaw, Devid.
13 Mr. Vinayakrao Atmaram Karapurkar (Congress).
14 Mr. Vithaldas Damodar Govindji (Congress).

WARD NO. 14 (PAREL, F—I)
5 Seats; 14,692 Voters.
1 Mr Bhagvantrao Gangadhar Pareikar.
2 Mr. Cooverji Jethabhai Shah (Congress).
3 Dr. Dattaram Gopal Tendulkar (Congress).
4 Dr. I. Fonseca.
5 Dr. Ramchandra Kashinath Shirodkar (Congress).
6 Mr. Shantaram Saviaram Mirajkar.
7 Mr. Sitaram Bhauram Keny.
8 Mr. Sorab Phirozshah Mehta.
9 Mr. Vasudeo Balkrishnarao Korgaonkar (Congress).

WARD NO. 15 (SEWRI AND NAIGAUM, F—II)
5 Seats; 13,257 Voters.
1 Mr. Dattaram Maruti Sawant
2 Mr. Girdhar Bhiwaji Nare (Congress).
3 Mr. Keshav Ganesh Tambe.
4 Mr. Keshavrao Nilkanth Joglekar.
5 Mr. Mahomed Umar Ibrahim Patel.
6 Mrs. Maniben Mulji (Con.)
7 Mr. Moreshwar Vasudeo Donde.
8 Mr. Sakharam Babaji Mahadeshwar (Congress).
9 Mr. Vithal Balkrishna Gandhi (Congress).

WARD NO 16 (MATUNGA AND SION, F—III)
4 Seats; 10,220 Voters.
1 Mr. B. G. Horniman.
2 Mr. B. N. Maheshwari (Con.)
3 Mr. Gajanan Trimbak Patankar (Congress).
4 Mr. Javantishwar Venkita Rama Iyer.
5 Mr. K. A. Subramaniam (Congress).
6 Mr. Mancherji Edulji Joshi.
7 Dr. Minocher Shiavuxsha Batlivala.
8 Mr. Ramchandra Kashinath Tatnis.
9 Mr. Sakharam Govindji Keni.

WARD NO. 17 (DADAR AND MAHIM, G—I)
4 Seats; 12,840 Voters.
1 Mr. Chimanlal Manchubhai (Congress).
2 Mr. F.X. D'Souza.
3 Dr. Moreshwar Chintaman Javle.
4 Mr. Rajaram Keshav Vaidya.
5 Mr. Suleman Mia Ahmed Darvesh
6 Dr. Trimbak Ramchandra Naravane (Congress).
7 Mr. Vishwasrao Mahadeo Nagwekar (Congress).

WARD NO 18 (PARBHADEVI & WORLI, G—II)
5 Seats; 16,544 Voters.
1 Mr. Abdul Khalik Ibrahim Fitwalla.
2 Mr. Dattatraya Vithal Pradhan.
3 Mr. Ishwarbhai Somabhai Patel (Congress).
4 Mr. Kashi Prashad Singh (Congress).
5 Mr. Nagesh Mahadeo Kale.
6 Mr. Narsingrao Trimbakrao Saraf Kulkarni.
7 Mr. Raghunath Shivram Nimbkar.
8 Mr. Shiavax C. Cambata.
9 Mr. Vasudeo Balu Worlikar (Congress).

WARD NO 19 (CHINCHPOKLI & LOVE GROVE, G—III)
4 Seats; 10,968 Voters.
1 Mr. Anant Rao Gopal Dalvi
2 Mr. Ashok Ranjitram Mehta (Congress).
3 Mr. Balkrishna Januji Devrukhkar.
4 Mr. Dinsha Kawasji Daruwalla.
5 Mr. Khimji Madan Bhujpuria of Khimji Madan and Co. (Congress).
6 Mr. Madhukar Raghunath Kalewar (Congress).
7 Mr. Narayan Sadoba Kajrolkar (Congress).
8 Mr. Ramdeo Singh Raghuvirsingh Thakur.

COUNCIL OF STATE

Motor Vehicles Bill Passed

NEW DELHI, Jan. 30.

The Council of State passed the Bill to amend the Indian Cotton Cess Act, as passed by the Legislative Assembly.

The House accepted an official amendment, increasing the number of members of the Indian Central Cotton Committee from ten to eleven, the extra seat being allotted to Bombay cotton growing industry.

The Council also passed two other Bills, as passed by the Legislative Assembly, namely, the Bill further to amend the Ajmer-Merwara Municipalities Regulation and the Bill further to amend the Destructive Insects Pests Act.

The Council, thereafter, resumed debate on the second reading of the Motor Vehicles Bill.

Before it rose for lunch, the Council had disposed of clauses upto 114 with 13 official and three non-official amendments.

Resuming after lunch, the Council passed rapidly the remaining clauses and schedules of the Bill.

The President adjourned the Council to Monday February 13.—A. P.

NO BAN ON HARIJANS

Bombay Govt.'s Action On Places Of Public Entertainment

BOMBAY Tuesday.

The rule framed by the Government of Bombay to the effect that no person keeping a place of public entertainment under a licence shall refuse admission to Harijans or any member of the scheduled castes has yielded encouraging results as the rule is being complied with in the majority of cases. In this connection enquiries made show that there are in all 3,586 licensed Hindu hotels in the Province. The number of licences surrendered to avoid compliance with the new rule about admitting Harijans were 269, no less than 67 of them coming from Bombay Suburban District alone. The numoer of licenses cancelled for non-compliance with the new rule were 29, 11 of them being from Surat alone. None surrendered their licenses either in Bombay, Ahmedabad or Poona. The number of hotels in these three places alone is above 2,000 14 of those who either surrendered their licenses or whose licenses were cancelled applied again for grant of licenses under the same rule. Thus it will be seen that the new rule is being complied with, and Harijans are getting admittance to licensed Hindu hotels.

Temples And Harijans

Last year, the Bombay Legislature passed the Bombay Harijan Temple Worship (Removal of Disabilities) Act which enabled the Trustees of Hindu temples in the Province to decide in favour of allowing Harijans to enter into temples. Enquiries show that as a result of this legislation, more than 33 temples have been thrown open to Harijans in 14 districts of the Province.

MINIMUM WAGE FOR LOW PAID GOVT. SERVANTS.

The Government of Bombay have at present under consideration the question of fixing a minimum wage for all inferior and low-paid Government servants in Bombay City, as they regard this question as urgent. They propose to take up for consideration the question of fixing a suitable minimum wage for similar Government servants in the mofussil as soon as the financial position permits.

Basic Education In Bombay

The Government of Bombay have decided to introduce Basic Education in three compact areas in the Province of Bombay and for organising the work, they have appointed a Special Officer. With a view to train teachers for the Basic Schools to be started in June 1939, it is proposed to start training centres at Ahmedabad, Poona and Dharwar. The Gujarat Vidyapith, Ahmedabad, has undertaken to train teachers for Gujarat with the help of some Government teachers and the Training Class has been opened on the 3rd of January 1939 28 teachers including 2 women teachere on behalf of the District Local Board, Surat, have been admitted to this class. Government have also authorised the Director of Public Instruction to depute 18 persons to the Training Class at Wardha and these persons on their return will work on the Training Centres proposed to be started.

Suitable compact areas have been selected and arrangements are being made to start basic education in Standards I and II only in the primary schools. In order that the experiment may be given a fair trial, schools of all types are being taken in the compact areas: there are full first grade schools, second grade schools, one-teacher schools, Urdu schools, Girls' schools and so on. The working of the schools will be watched by a specially trained supervisor in each compact area and the work will be properly co-ordinated and organised by the staff of the Training Centres. Attempts will be made to evolve a suitable syllabus, suitable methods of teaching, etc., during the period of experimentation.

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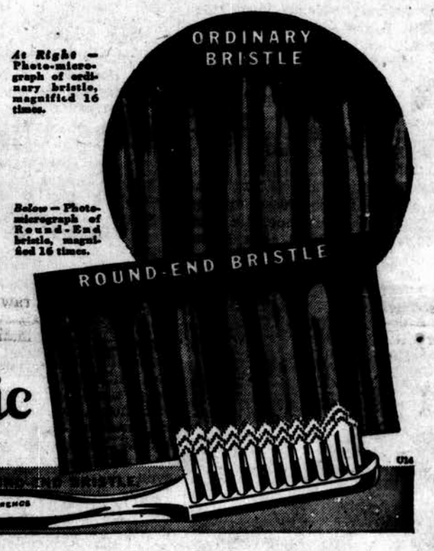

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Mainly About Motion Pictures

"Studio Spy" Reports

Plans And Productions

Ezra Mir To Produce Operatic Film?

Met Director-Producer Ezra Mir last week at Film City where he is busy completing his gypsy picture, "Sitara". He was evidently over-worked with many worries hanging over him but he also looked happy. For, after several years of migration from studio to studio he has started his own production company, free to cast and produce his picture as he likes. In a modest way, he feels confident of the success of "Sitara" which is scheduled for release in March.

Also met Rafiq Ghaznavi, the young composer, who is looking after the music of "Sitara." He reeled off a number of the song sequences in the Film City projection hall and some of them were undoubtedly delightful The cast is particularly strong on the musical side, including Ratan Bai (who is getting a good break after years), Ashiq Husain and Rafiq Ghaznavi himself is singing one or two songs.

Ran into Mubarak whom I did not recognize at first in his make-up as an old gypsy—baggy trousers, grey hair and all.

On the set, Nazir (of "Zamana"), funny Mirza Musharrat, Khurshid and a lot of wild-looking gypsy folk were gathered in a studio made camp. It all reminded me of "Zarina", the gypsy picture that made the name of Ezra Mir as a Director. I hope he will be equally lucky with "Sitara."

I learn that after "Sitara" the next picture to be taken up by Ezra Mir will be an operatic film, the first of its kind in India.

MADHURI and ISHWARLAL in "Thokar" (The Kick), Ranjit's forthcoming release which is being directed by Mr. Kardar.

Rafiq Ghaznavi, I understand, is writing the scenario.

Sadhona Bose In Sagar

The Sagar Studios have officially announced that they will be producing a picture in Bengali and Hindi with Madhu Bose and Sadhona Bose, thus confirming my "I Hear" item of last week. The picture will be directed by Madhu Bose and will be based on a story by the well-known Bengali author, Mr. Manmath Ray.

"Father Of Indian Film Industry"

I was privileged to meet last week Dadasaheb Phalke, the "father of Indian film industry" who produced the first Indian film 25 years ago. For his age (which, I believe, is in the neighbourhood of seventy) he looks remarkably active and still takes interest in movie matters.

On the occasion of the forthcoming Silver Jubilee celebrations and the Indian Film Congress, I understand, there is a move to present a purse to Mr. Phalke The commendable idea, I am glad to hear, is receiving the support of many influential producers.

I Hear—

That Mazhar Khan will also be appearing in Sudhama Pictures' maiden film along with Sabita Devi and Motilal,

That the next production of Huns Pictures' is entitled "The Brandy Bottle" and has been written by Principal Atre,

That P. Jairaj who is starred in Bombay Talkies "Bhabi" has now joined Prakash Pictures and will be later joining Saraswati,

That the well-known local photographer Mr. A. J. Patel may be shortly leaving for Hollywood to help Twentieth-Century-Fox in connection with "The Rains

This Week's Pictures On Parade

BAZIGAR—Ranjit's allegorical drama featuring Ila Devi at WEST END. (Third Week.)

BHABI—Bombay Talkies' film at ROXY. Introducing a new star in Renuka Devi. Good songs. Excellent entertainment for everyone. (Seventh Week.)

BRAMHACHARI—Huns' popular comedy in Marathi, still going strong in 22nd Week at MAJESTIC. Starring Vinayak and Meenakshi. A regular laugh-riot.

CRIMINAL—Chandra Arts' crime "Thriller" at SUPER. Featuring Hansa Wadkar.

DIVORCE—Minerva's topical sociological picture. Starring Naseem at KRISHNA. Thought-provoking. (Fifth Week.)

FLYING RANEE—Wadia's exciting stunt "Thriller" featuring Husnbanu at LAMINGTON. (Third Week.)

GOPAL KRISHNA—Prabhat's famous film revived at PLAZA, Dadar. (Tenth Week.)

MAZA MULGA—Marathi version of Prabhat's "My Son". Thought-provoking, progressive. (Tenth Week) at CENTRAL.

MOTHER INDIA—Second Indian colour film, glorifying Indian Motherhood, featuring Sherifa and Ghulam Mohd. at OPERA HOUSE.

SERVICE, LTD.—Sagar's interesting detective drama at IMPERIAL. (See review in Col 7.)

STREET SINGER—New Theatre's fine musical starring Saigal and Kananbala, at MINERVA. Beautiful songs

Left To Right: (1) Ratanbai in "Sitara", Ezra Mir Production nearing completion at Film City; (2) Khan and Sharifa in "Mother India", the colour film at Opera House; (3) Kananbala and Jagdish in New Theatre's magnificent musical at Minerva now in 10th week; (4) Maya Bannerji in "Service Ltd." Sagar film at Imperial.

Films Of India Popular In Great Britain!

Success Of Empire Film Library And Its Lesson For Indian Producers

(Among the varied methods of propaganda for the British Empire, the cinema is playing an increasingly important role. Apart from the Imperialist bias given to entertainment fiction films (e. g. the Drum), hundreds of documentary, educational and general interest films on "Empire interest" are shown all over Britain in schools, public halls and even churches. These films naturally show the life in the Empire from the Imperialist viewpoint

In this connection the following extract from a speech delivered by Sir Harry Lindsay, Director of the Imperial Institute, at a reception of the East India and National Indian Association will be read with interest. In particular we would like to draw the attention of our producers to Sir Harry's reference to the great interest taken by the British public in films about India. Doesn't that prove that there is good scope for showing abroad documentary films about India on a commercial scale, too? It would satisfy an already existing demand, counteract the anti-Indian propaganda by showing actual conditions in India as

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 4).

SUB-STANDARD FILM PROJECTORS FOR SCHOOLS

REQUIREMENTS OF SUB-STANDARD FILM PROJECTORS FOR SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Published by Visual Education Society, Tanker Villa, Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay 7; Price annas 2 including postage.

This small pamphlet contains instructions regarding the technical requirements of a sub-standard (16 mm) film projector worked out by the Technical Committee of the Federal Department of Visual Education for Schools and Colleges in Germany. The specifications are brought up-to-date in the light of the experience of the Department which has so far equipped half the number of schools and colleges with film projectors.

The pamphlet will be a good guide to the heads of educational and other institutions which propose to purchase a projector for screening instructional films—the best effective visual aid for the education of the child as well as the adult. The Society deserves praise for bringing out such useful literature from time to time and advancing the cause of visual education in this country.

AUZURIE'S DANCE RECITAL

Extended Till Friday

The Dance and Music programme of Auzurie and her "Kala Mandal" has proved so popular during the last four days that the management of the Capitol have extended their season till Friday next in response to public request.

To meet the convenience of the public, the company will give two shows daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

BABURAO PENDHARKAR and MINAKSHI in a scene from "Devata," shortly to be released in Bombay.

THESE FILMS ARE COMING!

LADIES ONLY—Sagar film, starring Sabita Devi, Surendra, Prabha, Bibbo, etc. Directed by Badami. Coming to Pathe.

DEVATA—Huns picture, starring Baburao Pendharkar, Indira Wadkar, Minakshi. Coming to Majestic on the 11th instant.

IT IS TRUE—Saraswati picture, starring Motilal, Rose, Chandni, etc., coming to Central on the 17th instant.

PREM KI JYOTI—Ruby Pictures' maiden film, starring Sulochana, Billimoria and Jal Merchant, coming to Minerva Talkies on the 17th.

MISS SNEHPRABHA PRADHAN who is appearing as a guest performer along with Auzurie's "Kala Mandal" at the Capitol.

BHAKTI MARGA IN TAMIL

Musuri's Classic Hymns In 'Tukaram'

A pre-view of "Tukaram in Tamil" which will be shown to-day morning at the Broadway Talkies shows that Musuri Subramania Iyer, has virtually converted it into a musical. This famous South Indian Musician has successfully carried the message of Tukaram's "Bakhti Marga" cult in a series of song hits which are classic in conception and "Musuric" in execution. No wonder the songs are a rage in South India. The role of Mambaji is starred with a finish as the perfect villain of the piece. All other characters are portrayed well and Balasaraswati dwarfs them all by her superb acting and music. Except for topographical flaw here and there, the picture is thoroughly enjoyable.

K. A. C.

"Pushpa Anjali" To Be Staged In Aid Of Spain

Magnificent Dance And Music Programme Next Wednesday At Excelsior

(From A Correspondent)

The Nurses Aid Association received a donation of Rs. 4,695 from The Bombay Women's Club, this amount being the proceeds of the first performance of Pushpa Anjali on the 5th December, 1938, at the Eros Theatre.

In response to numerous requests the public of Bombay will have another opportunity of seeing "Pushpa Anjali", this time at the Excelsior Theatre on next Wednesday (the 8th of February) at 6-15 and 10 p.m. The proceeds will be divided equally between the fund for Village uplift work started by The National Council of Women in India and the Spanish Relief Fund, less a small amount which will be sent to Verrier Elwin who is doing such magnificent work among the Gonds.

"Pushpa Anjali" (which by the way means, a small flower offering) seems to have pleased the majority of those who came to see the performance at the Eros. Enakshi Rama Rau's exquisite grace brings to life the days when Art and beauty reigned supreme. Showing, without doubt, in line and colour how sincerely music and dancing were appreciated and how great a part they played in the life of the people throughout that ancient civilization. In painting and sculpture as also in dancing and music, we, in India can still look back for inspiration and guidance. We must perforce do so, for between then and now came centuries of retrogression, when wars and conflicts destroyed the patronage without which no Art can survive. Much of the art that existed during these years of turmoil was not worthy of the name. Alien influences crept in—and so today—we must as it were go back again to those early days—to develop along lines that are virile and definite—whether it be in Music, Painting, Dancing or Sculpture.

Karl Khandalawala's revival on the Stage (in the second part of the Pushpa Anjali programme) of the Art of Ajanta is in itself deserving of enough praise to commend it to all who are proud of our heritage and interested in Art. Add to this the cast of over sixty men and women garbed and posed on the lines of those ancient rock paintings and sculptures, scenes and settings that have meant hours of thought, labour and study—and then adorn the whole with a dancer such as Enakshi Rama Rau and you certainly have as near a perfect evening's entertainment as you could hope to have.

The music is Indian but has been specially composed by Pandit Badri Prasad and so arranged as to be understandable to ears unused to the intricacies of Indian music. In addition there will be the interesting dancing in traditional Kathakali style of Pravin Kumar and Chiman Sheth, two accomplished young dancers. Gopal Pillai and a group of young pupils trained by Enakshi herself, the Misses Khatau, Ramilla Shroff and Sunalini Devi complete with Nanda Kumar Singh, the well-known teacher of dancing—who is also a musician of repute—makes up a group of performers whose united efforts go to making Pushpa Anjali something worthy to offer to the discriminating public of Bombay.

Tickets may be obtained from Rose & Co., Rampart Row, Fort.

As there is likely to be great rush, it would be advisable to book seats early

P. JAIRAJ, GYANCHANDRA and MAYA in a scene from "Bhabi," Bombay Talkies' film at Roxy.

By Our Film Critic

Maya Banerji, Detective!

Sagar's "Service Ltd." At Imperial

Stories of crime detection by mateur sleuths, and not the poce, have always been popular—erhaps because deep down each ne of us is an inborn fascination r unravelling mysteries and exising criminals. The child who ays at being detective never gws up and even white-bearded d men are Edgar Wallace fans. Taking advantage of this perenial interest in tales of mysty and crime, foreign and Indn studios have been producing a arge number of films of this tye. Between Sagar and Directo Chimanlal Luhar they gave useveral such films, which were fond to possess some unvarying feures. There was the same sure, polished villain posing as a respectable businessman (Yakub), thevictim of his blackmailing activies was a glamorous, langurou rich young woman (Bibbo), a g of young fellows trying to looktough and playing at being cros, a vast quantity of furniturthrown about, underground passges with walls that revolve on inges, black masks for mysterya couple of revolvers and, of coun, a pretty girl who must be kidnaped by the crooks.

DUTY AND LOVE

Allthese ingredients of popular melodama are again to be found in "Srvice Ltd." But there is also mething more. To begin with, t is an interesting idea to give te role of the head of the detecte organization to a girl. Maya does it well and appears very siart, chic and at the same time bunesslike. Thank God, the "Moern girl" is at last shown as a usul creature with some brains ad not as a decorative butterflyas she is usually portrayed irmost of our films. One feels, ofcourse, that the Secretary of he "Service, Ltd." spent

BEGG ad TRILOK KAPUR in "Bazigr," Ranjit film, runningat West End.

far too muc time in making love to the Barrter, singing duets etc. But while Iwould hesitate to put my affairs i the hands of a detectives so sceptible to romance, one cannot deny that Surendra sings some retty songs that are good to hei, that he reveals a flair for condy and that his romantic intendes with Maya are amusing an delightful. On one or two occaons I regret to say comedy camdoo dangerously near to ribaldry. On the whole, however, Bhudo dvani is kept under greater restrint than usual and though it sems ludicrous to put a valet in th hotel Button-Boy's uniform, the soothless comedian is quite amusin

Not many activities of the strange detedve agency "Service Ltd." (run b the young heiress who has millins to spare on such whims) are shown, most of the time being tken by songs, love-making (of nless than three different pairs) and the comic unches. Butthe few instances of crime dection are quite musing, thogh neither subtle nor realistic. n fact the comedy aspect has ben over-emphasized so that there s very little of the ystery atmoshere left. No doubt adds to thepopular appeal of he picture.

ENTERTAINIG MELODRAMA.

The direction by Mr. Luhar is more careful ad restrained than his last picture "Dynamite," and if only he had nt put in too many extraneous matters the film would have gained in empo which, after all, is necessary for a picture of this type.

There is room for improvement in the dialogues too. A few words about the 'sets' won't be amiss. Even if everyone has to live in a 'palace,' why should it be the same 'palace'—wh the same fur-

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 6).

Alleged Murder By Bohras In Zalra Patan State

BOMBAY BOHRA RELEASED ON BAIL PENDING EXTRADITION PROCEEDINGS

Allegations Of Killing A Boy For Offer Of Blood-boiled Sacramental Rice

The Court-room of the Chief Presidency Magistrate was packed to its utmost capacity to-day by Bohras when one Abdul Rasul Mulla Alimahomed was placed before Mr. Khandalawala by the Princess Street Police for remand on the ground that he was concerned in a murder committed in the State of Zalra Patan and that he was required in police custody for further investigation, pending the issue of an extradition warrant from the Court of the Political Agent.

Mr. Chhelshankar D. Vyas, appearing for the accused gave a graphic description of the "strange and extraordinary circumstances" of the case and appealed to the Chief Presidency Magistrate to enlarge the accused on a nominal bail.

FACTS OF THE CASE

Mr. Vyas stated under instructions that a Hindu boy named Kanaiya was murdered by mysterious persons at Zalra Patan in consequence of a family-feud over the adoption of the boy and his claim to the property of his adoptive father. The boy's corpse was subsequently discovered from a well in the ginning factory of one Gulam Abbas a Bohra merchant of Zalra Patan. Eventually, the facts of the feud over adoption were suppressed and the State police arrested the Bohra Gulam Abbas on a charge of murdering the boy. A Bhil by name Bharaiya was also arrested and kept in custody for some days. He was subsequently discharged by the Magistrate, but re-arrested by the police. A confession was extorted from him, but he made no mention of the present accused Abdul Rasul. In the meantime the State wanted a loan from Bohras, but as they refused to comply with the State's demand, the murder of the boy and the discovery of his corpse were sought to be linked with the movements of Bohras. In order to account for the finding of the corpse the State police invented a most incredible and astounding theory of implicating Bohras into the murder.

DEFENCE ARGUMENTS

Mr. Vyas further submitted that the invented theory of the prosecution was absurd and ridiculous that no man with a particle of sense would attach the slightest credence to it. This theory was that the Bohras of Zalra Patan wanted human blood to cook sacramental rice with it and offer the blood-boiled diet to Vada Mullaji Saheb. With a view to lend support to this fantastic theory, two cooks were set up as witnessss after the lapse of about four months over the alleged murder. The Bhil youth who was re-arrested was forced to give one more confession, but even in his second confession he made no mention of the present accused Abdul Rasul.

Thereafter the Bohra gentleman Gulam Abbas was subjected to unbearable tortures, branded with hot iron and forced to implicate other Bohras, including the present accused Abdul Rasul. A confession was extorted from him about five months after the incident. In this confession he was made to say that he and other Bohras murdered the boy, poured his blood into bowls, cooked sacramental rice in the blood and partook of it along with the present accused.

Counsel submitted that the theory of sacramental rice cooked into human blood was unbelievable. The motive behind this concoction was to terrorise Bohra subjects of the State and extort moneys from them. The present accused had been out of Zalra Patan for over two years. The property of his parents was confiscated by the State. And now the State wanted to spirit away this young man and subject him to the same tortures to which other Bohras were subjected by the State authorities.

Counsel said that the arrest of Abdul Rasul by the Bombay Police was unwarranted, as the Bombay Police relied on the scanty and insufficient information given to them by the State Police Officer. This information did not amount to credible information as required by S. 54 of Criminal Pro. Code.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate then went through some papers produced by the Police and ordered the release of the accused Abdul Rasul on a bail of Rs. 250 only.

Horniman's Appeal To Voters

Mr. B. G. Horniman requests the Young Muslim Association, Parel and Anjuman-Shamai Islam, Wadala and other Muslim voters of "F" Ward No. 16 Division to vote solidly for him and request every voter to come and cast their franchise on the polling day, 7th February, 1939.

It is hereby informed to the Muslim public of Matunga-Sion Ward that Mr M. M. Ekkeari is working for Mr. B. G. Horniman with his friends in the same Ward.

41 SATYAGRAHIS ARRESTED

SHOLAPUR, Jan. 31.

Mahatma Narayanswami, the first "Dictator" of the Arya Samaj Satyagraha in Hyderabad who left for Hyderabad yesterday to launch Satyagrana was arrested on arrival there.

The arrest was effected at Sultan Bazaar. Forty Satyagrahis who accompanied him were also arrested.—United Press.

WHAT NEXT IN SIND?

(Continued from Page 6).

might pray and not be naughty, believing the Assembly to be the Theosophical Lodge and the members as initiates for enrolment, while the Syed draws out a long wail of omissions and commissions by the ministry and high expectations by the public in general and by him in special. The result of their speeches was equally pathetic. Almost no one was moved by Jamshed and almost everyone feared the Syed as a comrade, willing to shake hands with anybody and every party that this ministry might go and another appear. The Assembly distrusted devotees and dictators, but anxiously considered the proposal to have a stable ministry. Sir Ghulam, the ex-Premier, really hit the nail on the head when he said, "If an alternative to this ministry is shown, I would vote for it". He turned to the Hindu Party and again to Congress to form a coalition for giving stability to the ministry and avoid chaos. The House by its vote has shown its desire for stability. The vote is not one of confidence in the ministry but lack of confidence in those who want to change it. In the land of the vagrant Sindhi the vote is a barrage to stop further vagaries.

Expectations

But now arise high expectations joined to great dissatisfactions. Progress of the world is largely the result of both and a political assembly in which all members are satisfied and look it it would be something repugnant. The problem for a member is whether to be satisfied with half measures or whether to remain dissatisfied till Utopia appears. But I am for the discriminating grumbler who tells the truth and takes what is possible. I suspect the perpetual grumbler who will have nothing but the best and the most perfect. The Congress has its grouse against the ministry for of course it is not the best or even passably good. Nothing has been said or done by the ministers to evoke any enthusiasm. The P.W.D. Minister is a clever lawyer, speaks by the book, and quotes figures—and leaves you cold as a minister. Personally he is the heartiest, the healthiest, the loudest member on the benches. There is a lot of brass in him but it does not always chime like a church bell—and his figures make you smile. The chief minister is unimpressive to look at—accept for his shrewd keen pair of eyes and long Baluchi nose but he talks clearly, very very clearly and even firmly. His enemies say he is very very deep. His friends say he is very very slow. All join in saying that we have an Allah-Bux-cum-Collins rule. Who rules whom perhaps even Allah Bux or Collins do not know and do not want to know.

Congress Should Help

But the quarrel on assessment and grouping of Barrage lands between the Congress and the Ministry was a storm in a tea cup which had almost helped the Muslim League to overturn the Cup. The proposals for increased taxation of Barrage lands, in a bankrupt province is patently wise. The demand for allowing the Assembly to offer objections as to new rates before issuing final orders was obviously reasonable. The agitation by all parties to secure the postponement of the levy of revised taxes for one year was a bit of political manoeuvring natural to an Assembly of Zemindars but unreasonable for a political party like the Congress which 'has no axe to grind' and which should discriminate between mere popularity and needs of justice. No Ministry can secure the revision of the Government of India subvertion without first taxing its province "according to capacity"; and no progress is possible in Sind without such revision at an early date. The Minister of this Ministry was to rush through unpopular proposals within a week after its selection. It was a daring act pushed forth without tact—a serious error of judgment. The mistake of the Congress is to insist on securing its popularity and prestige at the cost of justice and the inherent need of the province. At present all have expectations. Mine are that the Ministry will offer to revise tax rates and then postpone orders for levy until 1939-40; but that other parties—including the Congress—should give co-operation with or without postponement of new assessment rates. The Allahbux Ministry has a clear majority. Only the Congress can give it a steady majority. It is rightly known as a pro-Congress Ministry. It would be amusing to call it so with the Congress either against or neutral. If the Ministry must be a responsible ministry the Congress must offer responsive co-operation"—and no less.

AKOLA.—A joint session of the C. P. and Berar Marwari Conference will be held in Akola on February 5. Under the Presidency of Mr. Ramkishan Dhut of Hyderabad.

Co-operative Farming Colonies

BOMBAY GOVT.'S SCHEME

The Bombay Government has for some time past been considering a scheme for creating a co-operative farming colony on a large plot of waste land measuring about 3,628 acres belonging to the Zankharia forest in the Broach and Panch Mahals district and has decided to adopt the following principles in disposing of this land for co-operative farming:—

(1) The applicants should in the first instance register themselves into an agricultural co-operative society in consultation with the Registrar, Co-operative Societies. Preference will be given to persons who are landless.

(2) At least a proportion of the members should be educated persons with some experience in agriculture. They must, be ready to cultivate the lands personally and not merely through hired labour.

(3) If Government assistance in the form of loans for bringing the land under cultivation is desired, Government will provide the same if the society is able to satisfy Government that there is sufficient security for the repayment of the loans in agreed instalments at a rate of interest not exceeding 5 1/2 per cent.

(4) Government will place the services of an experienced agricultural officer at the disposal of the co-operative colony for free advice and guidance.

(5) Assessment will not be levied for the first 3 years. The colonists will have to pay the same in full or such portion of it as Government may direct after the expiry of that period. In case the land is inferior, the period of complete exemption may at the option of Government be extended to 5 to 7 years.

(6) When the colonists begin to pay assessment, they will also have to begin repayment of the loan, if taken, in such instalments as may have been agreed to.

(7) At the end of 10 years, the colonists will be given full occupancy rights in the lands assigned to them, subject to the condition that the lands will be impartible and inalienable except with the permission of the co-operative society and Government.

(8) If at any time a member of the society is removed from the membership of the society in accordance with the rules of the society, such member will have to give up all his rights in the land in his occupancy provided the society pays him such compensation for his labours and expenses on the land as Government may determine.

(9) The lands will revert to Government if the society goes into liquidation.

(10) Each colonist will be assigned so much of the land in the colony as will be deemed by Government to be an economic holding; but the cultivation of the land will be carried on on co-operative lines according to the by-laws and resolutions of the society itself.

(11) The plans for the layout of the colony and for the general working of the society will be subject to the approval of Government.

(12) Government will undertake to provide such irrigation facilities, as are considered by it to be practicable, on such conditions as may be deemed proper in respect of the payment of the price of those facilities.

Other waste lands of various sizes are also available in the Province and Government would be very glad to see them utilized to the advantage of individuals in want of employment and of the Province as a whole. A successful system of co-operative cultivation of what are at present waste lands would ultimately lead to an increase in the productive capacity of the Province by setting up useful models for societies for better farming and even for better rural living, for this is what the proposed co-operative farming colonies are expected to be. Government therefore wishes to invite the co-operation of the public in this enterprise and will be prepared to place selected waste lands like those at Zankharia at the disposal of enterprising and public-spirited persons who will undertake to create co-operative colonies on the same terms as those approved for the disposal of the Zankharia land. The object of Government is to render all possible assistance for the purpose of bringing waste land under cultivation by co-operative efforts provided the persons applying for the lands for cultivation on such lines are willing to help themselves. Government will be prepared to grant further concessions in addition to those approved in the Zankharia case if in any particular case it is satisfied that such liberality would be justified and that the applicants are themselves prepared to take the work seriously and have some stake of their own in the enterprise.

The reports available from the Punjab and other places where such efforts have been made lead Government to hope that similar efforts in this Province will attain success and that a large number of unemployed families can find profitable employments in such colonies. The first condition of success obviously is that the persons who are to take advantage of this scheme must rely upon themselves and that Government assistance should be confined to the absolute minimum necessary in the circumstances of each case.

All Collectors have been requested to send lists of waste lands available in their districts to the Registrar of Co-operative Societies who will select lands suitable for co-operative farming in consultation with Agricultural experts and try to organise co-operative farming colonies on the lines indicated above. The Registrar will then submit his recommendation to Government for the grant of suitable facilities and assistance in each case in consultation with the persons who wish to take part in such schemes.

SATYAGRAHA SUSPENDED

Sequel To Jawahar's Address

BENARES, Jan. 31.

Following consultation with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President, U.P.C.C., who passed through Benares "en route" to Calcutta, the Benares State Congress Committee has suspended the mass jungle Satyagraha till February 7, in order to give time to H. H. the Maharaja of Benares for meeting the minimum demands of the State People.

Peoples demands include the appointment of a Committee by His Highness for drafting constitution of a Responsible Government for Benares State and relief measures for tenants.

Pt. Nehru is expected to visit Benares on February 10 for studying the situation in Benares State.—A.P.

KASTURBA, BHAKTIBA AND MANIBEN FOR RAJKOT

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Jan. 31

It is reported Maniben Patel, Sardar Patel's daughter, Kasturba Gandhi and Bhaktiba Desai are expected on Friday morning here.

Twentyfive volunteers from Palitana and from Bombay and 15 from Bhavnagar have arrived here.

"Christians And The Congress"

Under the auspices of the Nationalist Christian Party, a public meeting will be held on Sunday, February 5 at 11 a.m., (S. T.), at the Indo-Lusitano Hall, Burrons Lane, Girgaon, when the Hon'ble Sjt. C. J. Varkey, Minister of Education to the Government of Madras will deliver an address on "Christians and the Congress."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay will preside.

TEXTILE INQUIRY

Committee Examines Workers In Jalgaon

JALGAON, Jan. 30.

Mr. Justice Divatia and two members of the Textile Labour Inquiry Committee arrived at Jalgaon this morning on their six-day visit to Khandesh.

They inspected the two mills at Jalgaon, the Kandesh mill and the Gendalal mill. They went round all the departments and picked up in all about forty representative workers, whose evidence will be recorded by the Committee this evening. It is understood that the Committee has decided to record their evidence "in camera" as mofussil labour is not organised. The evidence of the Khandesh millowners will be recorded in Bombay on February 8, 9, and 10.

The Committee proceeds to Amalner to-morrow to inspect the Pratap mills there. On February 1, the Committee is visiting the Ajanta Caves.—A.P.

JAWAHARLAL AT SHANTINIKETAN

SHANTINIKETAN, Jan. 31.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru accompanied by his daughter, Miss Indira Nehru, arrived here this morning and was received at Bolpur by Mr. A. K. Chanda, Private Secretary to Doctor Tagore.

Soon after his arrival Pandit Nehru, saw the Poet, He will open the Hindi Bhavan this afternoon Messages have been received from eminent Hindi patrons on the occasion of the opening of the Hindi Bhavan.

Pandit Nehru will stay here till February 2.—A. P.

THE BRANDY preferred BY MEN

Let the wide preference for Hennessy gently prompt you when next you buy brandy for the home. Just as 'clean flavour' and fine bouquet identify Hennessy alone, so this *natural* grape spirit has no equal as a health measure and restorative in every sort of emergency.

HENNESSY.
★ ★ ★ BRANDY.

Agents throughout India:
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YOUR DESTINY

To obtain success in all your affairs, visit the world renowned Palmist & Spiritualist-Healer Prof. KHUDABUX, Apollo Hotel, Apollo Bunder. Highest testimonials from Lords, Ladies, Governors and Maharajahs, etc.

"Marvellous" Says Physician, Testing New Cold Remedy

Ends Tiny Patient's Suffering With Vaporizing Ointment That Is Just Rubbed On

Cold sufferers everywhere will rejoice at what this practising physician has to say about Vicks VapoRub, the new external remedy. "I gave Vicks VapoRub a fair trial when I used it on a tiny patient, six months old, who suffered from a cold. The result was marvellous." Dr. A. L. V., Dinapore.

No wonder doctors, as well as mothers, prefer this modern treatment for colds. They like it not only because it brings relief so quickly, but also because it's *safe*—there is nothing to swallow, nothing that might upset the stomach as internal medicines so often do. All you do is rub this pleasant vaporizing ointment on the throat and chest at bedtime.

Acts Instantly—Two Ways at Once

Almost before you finish rubbing, there is a comfortable tingle on the little one's chest as VapoRub begins to act direct through the skin like a poultice. At the same time, warmed by the body, VapoRub releases medicated vapours which are breathed in for hours, *18 times a minute*, direct to the irritated air-passages of the nose, throat, and chest.

This combined poultice and vapour action makes the child feel better right away as it starts to soothe irritation, loosen phlegm, relieve coughing, and break up congestion. With the breathing easier, the little patient soon drops off to restful sleep And while he sleeps, VapoRub goes on working hour after hour. By morning, almost always, the worst of the cold is over. Even grown-ups' colds yield quickly to VapoRub's powerful double action.

BABY'S COLDS
Best treated without dosing—Just rub on
VICKS VapoRub

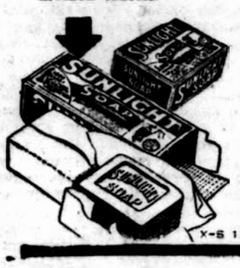
NO HARMFUL RUBBING AND BEATING when clothes are washed at home with SUNLIGHT SOAP

Cheap harsh soaps that don't lather freely make it necessary to rub and beat clothes to get out the dirt. It is this rough handling of the wash that makes clothes wear out quickly. Insist on having your clothes washed at home with Sunlight Soap. Sunlight gets out all the dirt without the need for rubbing and beating. Sunlight Soap is made only from pure vegetable oils and contains no harmful ingredients at all. Sunlight washes clothes *dazzlingly* clean; and because its washing action is so thorough and so gentle it's safe for washable coloureds too.

Because of its purity, high quality and mildness Sunlight Soap is safe for hands too. ★

Use Sunlight Soap for the daily wash. Garments that must be washed every day are kept fresh and fragrant when Sunlight is used. A good soaping, a squeeze through the rich suds, a thorough rinse, and your garments are spotlessly clean. Wash the Sunlight way, every day.

Ask for the NEW convenient carton containing two large divided tablets.



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Civil Liberties In Hyderabad

By S. Ramachar

To talk of Civil Liberties in Hyderabad is an anomaly for the simple fact is that there is no Civil Liberty in Hyderabad.

By the term Civil Liberty is implied primary and fundamental rights such as the right to hold meetings, make speeches, print newspapers, and the right to be tried openly by a lawfully constituted tribunal.

To take the last thing first, there are scores of instances where people have been denied the right of open trial. The Government simply gets rid of any person it does not want without any trial and without vouchsafing any reason for its externment. The case of Pandit Taranath, Raghvendra Sharma, and Pandit Ramchanderji Dehlavi are well-known. Even to appeal is a crime in Hyderabad. One Abdul Sathar Thaimuri was externed from Hyderabad for publishing "An Appeal to His Exalted Highness." ('Bombay Chronicle', 28th July 36). In England even a man who shot at the most popular king was given a fair trial and sentence to a short period of imprisonment. In Hyderabad an appeal to the ruling monarch is returned by an order of externment. At the same time Mr K. Tata Char, a non-official worker was externed from Hyderabad as he happened to be an externee from the Cantonment area. The latest instance of such externment is that of Krishna Sharma of the United Press

Ban On Meetings

In 1921 a Firman of H. E. H the Nizam said "Political meeting or any meeting calculated to bring about political results should not be held without the permission of the Executive Council (The Executive Council shall obtain my sanction before granting such permission). Otherwise the conveners of the meeting will be held responsible in every way. Besides this, it will be necessary to submit previously by way of information the agenda, to the Executive Council, of all proceedings to be held in the meeting, which is thus sanctioned, and until the Executive Council sanctions the Agenda, the proceedings shall not be gone through." It is impossible to know what exactly the authorities mean by the terms "Political nature" and "Political consequences." The words are very vaguely put in the Firman. Once an attempt was made to get the word "political" defined by the Government. On 14th Ardebahisth 39 a letter was addressed to the Commissioner of Police to define the word political. The Commissioner forwarded the letter to the higher authorities and asked the applicant to wait for an answer. The Commissioner was reminded as often as possible. At last on 5th Azar 41...after a lapse of twenty-four long months...the Commissioner kindly wrote "The Government have not favoured with an explanation. It would be better however if the letter is dropped at this." Finally on 20th Khurdad 1342 a Government Communique declared "H. E. H. the Nizam's Government are not prepared to make any changes in their policy about political meetings. In the category of political meetings all meetings which are likely to lead to any communal disturbance or which are likely to lead to create any disaffection against the Government or in which opposition is shown to the administration of H. E. H. the Nizam. The Nizam's dominion or British India, the more especially so when they are organised or when there is a possibility that the Government or their officials may be blasphemed." The result of those rules is that no meeting which is regarded as "political" by the authorities can be held in Hyderabad. More, in fact, no meeting of any kind can be held in Hyderabad.

Impossible Conditions

In 1929 an executive fiat ran: "Every person desirous of holding a meeting shall in writing intimate his intention to the local authorities at least ten days prior to the holding of the meeting" and the local authorities were given the power "to send for all rules in force of such meetings, copies of speeches, and list of persons convening such meetings." The result of such rules was that even condolence meetings could not be held anywhere in the State Even meetings to mourn the death of Sjt. G. K. Devdhar and Dr. M. A. Ansari could not be held because permission could not be got. The latest instance is the ban on a meeting to be held to mourn the loss, which the entire world has sustained by the demise of Kemal Attaturk. Even a meeting to congratulate the Nawab of Rampur for granting certain political concessions to his people was not allowed to be held. And, finally no less a person than Mahatma Gandhi was not allowed to visit the Harijan colony and declare open the Khadi Bhandar on the occasion of his last visit to Hyderabad. This was on 9th March 1934. Meetings in connection with Libraries, Magic lantern lectures and even temperance meetings are not allowed to be held inspite of the fact that Temperance is a semi-official work of the Government and no less a man than the Chief Justice of the Hyderabad High Court happens to be the president of the Temperance Association.

The holding of any conference in Nizam's Dominions is of course out of question. Permission is very rarely granted and even if permission is granted, such humiliating restrictions are imposed that any man wth a grain of self-respect in him would think a hundred times before attending a Conference. Even men like late Pandit Keshav Rao, a High Court Judge of Hyderabad, and Mr. Waman Naik were forced to summon such meetings and conferences beyond the borders of the State. The Andhra conference could not be held for three years because the Government would not give the necessary permission.

In 1936 the Third People's Educational Conference was to be held in Hyderabad. Mr. Ramchander Naik, a Mulki of Hyderabad, was to preside over the Conference. The Government would not argee to his presidentship. This happened in September 1936 and Mr. Naik was made a Judge of the Hyderabad High Court in June '37.

Ban On Gymnasiums

Thus we see that Freedom of Association is completely absent. But it goes so far in Hyderabad that even Schools and Akhadas are not free from such restrictions. While the popular Governments of Madras and Bombay are thinking of handing over as many educational institutions as possible into private hands, Hyderabad Government has made it impossible for individuals or societies to run educational institutions. An order of the Government prohibits the starting or running of any educational institution without the sanction of the authorities. If such an institution is run the Director of Public Instruction or the Divisional Inspector of Schools is empowered to take necessary steps "either through the First Taluqdar of the district convened, or the Police Commissioner of Hyderabad City, to have such schools closed." The harmful result of this policy is revealed by the fact that, while in the year Fasli 1335 there were 3142 private institutions with a strength of 76,654 boys, at the end of the year Fasli 1343 there were only 868 institutions with a strength of 25,262 pupils. That men should be deprived of even the right of educating their children is simply unbearable.

Every state is interested in the Physical well being of its subjects. And with a view to help its people to grow stronger it provides amenities for physical exercise. Almost all the Universities in India have a volunteer corps and the provincial Governments to-day are thinking of making physical culture compulsory. But we have the "Premier" state of India which has placed a ban on the formation of "Akhadas." A circular of the Home Secretary dated 29th Khurdad Fasli 1344 (27-4-35) prohibited the forming of any Akhada without the permission of the authorities. The circular defines an Akhada as "any place where the public or any particular group or community generally gather for physical exercise but it shall not include a place where members of a family especially do physical exercise." "Members of a family" is not properly defined in the circular. (Hence it is doubtful if the members of a family can engage a man for instruction who is not a member of a family.

Not satisfied with the present position the Nizam's Government have enforced the Public Safety Regulations which give unlimited authority to the police and declare almost every activity illegal. It goes to the extent of saying that "if the guilty person is found to be a minor under 16 years of age his parents or guardians will be liable for penalty."

Ban On Papers

We have seen the fate of individuals, meetings and conferences. Now let us turn to the press. "The Liberty of the Press," says Lord Mansfield, "consits in printing without any previous licence, subject to the consequences of the Law." What is the extent of Liberty that the press enjoys in Hyderabad? At the outset let me make it clear that there is no regular legislation regarding presses in Hyderabad. The department concerned has framed certain rules which it enforces. If any individual wishes to start a paper he has to apply to the Home Secretary for permission. The Home Secretary calls for a report of the conduct of the applicant, his political views etc. If he is satisfied he grants the perplicant, his political views it is not granted. Recently Mr. Vinayak Rao, Bar-at-Law, son of late Mr. Keshav Rao, was refused permission to start a paper. Not only are people not allowed to start papers in Hyderabad but as many as fifty newspapers and magazines are not allowed to enter Hyderabad. Not only papers like "Riyasat" but even conservative and moderate papers like the "Hindu" of Madras and "Servant of India," the organ of the Servant of India Society, were not allowed to enter Hyderabad for some time. Even the "Bombay Chronicle" was thus honoured. Not satisfied with this, the Government recently banned the entry of about thirty newspapers and magazines into the State. Under such circumstances there is no wonder that for a population of fourteen and half millions there is one English daily, one Marathi weekly and one Telugu bi-weekly and a couple of Urdu newspapers and Magazines. The highest circulation claimed in the State is by a weekly which boasts of its achievement in selling 3000 copies!

Finding that inspite of all this extraordinary precaution the public indignation against the Government is growing the Government have changed their tactics. R recent "Jarida" publishes a Firman sanctioning a sum of Rs. 15,000 to the Associated Press and Reuters, Hyderabad Branch. This type of subsidies to news agencies by Government is very injurious. That itself is against all canons of Civil Liberty. We have already seen how the Government externed Mr. Krishna Sharma, the representative of the United Press. It is needless to point out the effect of this double edged policy on the circulation news regarding the State.

Ban On Books

In May 1936 the Nizam's Government by a notification banned all books which have any bearing on Communist topics. This notification is so vague that it may be possible to bring even books by Bernard Shaw and any other prominent writer into the category of Communist Literature. Only the police have to describe them as Communist or having any bearing on Communist doctrines. The result is that a large number of books which you could read with impunity in British India are not suffered to enter Hyderabad State. Even a moderate book like "Whither Hyderabad" by Syed Abid Hasan was proscribed in Hyderabad. The result of this indiscrimate suppression of all intellectual food to the people can be seen in the small number of books published in the State. In Fasli 1343 (1933-34) the total number of books published in the State were 560. "The bulk of these consisted of works on Ethics and Theology (125) and on miscellaneous subjects (223). Education ranked next in order with 62 publications to its credit. The next in order were those on poetry with 40, Science with 24 Calenders with 19, Law with 13, Biology with 12, History with 11, Agriculture with 10, Stories with 9, Sociology and Drama with 5, each, Dictionary with 2, Novel and Music with one each." Not one among the books published in the State is on the dangerous subjects of Economics or Politics Yet the Nizam's Government claim to have established the first National University in India!

FILMS OF INDIA POPULAR IN GREAT BRITAIN!

(Continued from Page 10).

also give a fillip to the production of educational shows in India.—Film Editor, Bombay Chronicle).

IMPERIAL INSTITUTE

Sir Harry Lindsay said:—

Let me give you a short account of our films work at the Imperial Institute. The Institute was founded as long ago as 1887 to be a memorial of Queen Victoria's golden jubilee. Its main objects were two-fold: To help the Empire producer with technical information and advice: that is the science side of our activities. The other side is educational—to tell the story of the Overseas Empire, to the general public visiting our Exhibition Galleries. And since the galleries, if they are to function properly, must tell the "story" of the Empire convincingly and interestingly, it follows that our exhibits there must be selected and displayed as artistically as possible, to attract the public. So you see our twofold objective is Science and Art—Science applies to the development of Empire resources: Art applied to the portrayal of the life scenery and industry of the Empire, for the education of the general public visiting our galleries (over half a million last year) and particularly of the many school parties sent to us by their teachers in order that we may supply both the "background" and the "atmosphere" necessary to supplement a lesson in Empire geography or Empire economics.

EMPIRE FILM LIBRARY

But the greatest service rendered by the Board was in collecting a library of Empire films and in building a cinema where the films could be shown.

We stand to-day in the following position:

(1) We hold altogether about 1,900 prints, covering 565 subjects, of Empire films.

(2) We circulate these films to schools and societies of the United Kingdom, of whom we have about 3,500 recorded on our registers as borrowers.

(3) The films are all non-theatrical in the sense that they carry no theatrical rights or royalties, and we make no charge to any of our borrowers save the cost of carriage. This exemption from fees or royalties is one of the conditions on which we hold the films on trust for the United Kingdom Government.

(4) We recover the expenses of this service, chiefly the wages of our technical and clerical staff, from Empire Governments.

(5) We rely on Empire Governments, local authorities, private firms, etc., to supply us with sufficient films to make good our annual wastage, amounting to roughly 10 to 15 per cent of our total stock.

(6) But this rate is not sufficient, for the number of our borrowers increases rapidly every year, as more and more schools and societies receive grants for the purchase of projectors.

(7) Moreover, the number of silent films available does not seem to increase as rapidly as the number of silent projectors with the schools; for the 16 mm. silent projector is still definitely more popular, on account of its cheapness and ease of handling, than the 16 mm. or 35 mm "sound" projector.

(8) We are, therefore, hard put to it to cope with existing demand. Indeed, the other day we were run clean out of the whole of our library of 1,300 prints. Not a single print was in stock, for as fast as prints returned from use they were sent out again to meet the demands of other borrowers.

INDIAN FILMS POPULAR

Sir Harry then showed two, short Indian films "Romantic India," which he described as one of the most popular films in the Empire Film Library at the Institute, and "Song of Ceylon", which he called "the nearest approach to the Eastern mind."

But although India had "a marvellous story to tell," he did not remember ever having seen a single Indian film which told this story perfectly.

The High Commissioner, Sir Firozkhan Noon, fully recognised the valuable role which the library fulfilled in lending its Empire films to schools and societies in Great Britain. He supported their work to the best of his ability in giving them an annual subvention, on behalf of his Government, and in making them grants from time to time for the purchase of new prints of Indian subject to replace those worn out.

"My hope is," concluded Sir Harry, "that the Government of India, either themselves or through the Indian railways, will revive the policy of producing new film material of India, and secondly, that private producers owning good films of India will agree to place them with the Empire Film Library.

"Indian films are very popular with United Kingdom audiences. At present we have only 50 prints of Indian subjects, compared with 35 for New Zealand, 143 for South Africa, 49 for Australia and 391 for Canada. We could treble our existing stock of Indian films and yet fail to meet all claims for them from the 3,500 borrowers on our registers."

MAYA BANERJI, DECTIVE!

(Continued from page 10).

niture, same carpets and same curtains? A Police Commissioner does not usually have lace curtains in his office. And why so many vases in every shot?

"Service Ltd" may be summed up as an unpretentious, amusing and, often, highly entertaining melodrama with quite an original theme. Comparatively speaking, it marks an improvement over the level of an average picture of this type.

K. A. ABBAS.

NO FEAR OF SPLIT IN CONGRESS

"Hindu's" Comment On Congress Presidential Election

MADRAS, Jan. 30.

Commenting on the Congress Presidential election the "Hindu" says: "While we see no reason to modify our opinion that a contested election for the Congress Presidentship was undesirable at the present moment, we have no doubt that Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose will earnestly endeavour to justify the renewed confidence that the delegates have reposed in him.

To those who have been eagerly looking forward to a split in the Congress ranks Mr. Bose's emphatic statement, made to our representative, that "he would do everything in his power to keep intact the Congress organisation" should be an eyeopener. Whatever may have been the specific factors that decided the issue yesterday, the result cannot be taken as revealing any difference on the question of Federation".—A. P.

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Andrews Liver Salt as sold in tins for nearly 50 years in Great Britain and the Dominions (and now available in this Country) combines the pleasant qualities of a refreshing saline with the properties of the Ideal Tonic Laxative.

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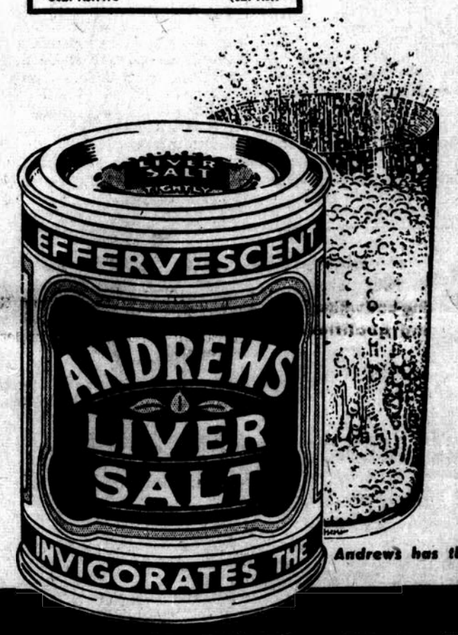

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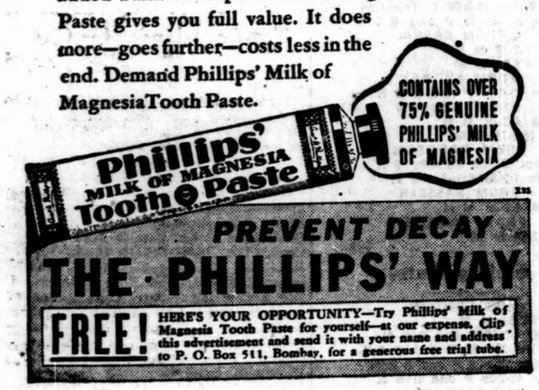
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Maharashtra Prepares To Stage Another Bardoli

Peasant Movement All Over Country Records Big Progress

The following are extracts from the current issue of the All-India Kisan Bulletin:—

Prof. N. G. Ranga, General Secretary, A.I.K.C. announces the following programme for the election of delegates and President for the next Gaya Session of the All-India Kisan Sabha Conference, after consulting the President and other secretaries:—

(1) Last date for enrolment of members—31st January.

(2) The Provincial Kisan Sabhas have to give instructions to subordinate bodies for the dates for the submission of enrolment of members and settling the quota of delegates to be elected from different areas in accordance with Article 8 of the constitution (i.e., one delegate for every 200 members but as 100 is the maximum number of delegates for any province, the quota for each delegate to be readjusted by the concerned P.K.C.) so that the election of delegates is completed on or before the 21st February.

(3) The number of members and list of delegates from every province must reach the General Secretary, A.I.K.S., (30, Ferozshah Road, New Delhi) by March 2.

(4) The election of president and members of the A.I.K.C. to be held at a general meeting of the delegates of the province on or before March 12 (for the number of the A.I.K.C. refer to Article 10 of the constitution which prescribes one member for every ten delegates or a fraction thereof) and the results of the election of the president to be sent to General Secretary, Prof. Ranga, Assembly, New Delhi by wire.

(5) The total result of the election of the next president to be announced by the general secretary, on the receipt of result of elections held in the provinces by March 19.

All Kisan comrades and Provincial Kisan Sabhas are requested to carry on their membership campaign as briskly as possible and make the next session of our Sabha much greater and more repressive of the masses than even our very successful Commilla Conference.

PROVINCE-WIDE LAND STRUGGLE IN BIHAR.

A meeting of the Bihar Kisan Council was held at Reora (Dt Gaya) on January 13-14 under the presidentship of Swami Sahajanand Saraswati. The Council decided to enrol at least 10 lakhs of members of the Kisan Sabha by January 31.

Swami Sahajanand pitched his camp at Reora on his return from his tour in Bombay Presidency and C. P. Very soon two dozen men of the armed police accompanied the District Magistrate to his camp there. The Kisans however unperturbed by the presence of the officials and the police continued in possession of the disputed lands and went on with their agricultural operations, peacefully. Still some were being arrested everyday. No wonder, Reora looked like a field of battle.

30,000 KISANS RALLY TO SEE SHARMAJI

The first open trial of Pandit Jadunandan Sharma was held on 16th January after a secret trial was attempted in jail and Sharmaji had threatened to go on hunger strike if such a proceedure was adopted. On hearing about this, about 30,000 Kisans assembled at Gaya City at short notice and assembled in front of the Court, repeatedly shouting "Inquillab Zindabad". "Jadunandan Sharma-ki-jai", "Sharma-ko-chhoro". Trial was soon over as Sharma and his companions refused to defend themselves and wanted to submit only a written statement. On coming out of the Court Sharmaji was greeted with thundering acclamations for full 5 minutes before he was taken to the Central Jail. The Kisans then paraded the streets of the city and then met at the park whence Swamiji and Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan addressed them.

Altogether 54 have been arrested so far in this district, 15 at Gaya and 39 at Reora. The fight is going strong.

ZAMINDARI LATHI RAJ IN BARAHIA TAL

Here too, Kisans are bent upon harvesting crops sown by them, in spite of the zamindari terrorism.

On January 12, 5 tenants and one police man were assaulted by the zamindars' men (about 200) armed with lathis and spears and aided by elephants and horses at village Mahmedpur. This happened as a result of a dispute over some grass being taken by Zamindari Party from the peasants' lands. The Satyagrahis' camp and the tents of the police were also broken up.

On Jan. 17, again some Kisan volunteers were attacked with lathis while returning late at night from a meeting at Kusumbhaghat that was addressed by Swamiji and Pandit Karyanand Sharma.

On January 17, 15 Kisans of village Shishma were arrested under section 107 and were sent to Monghyr Jail. Eight were released on bail. On January 18, Pandit Karyanand Sharma the Monghyr Kisan leader issued a statement setting out all the facts of the struggle in Tal area and wrote in conclusion that as "the people of the area shall not be allowed to act peacefully they have made all necessary preparations to follow the path of their brethren of Reora".

A message of January 29 says that reports of zamindari attacks are pouring into the office of the Monghyr Kisan Sabha while the representatives of the opposing parties are preparing to attend the meeting convened by the District Magistrate.

ANOTHER BARDOLI IN MAHARASHTRA

Consequent on the well-nigh total failure of crop in the Khandesh districts various peasants' meetings and conferences have been recently held to demand with one voice the total remission of land revenue this year, and a permanent reduction of 50 per cent. in revenue and rent and the declaration of a complete moratorfum pending inquiry into debts. The movement has been intensified by reports of Government's intention to grant only partial relief to the peasants and the reactionary attitude of the Congress leaders.

Towards the end of the last month some Kisan and Congress leaders including Sane Gurji and Mr. Lalji Pense decided to organise a Peasants' March to the Collector's Office at the District Town on January 26 to demand complete remission of revenue dues for the year. To that end both the leaders toured round several villages and talukas in the district where the peasants have decided to join the march very enthusiastically.

On Jan. 10, thousands of peasants of Bhadgaon Circle in East Khandesh districts marched in thousands to the office of the Mahalkari waving red and tricoloured flags and shouting Kisan and revolutionary slogans. Mr. Jakhatdar read out the demands of the peasants for complete remission of land revenues and relief from oppressive debts.

After listening to the formal reply of the official the peasants gathered in a big meeting to listen to Mr. Lalji Pense. He said that Government would have to face a second Bardoli—a strong no-tax campaign if it did not acceed to the demands.

BENGAL COMMITTEE PREPARES FOR ZEMINDARI COMMISSION

Dimla Thana Kisan Conference and Morad Nagar Thana Kisan Conference were held recently under the presidentship of Maulana E. Huq Afendi and Saiyed Abdul Wahed respectively. Important resolutions were adopted demanding abolition of landlordism 50 per cent. reduction in rents and immediate release of Kisan prisoners.

The Bengal Provincial Kisan Committee is engaged in making vigorous preparation for meeting the Fland Commission which has been appointed to inquire into the whole Zemindari System operating in Bengal. A draft has been prepared and dispatched to the district organisation to explain its attitude towards the district organisations.

U. P. KISAN SANGH TO BE AFFILIATED TO A.-I.K.S.

About 50,000 Kisans attended a special session of the provincial Kisan Conference that was held at Ayodhya on Dec. 29, under the presidentship of Acharya Narendradev. The President reviewed the history of the Kisan Movement in U.P. from its early beginnings in 1921-22 and enlarged on the dictum that the poverty of the Kisan could not be relieved without ending the system of zemindari which was allied with Imperialism.

On the proposal of Mr. Mohanlal Gautama, the Secretary of the Provincial sangh the Conference adopted the most important resolution to affiliate its organisation with the All-India Kisan Sabha. Other resolutions were also adopted demanding necessary remission in rent on account of bad harvest, the withdrawal of cases under Sec. 107 against Kisan Workers and for cancelling the arms licences of oppressive zemindars and their men.

ANDHRA DEMANDS REFORMS IN ZEMINDARI.

Peasant Conferences, peasant marches and peasant meetings, are being held in every district of the Province since the beginning of this month, in order to rally support to the recommendations of the Prakasam Committee Report. The North Vizag Dt. Zamin Ryots' Conference was held on the 2nd inst. at Kashibugga; the South Vizag Dt., Conference on the 4th inst. at Chodavaram the East Godawari Dt. Zamin Ryots' Conference was held at Pithapuram on the 6th inst. the West Godavari Dt. Conference at Dharmajigudem on the 7th inst. the Kistna Dt. Zamin Ryots' Conference was held at Agirapalli on the 8th inst. the Nellore Dt. Ryots' Conference at Ramakrishnarajupet on the 13th inst. Besides these, innumerable Taluk and Circle Conferences have been held in several places, in all of which Socialists, Kisan Sabha workers and some M. L. A.s took active part. Resolutions were passed in these Conferences, congratulating the Prakasam Sub-Committee for its recommendations and demanding amendments recommended by the Provincial Ryots' Assn.

10,000 KISANS MARCH TO SONAMGANJ (SURMA VALLEY).

Under the auspices of the Surma Valley Provincial Kisan Committee and Congress Socialist Party a huge peasant rally was held on the 14th January at the town of Sonamganj About ten thousand peasants hailed from distances of 20 to 25 miles to join the rally which in two batches paraded the streets of the town shouting slogans.

KISAN ARRESTS AND PROSECUTIONS IN MALABAR.

A Conference of peasants was held at Peralam (in the interior of the Chirakal Taluk) under the presidency of Mr. A. K. Gopalan, who in the course of his address, referred to the reported harassment of peasants and exhorted them to strengthen their organisations.

Resolutions protesting against the reported harassment of peasants, the arrests and prosecutions and also attempts to create misunderstandings about the Karshak movements were passed. The Government was requested to accord protection to peasants from intimidation.

Resolutions protesting against the attitude of the village officials of Chirakkal Taluk towards the peasant movement were passed at a public meeting held at the Town Hall, Calicut, under the auspices of ten Labour Unions in Calicut, Mr. P. Narayanan Nair, Municipal Councillor, and President of the All-Malabar Peasants' Union presided.

Alarming news is reaching us that punitive police is to be stationed in several taluks of Malabar and S. Canara to cow down peasants who are refusing to pay taxes since their crops have failed. Special police stations are being opened in a number of villages. Great anxiety prevails in the countryside and Kisan Sabhas are taking up this challenge.

Kisans March To Deputy Commissioner's Office

TOTAL REMISSION OF LAND REVENUE & CANCELLATION OF ALL ARREARS DEMANDED

(From Our Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI: (By Mail).

Amraoti witnessed for the first time the unique spectacle of 2,500 Kisans marching down to the Deputy Commissioner's office on 26th. January, the Independence day, to place their demands and seek immediate redress.

It may be recalled that the Amraoti Taluq Kisan Conference held at Badnera under the presidentship of Swami Sahajanand resolved to lead Kisan March of the cultivators and agricultural labourers and the Kisan workers of Vidarbha Kisan Sabha were enthusiastically moving in the villages throughout the month to make it a success.

The Kisans first assembled in Jog square of Amraoti from their distant villages early in the morning when Com. K. D. Deshpande explained to them the purpose for which the march was arranged. The Kisans started in processions at 11 o'clock to reach the office of the Deputy Commissioner.

The procession passed through main streets of the city and it was bristling with placards and slogans, expressive of their demands. Red and the Tricolour flags were seen flying at the head in the tumultuous shouts of "Inquilab Zindabad", "Kisan Mazdur-Ki-Jai" and "Boycott The Bidders in Auction Sales". The procession reached the Deputy Commissioner's office at about 2 p.m. In spite of the intimation duely forwarded to him some weeks ago the Deputy Commissioner absented himself the very day and Mr. Pendharkar District Magistrate whom the demands were presented came out to see the marchers.

The District Magistrate expressed the peasants his helplessness to give definite assurance and explained the limitations of Government servants "They had only to execute orders and inform real situation to the Provincial Government." He also informed the marchers the policy of the Government as regards suspension of land revenue during the current year, to certain villages which in the opinion of the Government are really affected by the failure of crop and also as regards their willingness to start relief work for the unemployed labourers.

Thereupon Motiramji Gorde, himself a kisan described the plight of the District Magistrate an instance of how a Kisan was harassed for the realisation of the Revenue. Mr. Ghadge form Nerpingalai (Morshi) and G. B. Deo from Loni (Amraoti) threw a searching light on the behaviour of the Government officials and their studied machinations to conceal the real situation. The District Magistrate promissed to communicate their demands to the proper authorities. At this stage telegraphic message of Swami Sahajanand, President, All India Kisan Sabha, wishing success to the Kisan Marchers was received and read out amidst enthusiastic cheers.

The Marchers then returned to the Jog Square where the Kisan meeting was addressed by Hon. Ganeshrao Deshmukh, M. L. A., N. R. Ramangaonkaredtor Uday, Com. D. J. Paranjape, Com. Kothalkar of Akola, Marathe and others. The General Secretary, Vidarbha Kisan Sabha then explained in brief the line of action to be adopted pending the reply of the Government to their demand. The meeting concluded amidst loud shouts of "Inquilab Zindabad." "Kisan Sabha Zindabad". Then the Marchers dispersed to join the public meeting to celebrate the Independence Day. The Kisan March displayed a unique solidarity of the Congress and Kisan Workers of the district, while the Amraoti citizens were most sympathetic, and contributed a great deal in making the March a success.

DEMANDS OF THE KISAN MARCHERS

The following are the Kisan demands:—

1. Total remission in the Land Revenue.
2. Cancellation of all arrears accumulated up to this date.
3. All coercive measures be stopped immediately.
4. Cancellation of all auction cales hitherto held for the purposes of realisation of arrears, instanments of D. C Board, and loans due to the Co-operative Banks with the cost incurred.
5. Attachment of all the necessities of life including a minimum holding of land be prohibited.
6. Moratorium till an adequate Debt Relief Bill is enacted.
7. Cheap credit facilities and Taccavi loan be provided on liberal scale.
8. Emergency of famine be declared and the agricultural labourers be provided with congenial work.
9. Lease be given justice and proportional relief.

From:—
Electrical Adviser to the Govt. of Bengal

The patent fans of (India Fans) are by far the most efficient Fans I have ever had for test. They give slightly better breeze than the best known fans of similar sweep, but consume only 33 per cent. to 42 per cent. electrical energy.

3-2-'38.

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DEMONSTRATION AT OUR SHOWROOMS

IEW

The India Electric Works Ltd.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON. FIVE POINTS UP

Upward Trend In Stocks On General Buying

SECURITIES FIRM AND ACTIVE

BOMBAY: JAN. 31.

NEW YORK COTTON

The New York Market showed better tendency following steadiness of Liverpool and Bombay. Nears inclined to ease under liquidation considering the possibility of release of Government Loan Cotton

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

The favourable influence was created by Herr Hitler's speech which was moderate in tone. Prices mostly showed upward trend on general buying.

Gilt-edged Securities were firm and active.

BULLION

London Gold price was fixed lower by 1-1 2d., whereas forward Silver price was unchanged. Spot declined by 1 16d.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1939

New York, Jan. 31.

Previous closing	8.30
To-day's closing	8.36
Difference	+.06
To'day' closing	8.35
Difference	+.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1939

Liverpool, Jan. 30.

Previous closing	4.76
To-day's opening	4.79
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	4.73
Difference	—.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939	153-8
July August	Rs. 155-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan. 31.

The New York cotton displayed better tendency following steadiness of Liverpool and Bombay but nears were inclined to ease under liquidation in view of possibility of release of Government loan stocks in near future.

The trading in March commenced at 8.36 i.e. six points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying on the subsidence of which prices declined partially with March falling to 8.33

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Jan. 31.

To-night Broach April/May opened at Rs. 153/8. Later, the market declined to Rs. 153/2 but closed a shade higher at Rs. 153/6.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 31.

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (8.36/8.36) 8.36/8.26
May (8.06/8.06) 8.05/8.05
July (7.77/7.77) 7.82/7.81

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 31.

American March 4.78
American May 4.75
Egyptian March (6.83
Egyptian May 6.80

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, Jan. 31.

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11
Indian Pekoe higher (1-5) 1-5
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-7 1/2) 1-7 1/2

JUTE

First Marks C. I F. Continent New Crop February March (£21 paid and value) £21 5/8 sellers
Dunlop February (£26) £26
Lightning February (£24) £24

RUBBER

Spot (7 11/16 paid and buyers) 7 15/16 paid and buyers
Forward April June (7 3/4) paid and buyers) 8 paid and buyers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay January February (£11 1/16 sellers) £10 13/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata January (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata January (£10 13/16 sellers) £10 13/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal February (£10 1/4 sellers) £10 3/16 paid

METALS

Tin (£213 1/2 buyers £214 sellers. Steady) £216 1/4 buyers £216 1/2 sellers Firm.
Lead (£14 1/2 buyers £14 5/8 sellers. Very steady) £14 11/16 buyers £14 13/16 sellers
Electrolytic Copper (£47 1/2 to £48 1/2) £48 1/4 to £49 1/4
Iron (102) 102

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan. 31.

General Motors (dol 45) dol 47 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 28 1/2) dol 30
U S Common New Stock (dol 55) dol 59
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Jan. 31.

Previous closing	4.67 15/16
To-day's opening	4.68 1/8
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.67 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Jan. 31.

Previous closing	4.67.65
To-day's opening	4.68.31
To-day's closing	4.67.81

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Jan. 31.

Previous closing	176.97
To-day's opening	177.03
To-day's closing	176.97

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan. 31.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.68.31 and continued very steady on scattered support.

Franc opened at 177.03 and appreciated slightly to 177.01 on some support with movements thereafter being small.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 15/16) 1-5 15/16
Paris on Bombay (13.223) 13.221
New York on Bombay (34.98) 34.96
Berlin on Bombay (87) 87
London on Milan (88.93) 89
London on Shanghai (0-8 3/8 nominal) 0-8 3/8 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-7 1/2) £7-8-6
Silver (20 1/16d.) 20d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (1 to 1 per cent) 1 to 1 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Jan. 31.

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

"Speculators bought and sold. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

	London, Jan. 31.
Spot	(20 1/16d) 20d—1/16
Forward	(19 11/16d) 19 11/16 nil

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan. 31.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-7 1/2) £7-8-6

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

SILVER

Bombay, Jan. 31.

Silver ready	52	4	0
Silver Maha	52	2	0
Silver Fagan	52	1	0

GOLD

Gold ready	37	1	9
Gold Maha	37	2	9
Gold Fagan	37	3	6
Sovereign	23	12	6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 31.

Wheat May	3	8	6
Wheat September	3	8	3
Linseed May	5	3	6
Linseed September	5	5	6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan. 31.

Liverpool wheat opened easy with May quoting at 57. The market was depressed by realising following easier feeling with regard to European political situation.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Jan. 31.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May quoting at 0.69. The market displayed more activity on scattered local support influenced by steadier stock market but the demand was restricted.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Jan. 31.

The Liverpool wheat market closed with March being quoted at 56 1/8

3½% GOVT. LOAN

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 31.

3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 97-5 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Jan. 31.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £88

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Friday, January 20, £89 1/4
Monday, January 23, £88 3/4
Tuesday, January 24, £88 3/4
Wednesday, January 25, £88 1/4
Thursday, January 26, £88 1/4
Friday, January 27, £88 1/4
Monday, January 30, £88

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan. 31. 3-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian (£95 1/2) £96
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£88) £88
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£09 1/2) £109 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£113 1/2) £113 3/4
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£105) £105 1/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£106) £106 1/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945/58 (£99) £99 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/58 (£101 5/8) £101 5/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent (£68 5/8) £69 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 5/8) £97 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103 1/4) £103 1/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£106 1/4) £107 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£96 1/4) £97 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£106) £106 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London Stock Exchange was favourably influenced by Herr Hitlers speech. Giltedged securities also attracted interest. Three and half per cent was quoted at £88 i.e. unchanged from the last close.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (14-10 1/2) 15-8
Motors and Spencer Ordinary (53-0) 54-9
Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/2) dol 3 7/8
Elec Music Industry (9-3) 10-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (22-7 1/2) 24-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (28-10 1/2) 30-3
Woolsworth New Ordinary (56-6) 59-1 1/2

San Paulo / per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£18 1/4) £18 1/4
Dunlop Rubber (23-0) 24-0
Unilever Ordinary (30-0) 33-9
Ford Motors (15-6) 16-1 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£35 1/4) £38 1/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (90-7 1/2) 94-9
Carreas 'A' (£5 1/4) £5 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (130-0) 132-6
P and C. S N. Company Deferred (20-3) 20-7 1/2
Distillers (86-6) 90-0
Bredford Dyes (2-6) 2-7 1/2
British Celanese (3-3) 3-6
J and P Soates Ordinary (33-3) 34-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (25-0) 25-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-1 1/2) 2-4 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (21-0) 22-0
Inter Nickels (dol 52-0) dol 54 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (41-3) 42-6

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (15-7 1/2) 16-3
Donaro Tea (33-0) 35-0
Empire of India (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber 21-4 1/2) 23-3
Gula Kelampong (17-6) 18-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (23-6) 26-4 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (1-3) 41-3
Burma Corporation (8-3) 8-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£12 1/2) £12 3/4
East Rand Proprietors (50-7 1/2) 53-1 1/2
Rand Mines (£8) £8 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15) £15 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (62-6) 65-9 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (80-10 1/2) 85
Sub Nigel (£11) £11 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (26-3) 28-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 1/2) £7 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (19-4 1/2) 20-0
Anglo Iranian (85-7 1/2) 88-1 1/2
Burma Oil (78-9) 81-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-3) 4-9
Shell Transport (78-1 1/2) 81-3
Royal Dutch (£34 7/8 £35 7/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£23) £24 3/4 1/2) £11 1/2
London Midland and Ordinary (£10 £2 1/4
London North Eastern Def (£2 1/8)
Southern Def (£10 3/8) £11 1/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£114) £114
London Transport 'C' (£69 1/2) £70 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

General Improvement With Increased Activity

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Jan. 31.

On the Stock Exchange satisfaction at the moderate tone of Herr Hitler's speech caused a general improvement of prices, together with increasing activity, including a fair proportion of genuine investment buying.

Giltedged Securities finished at the days best levels. Foreign bonds were firm and Industrials recorded widespread gains. Kaffirs and oils were supported from overseas. Elsewhere, Cable and Wireless advanced sharply.

On the Foreign Exchange market sterling was generally firm but business was only moderate.

Wall Street opened strong and was then quieter.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI CITY, Jan. 31.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind Cotton March		14/1/9
May		14/4/3
Punjab Cotton March		12/8/3
May		12/10
Desi-American March		17/8/9
May		17/9/6
Tone Quiet:—		
Wheat		23/5
March		25/1/9
July Weak Gram Quotation:—		
July		26/5/9
Toria February		33/9/9
March		34/8/9
Cottonseed March		17/8/9
May		17/9/6

Markets remain closed to-morrow.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Indian Irons Advance

CALCUTTA, Jan. 31.

Jutes section ruled steadier again to-day and a moderate turnover took place. Only a limited business took place in coals and prices were mostly unaltered, teas showed rather a dull market.

Miscellaneous: Apart from usual dealings in its chief speculative issues which were slightly better to-day, there is practically nothing fresh to report in this section. Government securities were steady.

The following are the closing quotations:—

Government Securities two-three-quarter per cent. Loan 1948/52 98/15; Sodiot three-half per cent. Government Paper 97/7 five per cent. Loan (1945/55) 115/2 Ct.

Banks: Central 32/8 C Div. Reserve 112/8 ex-div. small lots.

Cotton: Muir Mills ord. 228.

Coals: Bengal-Nagpur 24/4 small lot, Burra Dhemo 3/2; Burrakur 14, Dhemo main 12/8, Equitable 34/6, Ghusick and Musija 2/7, Nazira 8/12, New Beerbhoom pref. 15, South Karanpura 4/11, Union 26/4, West Jamuria 32/8.

Jutes: Anglo-India 338/8, Auckland 177/8, Bally 183, pref. 134, Empire 26/6 Fort Gloster 501 small lot, Gourepore 554, Howrah 55, Hukumchand pref. 85, Kamarhatty 508, Kanknarrah 382, Lawrence 365 small lot, Nuddea 44/4, Orient 177.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 5/13, Indian Copper 2/1, Dalmia Cement ord. 10/1 pref. 93 ex-div. Bengal Telephone pref. 13/12, Britannia Building and Iron 8/3, Indian Iron and Steel 288/13, Indian Malleable Casting defd. 1/13, Steel Corporation ord. 11/1 pref. 94/8 small lot. Bengal Flour 11, British Igdia Corporation ord 3, pref. 154/8, Calcutta Trams 17/4 small lot, Indian Wood Products 23/8, National Safe Deposit and Cold Storage 3/14, Disc Orient Paper pref 88 small lot, Midnapore Zemindary 74, Balrampore 9/8, Buland 12/8, Carew and Co., 11 small odd lot, Champaran 12/4, Purtabpore pref. 14, Ramnugger Cane and Sugar ord. 8. Bisnauth 22/8, Ledo 171 small lot.

Debentures: Three and quarter per cent. (1956/66) Howrah Bridge 102/6 small lot, four per cent. (1936/51) Empire Jute 10/12, five per cent. (1939/43/49), Star Paper 98/8.—A. P.

VOTE FOR CONGRESS CANDIDATES

Appeal To 'G' Ward Electorate

An election meeting was held on Tuesday evening at Dadar, under the auspices of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee. Mr. Nagindas T. Master presided.

Mr. Master said that in the interests of the country it was essential that a policy of uniformity should be pursued both in the Provincial Legislatures and the Municipal bodies. The ameliorative measures passed by the Legislatures had to be implemented by Local Self-Government bodies like the Municipality and, therefore, it was essential to return Congress candidates. For this it was necessary that the Corporation should be informed with the same spirit as the Legislative bodies.

The Congress in its manifesto had charted out its plan of action. The question of rent control, milk supply, clean and cheap housing, sanitation, etc., would be adequately dealt with by the Congress if they were returned in a majority.

Mr. I. S. Patel, Dr. Narvane, Mr. V. M. Nagwekar and others appealed to the voters to return Congress candidates in the interests of the country.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Owing to the incidence of holidays the weekly accounts of the Reserve Bank of India will be published on Friday of this week instead of on Thursday.

Tenders for Rs. 25,00,000 of four months' Government of Central Provinces and Berar Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 31st January 1939. Total amount offered was Rs. 35,00,000.

Tenders at Rs. 99-1-0 were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 25,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 2-13-0 per cent. per annum.

WORLD CONSUMPTION OF COTTON

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled the following figures for World Consumption of American cotton and other growths:

American December	968,000
Other growths December	1,416,000
All cottons December	2,384,000
American Aug to December	4,731,000
Other growths Aug to Dec	6,892,000
All cottons Aug to Dec	11,623,000
	1937-38
American December	901,000
Other growths December	1,398,000
All cottons December	2,299,000
American Aug to Dec	4,957,000
Other growths Aug to Dec	7,100,000
All cottons Aug to Dec	12,057,000

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Jan 30

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars.
Amr Water Works Common	12
Amr Power and Light Common	6
Amr Power and Light Pfd 5 p.c. A	35
Amr Foreign Power Common	3
Amr Foreign Power Gold D 5 p.c.	48
Amr Foreign Power Pfd 7 per cent	17
Electric Power and Light 7 p.c. Pfd	36
Electric Bond Common	11
Electric Bond 5 per cent Pfd	56
Columbia Gas and Electric	7
United Corporation	3
Int Tel and Tel (Foreign)	9
Int Tel and Tel 4 1/2 p.c. 1952	63
Amr Tel and Tel	153
Sun Life of Canada	440
Western Union Teleg	22
Chesapeake and Ohio	34
Great Northern Pfd	25
New York Central	18
Union Pacific	92
Firestone Rubber	22
Firestone Rubber 6 p.c. Pfd	101
Texas Corporation	44 1/4
Amr Tobacco 'B'	85
Union Carbide	85
National Distillers	25
Eagle Picher	11
Lockhead	30
5 1/2 per cent Japanese 1965	59
6 1/2 per cent. Japanese 1954	76
4 per cent Delaware and Hudson 1943	58
3 1/4 per cent Amr Tel and Tel 1961	107
3 1/2 per cent Chesapeake and Ohio 1996	97
4 1/2 per cent Argentine Republic 1961	96
Cons Mining and Smelting of Canada	50
Harbisson Walker Pref	26
United States Steel	57
Bethlehem Steel	67
Bethlehem Steel 7 p.c. Pfd	107
Crucible Steel	38
Crucible Steel 7 per cent Pfd	94
Ludlum Steel	22
National Steel	73
Republic Steel	20
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	7
United States Smelting	56
Steel Company of Canada	71
Anaconda Copper Mining	29
Int Nickel of Canada	50
Westinghouse Electric	105
Chrysler Motor	72
General Motors	46 1/8
General Electric	39 3/4
Boeing Airplane	29
Douglas Aircraft	69
American Radiator	16
Barnsdall Oil	15
Consolidated Oil	8
Imperial Oil of Canada	16
Phillips Petroleum	39
Socony	12 3/8
Chase National Bank	30
National City Bank	24 3/4
National Dairy	13
Alaska Juneau	10
Chanley Distillers 5 1/2 p.c. Pfd	70
Eaton Manufacturing	23
Gillette Safety Razor 5 per cent pfd	45
Liggett Meyers 'B'	102
Guaranty Trust	246
Allis Chalmers	42
Youngstown Sheet	43

Turnover 800,000 shares. Steel Production 52.8 per cent against 51.2 per cent last week. Expect profit-taking on any further strength. Utilities lost T V. A. case in supreme court.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 31st January 1939. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,09,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-5-9 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-5-6 allotted approximately 92 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. One Crore, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 2-10-0 per cent. per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 7th February 1939. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 10th February 1939. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 27th January 1939, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,34,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Three months' intermediates will be sold from 2nd February to 6th February 1939 at Rs. 99-5-9 subject to the conditions previously announced (viz., sales can be stopped at any time without previous notice if Government think it necessary).

Three months' intermediates sold from 25th to 30th January 1939 amounted to Rs. 67,75,000.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Jan. 31.

M M s.s. Steel Engineer of 3450 reg tons Capt G P Shanah arrived from Galveston (Texas) via American Ports Port Said Aden and Karachi with general cargo

B I S N s.s. Naringa of 4117 reg tons Capt P G Hancock arrived from Rangoon via Cochin with rice timber and general cargo

P and O S N s.s. Burdwan of 2879 reg tons Capt C R Mill arrived from Rotterdam via Antwerp London Southampton Gibraltar Port Said and Port Sudan with general cargo

O S Kaisha's s.s. Ryuun Maru of 4052 reg tons Capt K Koga arrived from Yokohama via Japan Ports Hongkong Singapore Colombo and Marmagoa with general cargo

SAILED

L Edward's s.s. Solsten of 3196 reg tons Capt F Rafen sailed for Bahrein with local and same bottom cargo

L Edward's s.s. Marienfels of 4679 reg tons Capt H Henimann sailed for Port Said Antwerp Rotterdam Hamburg and Bremen with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Jan. 31.

2 Tannenfels 4833 Hamburg 10-2 L Edwards
4 Naringa 4118 NF NF M M
5 Marienfels 4679 Antwerp 31-1 L Edwards
7 Circassia 6580 Karachi 4-2 Anchor Line
9 British Monarch 3532 Karachi 3-2 N Y Kaisha
11 C/Leicester 1994 Karachi 2-2 J Finlay
12 City of Birmingham 3408 Karachi 4-2 K Nixon
13 Takliwa 3742 Durban 1-2 M M
15 Queda 4760 Antwerp 5-2 M M
16 Silverbeech 3096 Sourabaya 2-2 Volkart Bros

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Bamora 1570 P Gulf 1-2 M M
4 Varsova 1955 Bura 2-2 M M
5 Sophia Maru 677 Karachi 31-1 Merchant S N
7 Hakodate Maru 3226 Karachi 2-2 N Y Kaisha
10/11 Steel Engineer 3450 Colombo 1-2 M M
12/13 Orna 4090 Calcutta 3-2 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Kaisrand 859 Bhavnagar 2-2 B S N
G Hashemi 296 Malabar Coast 30-1 S Hassum
H Revati 250 Malabar Coast 1-2 Malabar Steamship
K Alipore 3241 N F N F M M
M Janaki 530 N F N F Malabar Steamship
O Jalaputra 3113 N F N F Scindia S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Burdwan 28-1-39 P and O
Rawalpindi 2-2-39 P and O S N
Strathallan 9-2-39 P and O S N
Dalgoma 15-2-39 M M
Canton 16-2-39 P and O S N
Ranpura 19-1-39 P and O S N
Mooltan 23-2-39 P and O
FROM HULL
City of Christchurch 6-2-39 J Finlay
FROM HAMBURG
Gaasterkerk 19-2-39 L Edwards
Ehrenfels 5-2-39 L Edwards
FROM GOTHENBURG
Tenerife 16-2-39 L Edwards
FROM NEW YORK
Pres. Harrison 9-2-39 F F Campbell
Pres. Hayes 23-2-39 F F Campbell
FROM TRIESTE
Conte Rosso 29-2-39 L Triestino
FROM GENOA
Conte Biancamano 6-2-39 L Triestino
Mauly 6-2-39 L Triestino
FROM CHINA AND JAPAN
Carthage 3-2-39 P and O S N
Ryuun Maru 29-1-39 O S Kaisha
Victoria 1-2-39 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 14-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Tamagawa Maru 30-1-39 M B Kaisha
Tango Maru 28-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Tokyo Maru 13-2-39 O S Kaisha
Conte Verde 14-2-39 L Triestino
Rajputana 18-2-39 P and O S N
FROM BASRA
Barala 2-2-39 M M
Varela 4-2-39 M M
FROM SYDNEY
Comorin 11-2-39 P and O S N
FROM DURBAN
Karanja 4-2-39 M M
Tairea 18-2-39 M M
FROM RANGOON
Jairashmi 3-2-39 Scindia S N
Jaladuta 1-2-39 Scindia S N
FROM BASSEIN
Tanfield 4-2-39 M M
FROM KARACHI
Vita 2-2-39 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Queda 5-2-39 M M
Carthage 4-2-39 P and O S N
Strathaird 25-2-39 P and O S N
Rajputana 18-2-39 P and O S N
Comorin 11-2-39 P and O S N
FOR LIVERPOOL
Circassia 10-2-39 Anchor Line
City of Birmingham 4-2-39 K Nixon
FOR HAMBURG
Tannenfels 10-2-39 L Edwards
Marienfels 1-2-39 L Edwards
FOR NEW YORK
Pres. Hayes 25-2-39 F F Campbell
Pres Harrison 11-2-39 F F Campbell
Silverbeech 4-2-39 Volkart Bros
FOR TRIESTE
Conte Verde 14-2-39 L Triestino
FOR GENOA
Conte Biancamano 9-3-39 L Triestino
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN
Conte Rosso 29-2-39 L Triestino
Ryuun Maru 11-2-39 O S Kaisha
Alipore 11-2-39 P and O S N
Burdwan 31-1-39 P and O S N
Rawalpindi 2-2-39 P and O S N
Bri Monarch 11-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Conte Biancamano 6-2-39 L Triestino
Canton 16-2-39 P and O S N
Hakodate Maru 15-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Tokyo Maru 26-2-39 O S Kaisha
FOR SYDNEY
Strathallan 19-2-39 P and O S N
FOR BASRA
Barala 8-2-39 M M
Varsova 2-2-39 M M
FOR DURBAN
Tairea 1-3-39 M M
Karanja 15-2-39 M M
FOR RANGOON
Jalaratna 28-1-39 Scindia S N
FOR CALCUTTA
Orna 3-2-39 M M
FOR KARACHI
Vita 4-2-39 M M
Circassia 4-2-39 Anchor Line
Nirpura 1-2-39 M M
Hakodate Maru 2-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Bri. Monarch 3-2-39 N Y Kaisha
Kybfels 30-1-39 L Edwards

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Nirpura 30-1-39
S S Kybfels 30-1-39
S S Chisone 30-1-39
S S Circassia 28-1-39
S S Jalakrishna 30-1-39
S S Narkunda (boats) 30-1-39
S S Varsova (boats) 30-1-39
S S Parvati 30-1-39
S S Sonavati 30-1-39
S S Irrawadi 30-1-39
S S Sophie Marie 30-1-39

EXPORT

Bombay, Jan. 31.

S S Hakodate Maru for Shanghai: 500 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha
For Kobe: 25 tons old steel scrap A Popatlal
S S Circassia for Liverpool: 100 bales wool raw C Lister; 130 bales wool raw The Eastern Wool Trading; 100 bales cotton waste M Chandulal; 12 bales cotton twist waste M Chandulal; 362 bales gr nut kernels S M Rajgor; 100 bales fenngreek seed S M Rajgor; 310 bags gr nut kernels G Gokalchand; 201 bags gr nut kernels K M Nathoo; 1300 bags gr nut oil cake K Prasad; 663 bags gr nut oil cake P Surchand; 1300 bags gr nut oil cake The Cotton Agents; 50 bales raw cotton C Jairam.
For Manchester: 125 bales cotton waste M Chandulal; 50 bales cotton twist waste M Chandulal.
For Glasgow: 60 bags gr nut kernels S M Rajgor.
For Marseilles: 25 bales cotton waste M Chandulal.
S S British Monarch for Kobe: 50 bales cotton raw N Manilal.

IMPORTS

S S Bamora Agent M Mackenzie from Bushire: 203 bags almond kernels
From Jask: 259 bags fish manure
From Muscat: 1868 bags dry dates; 55 crates pomegranates.
From Karachi: 13865 bags cement.
S S Sirsa Agent M Mackenzie from Vizagapatam: 400 bags niger seed.
From Tuticorin: 100 bales saroli mats
From Cochin: 125 bags cocoanuts.
From Calicut: 601 bags cocoanuts; 47 bags dry ginger; 68 pkgs coir rope; 80 pkgs copra; 152 cases coffee.

GATHERING OF MUSLIM WOMEN AT IMAMWADA

Miss G. Gokhale writes:—

Under the auspices of the Mahila Seva Mandal (the Women's Branch) of the Social Service League, Bombay, a gathering mostly consisting of purdahnashin Muslim ladies was held at the Urdu Training College for women at Imamwada, on Sunday last. Over two hundred women were present.

Mrs. Sultan Chinoy presided over the gathering.

Mrs. Shuffi Tyebji, the Chairman of the Mahila Seva Mandal Supervising Committee, addressed the meeting and asked the women, especially the purdahnashin women in the locality to take the fullest possible advantage of the industrial school for women conducted by the Mandal at Imamwada, describing the benefits they would give by acquiring proficiency in such arts as sewing and cutting, fancy work, etc. The well-to-do women would said Mrs. Tyebji, thereby be able to spend their leisure usefully and with interest, the lower middle class women would be able to save a good deal of their tailor's bill and the poor would have the means whereby to supplement their families' income.

Mrs. Sultan Chinoy gave away certificates and prizes to the successful students of the Industrial School and enclosed the services the Mandal was rendering to the women in the locality.

Traffic Islands In City

The Commissioner of Police notifies as follows:—

Traffic islands are being laid down at the following places and will be constructed by the Bombay Municipality as soon as funds are available.

Parel-Poibavdi, Lady Jamshedji Road —Gokhale Road, Gokhale Road—Portuguese Church, Palton Road and Hornby Road, Mahomedally Road—Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road, Carnac Road—Frere Road, Clare Road—Bellasis Road, Worli Road and Worli Sea Face Road, Sandhurst Road—Falkland Road, Lalbaug and Arthur Road—Parel Chawl Road Junction, Jail Road East—Babula Tank, Love Grove Road—Haines Road—Worli Road, Warden Road-Nepean Sea Road—Gowalia Tank Road, Mahim Chowk, Babulnath Road—Chowpatty Sea Face, Mint Road—Frere Road (Fort Market), Mahomedali Road—Carnac Road, Lamington Road—Club Road, Junction of Lady Hardinge Road and Lady Jamshedji Road, Charni Road—Queen's Road, Warden Road-Pedder Road, Victoria Garden Road—Chinchpokli Road, Hughes Road-Babulnath Road, New Parbhadevi Road—Cadell Road, Old Parbhadevi Road—Cadell Road, Foras Road—Falkland Road, Bhawanishankar Road—Gokhale Road, Wari Bunder Road—Reay Road, Frere Road—Elphinstone Bridge, Rampart Row-Apollo Street, Arthur Road-DeLisle Road Junction, Custom House Road—Bank Street, Lady Jamshedji Road-North Y Road and Road to Shivaji Park.

Installation of traffic lights is being considered at Marine Drive and the system will be extended to other places in Bombay when funds are available.

Uncertainty Over U.S.A. Farm Legislation

FOUR MILLION BALES OF LOAN COTTON TO BE MARKETED

New York Near Months Down But Distants Firm

BOMBAY, Jan. 31.

Reports regarding U. S. A. Farm Legislation are very contradictory and the latest denial by Senator Bankhead makes the situation as confused and uncertain as ever.

The New York Cotton Market was distinctly confused by Senator Bankhead's denial of reports from Washington that the administration intends to ask the Congress for authority to give growers 4 Million Bales of loan cotton for immediate marketing in return for reduction in the acreage of 1939.

Herr Hitler's speech was regarded as moderate and failed to have any effect on the market. There was considerable transferring of near long interest to distants which resulted in a decline of 10 points in near months while distant deliveries improved 4 points.

The New York cotton market opened steady. Nears eased on liquidation, Mill selling and hedging. Distants advanced on moderate foreign buying with traders renearing their waiting attitude. The market was irregular.

At the opening March was quoted 4 points down 8.35 and improved to 8.39 which was the highest level for the day. Later on there was increased selling for pressure and prices declined to 8.30 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a decline of 10 points for near months but distant months advanced 4 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points at 8.90c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a loss of 8 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices, were reduced 8 points at 8.55c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points with March 4.79. Apart from hedging of outsiders and light Bombay selling the market was featureless, pending Hitlers speech. Later on the market was irregular in unison with New York. Hedging and liquidation of nears and selling of nears against purchases of distants was the feature with American buying of distants. The market closed unchanged to a rise of 5 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced one point.

EGYPTIAN MARKET.

Egyptian cotton market was steady and Giza futures closed 6 points up. Uppers futures advanced 3 to 4 points with Spot cotton unchanged at 5.78d. The Alexandria cotton market was closed.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co. state:

GINNING FIGURES

The ginning report, issued by the U. S. A. Government in the beginning of the week, showed ginnings of 1,15,56,000 bales. From the figure it can be said that the final crop will be as expected.

Under the present circumstances, the market would hardly be effected by the final crop turning out somewhat more or less. For the coming year new schemes some of which are complicated and difficult to understand are coming out. The preamble of all these schemes is same viz. that prices of American cotton be maintained and her consumption increase.

Some people now venture to even suggest that in order that almost all cotton growing countries of the world may put control on the cotton acreage, if U. S. A. Government releases cotton in its possession sells it in the market, the cotton prices would decline which would make it difficult for all cotton growing countries to grow cotton. Although we would hardly believe that U. S. A. would create such a situation, but the threat that lying behind such talks is likely to turn out dangerous not only for the present but for good. If U. S. A. would think over the matter taking long views of it it would even feel that it is the bumper crops of American cotton produced in 1926 and 1937 which has created the present painful situation about cotton and that the advantage of the crop control has been best taken by its neighbours. India has neither increased her acreage nor the crop. The present cotton acreage and crop of India are very much less than they should be and hence the talks of placing control over it can have no meaning.

POLITICAL SITUATION

The political situation has once again presented disquieting aspect. Franco has almost completely captured state power of Spain and this position has its reactions on the power of France and England. One party has been formed in England to overthrow Mr. Chamberlain, the prime minister of England from his present post, and Mr. Lloyd George has also joined the party.

The danger of war in England is increasing day by day, and as a result of that the businessmen are paying less attention towards business. Disquiet is increasing in that country also owing to business and industries being ruined; only the number of unemployed has ceased increasing due to the preparations for war. The condition of mills there appears to be worsening day by day. The effect of all these is hardly encouraging.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (10-4 a.m.)	8.38—01
New York March lowest (1-22 p.m.)	8.30—10
Liverpool March highest	4.79+03
Liverpool March lowest	4.76

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Near months easy and distant months good on growing belief that loan for new crops will not be altered this season although legislation may release four million bales to growers on consideration of a corresponding decrease in current acreage. Think bullish in the long run.

The uncertainty of the outlook checks business. Near positions are most affected owing to the small 'spot' demand. Lancashire yarn in poor demand.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their New York friends:—

'Easier old crop months strength new crop months due to fears Government release part of loan stocks and expectation of continuance of acreage control. Trading market.'

'Believe nervousness over European situation overdone. Trade regards present new crop prices reasonable, would buy them.'

'Domestic mills believing present difference wide enough buying October cotton in New York selling March cotton in New York.'

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Jan 30

March	8.30—10
May	8.01—09
July	7.78—03
October	7.46+04
December	7.44+04
January	7.45+04
Middling Spot	8.90—10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Jan 30

March	8.45—08
May	8.14—08
July	7.91—03
Middling Spot	8.55—08

NEW YORK
New York, Jan 30

11-00 A.M. RANGES—

March	8.34/8.34
May	8.05/8.05
July	7.78/7.78

NOON CALL—

March	8.32
May	8.02
July	7.78

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Jan 30

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	11,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	8,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	13,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Jan 30

January	4.76+01
February	4.76
March	4.76
April	4.74
May	4.73
June	4.69+01
July	4.65+02
August	4.61+04
September	4.56+04
October	4.52+05
November	4.52+05
December	4.53+05
January	4.54+05
Middling Spot	5.13+01
10-12 a.m. quotations	
March	4.78
May	4.75

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Jan 30

GIZA—	
Spot	7.35+4
January	6.99+6
March	6.83+6
May	6.80+6
GIZA NO. 2—	
January	6.91+3
March	6.95+3
May	7.01+4
July	7.04+4
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.87—0
January	5.72+8
March	5.73+3
May	5.79+4
July	5.83+3
October	5.75+4
November	5.75+4

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Jan 30

Fair rio coffee No. 7 quality Sellers	5 1/8

LINSEED OIL
London, Jan 30

Linseed oil naked London per cwt Feb sellers	23/1 1/2
Linseed oil naked London per cwt May Aug sellers	23

LONDON RUBBER
London, Jan 30

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb Sellers	7 13/16

LONDON SPELTER
London, Jan 30

Spelter Hard (Indian brand) f o b	11 1/2 to 13 1/2

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan 31

Following a decline of 10 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 152/8 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 153 on scattered buying and covering. The market was steady as American Government does not intend release 4 million bales from loan cotton and the tone of the market was steady. Business was restricted and fluctuations were narrow.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 3 points and later was reported one point up. In the local market Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs 153 and the market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G—			
Broach A/M.	Rs.	153	6 0
Broach J/A		155	4 0
Fine M G—			
Oomra March		140	2 0
Oomra May		140	4 0
F G M G—			
Bengal March		116	4 0
Bengal May		116	14 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Jan. 31.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG.	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	125	122	119	116	
Punjab	125	122	119	116	
Rajputana	127	124	121	118	
Oomra No. 3	149	146	143	140	...
C. P. N. 1	164	161	158	155	...
C. P. No. 2	155	152	149	146	...

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 31.

Bengal Superfine	123/24
Bengal Fine	120/21
Bengal F.G.	117/18
C. P. 1	156/60
C. P. 2	150/51
Arvi	151/52
Amraoti	140/41
Ellichpur	145/46
Berar	141/42
Malkapur	138/40
Khandesh	125/30
Jaina/Sailu	134/36
Burwah/Sanavad	139/41
Khandwa	139/41
Mathia F.G.	110/15
Punjab 4 F.	173/78
Punjab 289 F.	201/05
Sindh N.T.	193/200

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Jan. 31.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales.	Since 1st September. 2 days	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh	162	30,073	22,236
Central India	2,703	146,136	12,336
Barsi and Nagar	637	41,248	53,729
Hyderabad-Gaorani		3,931	19,593
Berar	751	89,860	116,338
Central Provinces		22,905	24,241
Total Oomras	4,369	334,143	247,473
Dholera	561	89,315	19,362
N.-W. Provinces		1,794	2,085
Rajputana	892	31,626	2,271
Sind-Punjab	889	210,800	289,613
Broach	260	16,016	1,737
Coompta and Dharwar		13,947	9,288
Western-Northerns	258	17,316	2,521
Coconada		6	12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,540	908
Persian			
American		1,693	93,064
Egyptian, African and Sudan	596	148,031	174,079
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		7	1,170
Total	7,827	867,231	848,584
Arrived by road to 26th Jan. 1939		169,114	...

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 26th Jan.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Europe	404	111,937	105,588
Japan and China	1,600	441,559	143,327
Coast Ports	152	16,521	31,296
Up-country by Rail		118,651	157,292
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		46,401	46,992
Total	2,156	735,069	484,495

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 30-1-39	3236000	6454000
Receipts Yesterday 30-1-39	11000	25000
Exports to date 30-1-39	2303000	4000000
Stock at Ports 27-1-39	2823000	3231000
Stock at Interior Towns 27-1-39	3288000	2626000
Stock at Liverpool 27-1-39	1066000	1110000
Visible Supply 27-1-39	7320000	7685000
Quantity in sight 27-1-39	7536000	11107000
Quantity out of sight 27-1-39	5851000	6303000

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Jan. 31.

Wheat	2,116 cwts.
Linseed	1,161 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	163 cwts.
Gingellyseed	460 cwts.
Poppyseed	196 cwts.
Groundnuts	16,551 cwts.
Castorseed	1,469 cwts.
Rice	18,189 cwts.
Myrabollams	2,298 cwts.
Cottonseed	3,048 cwts.
Gram	835 cwts.
Jooware	1,107 cwts.
Maize	48 cwts.
Barley	285 cwts.
Bajree	908 cwts.
Indian Sugar	13,527 cwts.

LONDON SEEDS
London, Jan 30

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. Jan nominal	10-16-3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. Jan sellers	12-12-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. Jan sellers	13-0-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. Jan Feb sellers	11-17-6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. Jan Feb sellers	11-1-3

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Jan 31

Yesterday London gold prices declined one point at £7-8-7 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 176.97. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.67 15/16. London Spot silver prices declined 1/8d. to 20 1/16d. and forward declined 3/16d. to 19 11/16d. There was small general speculative selling and support was poor. Later on there was small buying at fixed rates but sellers were reserved. New York Spot silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 0/8. London Bombay Spot parity was Rs. 52-15-3 and forward was Rs. 52-0-3. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 23-12-0. The local market was fairly quiet with scattered selling

GOLD			
Ready		37	1 0
Maha delivery		37	1 6
Maha Tejimandi		0	1 3
Fagan delivery		37	2 3
Fagan Tejimandi		0	1 0
SILVER			
Ready		52	3 0
Maha delivery		52	2 0
Maha Tejimandi		0	5 0
Fagan delivery		52	0 0
Fagan Tejimandi		0	15 0

LONDON SILVER
London, Jan 30

Spot	20 1/16
Forward	19 11/16

LONDON GOLD
London, Jan 30

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-8-7 1/2

LONDON METALS

London, Jan 30

Copper	£42 15 0
Lead	£14 15 0
Spelter	£13 17 6
Tin	£212 15 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Jan. 31.

London Market—
Standard copper cash (buyers) £42-10-0
Standard copper 3 months 42-17-6
Electrolytic copper 48-10-0
Bombay Market—
Yellow metal sheets Rs. 40-4-0
Copper sheets Rs. 48-10-0
Tone:—Steady.

BAKRI-ID HOLIDAY

All city markets will remain entirely closed on Wednesday being Bakri-Id a Mahomedan Holiday.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Jan. 30.

February	£10-5.
March	£10-6-3.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Jan. 31.

Castorseed May—	
Opening	27 12 0
Highest	27 12 0
Lowest	27 8 6
Closing	27 10 0
Groundnuts Feb.—	
Opening	27 12 0
Highest	27 12 6
Lowest	27 8 0
Closing	27 8 6
Groundnuts May—	
Opening	28 14 0
Highest	28 14 6
Lowest	28 10 6
Closing	28 10 6
Cottonseed May—	
Opening	21 9 6
Highest	21 9 9
Lowest	21 8 0
Closing	21 8 3

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Jan. 30.

March	57 3/8d.
May	57 5/8d.
March New	54d.
May New	54 3/8d.
July New	55 1/2d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Jan. 30.

May	dol 0.69 5/8.
July	dol 0.69 1/2.
September	dol 0.70 1/4.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Jan. 31.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-4.
Shipment March Rs. 5-10-6.
Shipment April-June Rs. 5-12.
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 5-14-6.
Kesar Rs. 15-6.
Sarays Rs. 15-5.
Java Spot F 6.00.

New York Sugar

New York, Jan. 30.

March	1.93.
May	1.91.
July	1.95.
September	1.99.

LONDON SUGAR

London, Jan 30

March	sh. 6 3d.

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE

Bombay, Jan. 31.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—			
February	97	0	0
April	98	0	0
June	98	0	0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s.—			
February	107	8	0
April	108	0	0
June	108	4	0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—			
February	143	8	0
April	143	8	0
June	144	0	0
Yarn No. 40s.—			
February	223	0	0
April	223	0	0
June	223	0	0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan 31

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	97/4
2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	98/12
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	100/12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	101/12
3 per cent 1963/65	97/10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/59	104/10
4 per cent 1940/43 Bonds	107/8
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/10
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	117/8
5 per cent U P Bonds	98
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	101/2
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	104/8
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1943/55	115
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	111/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent 1974 B P T	109/8
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	109/4
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	118
5 per cent 1954 M Deb	130
6 per cent M Deb 1954	129
6 per cent K P T 1956	129

Unchanged. Steady.

Note:—3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes opened at Rs. 96/10 to close better at Rs. 97/1 for next settlement. Budli difference moved between Re. 0-2-9 to Re. 0-3-3. Trend steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Jan 31

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 27/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying T T 1/5 31/32 Ready
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/32 to May
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 287
Bank's buying T T 284
Bank's buying D D 283 1/4
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,305
Bank's buying T T 1,327
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 5/8
Bank's buying T T 77 7/8
Bank's buying 60 days 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 64 1/8
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 64
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 84 3/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 47 3/4
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 156 3/4
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 86
CROSS RATE—
New York London 4.68.25 30th instant
Japan London 1/2 1/64 31st instant
Hongkong London 1/2 15/16 31st instant
Shanghai London 0/8 11/32 31st instant
Java London 8.66 1/2 31st instant
London Paris 176.97 30th instant
London Belgium 27.66 30th instant
London Switzerland 20.71 3/4 30th instant
London Berlin 11.66 30th instant
London Stockholm 19.42 3/8 30th instant
London New York 4.67.65 30th instant
London Amsterdam 8.69 30th instant
London Italy 88.85 30th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-8-8 1/2 28th instant
Gold £7-8-7 1/2 30th instant
Silver London ready 20 3/16 28th instant
Silver London Ready 20 1/16 30th instant
Silver London Forward 19 7/8 28th instant
Silver London Forward 19 11/16 30th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 28th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 30th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 28th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 30th instant
London discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 28th instant
London discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 30th instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—
Call 1 1/2 per cent.
3 months 2 per cent.
6 months 1 3/4 per cent.
Tone: Steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Jan 30

Call Loan London		1/2
3 per cent		74 1/4
3 1/2 per cent		88
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	99	1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	105	1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	109	1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	113	1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	106	
3 per cent 1949/52	95	1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	68	5/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	96	1/4
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	106	1/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary		41/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Jan 30

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	71	1/2 nom
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	7	41/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later		88
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	109	1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	68	5/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	96	5/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	96	1/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	106	1/8
Victory Bonds	106	1/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	8	7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	82	1/2
National Bank of India	31	1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	10	

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Jan 30

T T London on:—	
New York	4.67.65
Paris	176.97
Berlin	11.66
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.70 15/16
Amsterdam	8.68 1/2
Brussels	27.66
Milan	93.85
Berne	20.71 3/4

Sharp Rebound In Steel Shares

ACTIVE COVERING BY PROFESSIONAL SHORTS

Cotton And Cement Shares Steady

BOMBAY, January 31.

Herr Hitler's speech being better than expectation, the Wall Street market yesterday ruled steady and U.S. Steel shares advanced dollars 2 1/2 and Anaconda Copper Mining Shares improved dol. 1 3/4.

After a day to day drastic decline particularly in Tata Steel Shares, the local market was in mood of a natural reaction as the market was thoroughly liquidated and some short interest was created at about yesterday's lowest level.

Although there is no return of confidence which is natural as those who supported the market believing prices low, suffered heavy losses and manufacturers also reduced prices of steel products. At the same time the uncertainty over Budget proposals continues and those who have burned fingers will have no courage to enter the market although present prices are very attractive as compared with the beginning of the month. Thus the market is left entirely at the mercy of professional operators and while fears are entertained of some trouble at the next "Valan", there seems little danger for any ugly development.

At the opening Tata Steel Dfd. shares were quoted at Rs. 1170 and advanced to Rs. 1190 but renewed selling by professional depressed prices to the opening level but once again prices hardened to Rs. 1195. The Market was steady around this level. Cotton mill shares also ruled steady and Associated Cements also firmed up to Rs. 120 but later closed at Rs. 119.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Jan. 31.

100	Ahmd. Advance	416 4
200	BOMBAY DYEING	862 8
100	CENTURY	233 8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	226 0
100	COLABA	137 0
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn	320 0
	I. E. D. Sassoon	0-4-9
100	Finlay	109 0
100	GOKAK	136 0
1,000	Hindustan	1,705 0
100	Indore	46 8
100	Khatau	106 8
100	KOHINOOR	257 8
150	Laxmi	507 8
250	Madras United	35 0
100	Morarji	129 0
250	Model	51 8
50	MYSORE	80 0
200	NEW GREAT	214 0
100	Osmanshahi	80 0
100	PHOENIX	223 0
25	Sassoon Silk	71 8
1,000	Sholapur	3225 0
50	SIMPELX	74 12
100	SWADESHI	214 0
100	Swan	105 0
500	Vishnu	1,187 8
1,000	Westerns	860 0
	BANKS	
50-100	Baroda	116 0
25-50	Central	32 14
500	Imperial	1530 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	368 12
50-100	India	146 12
100	Reserve Bank	110 12
5	Unions	5-14
	CEMENTS	
100	Associated	119 0
	INSURANCE	
100	Empire	685 0
15-100	Jupiter	12 13
20	Mercantile	52 8
15-100	New India	35 8
200	Oriental	4240 0
10-50	Vulcan	7-2-6
	ELECTRIC	
100	Ah. Old	138 4
1000	ANDHRA	1,380 0
10	Ajmer	11 14
50	Bombay Tram	122 8
100	Bombay Suburban	145 4
10	Broach	9 12
100	Karachi	190 0
100	Poona	170 10
100	Surat	180 0
700	TATA HYDRO	150 0
1000	TATA POWERS	1,262 8
	RAILWAYS	
100	Ahmedabad Prantij	955 0
100	C. Province	99 8
100	Dn Baramati	103 12
100	Gujarat	96 0
100	Mandra Bhon	102 0
100	Pachora Jamner	95 0
100	Sara Serajganj	104 0
500	Tapti Valley	745 0
	MININGS	
9	Burma Corp.	5 11
8sh.	Indian Copper	2 2
10	Indian Iron and Steel	28 8
10	Shivrajpur	40 8
70	TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1,185 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	264 0
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	ALCOCK	311 8
10	Air Services	9 4
60	BELAPUR SUGAR	174 8
200-250	Bombay Safe Dep.	840 0
150	BOMBAY STEAM	214 0
125	B. BURMA	455 0
50	Bombay Conty.	155 10
8sh.	B. Petrol	3 9
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	79 4
100	In. BLEACHING	122 0
50	Ind Invest Trust	42 0
100	I. Radio Defd	390 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	380 0
100	Port Canning	69 0
30	Premier Con.	61 12
15	Scindia	17 15
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	41 4
	PREFERENCE	
5 1/2	Amalgmad (T. F.)	106 0
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,495 0
6	p. c. Bombay Steam	285 0
7	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	74 0
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	558 12
6½	p.c. Prem. Const 1st.	108 6
6-1/4	p.c. Prem. Const 2nd	100 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	147 8
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1575 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	208 8
7½	p.c Tata Steel 2nd	155 8
7	p.c Vishnu	717 8
	DEBENTURES	
3-3/4	p.c Andhra Valley	102 9
6	p.c Andhra Valley	105 8
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	51 14
7	p.c. Sholapur	80 8
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	108 0

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Jan 31

Bombay Dyeing (852/8) 858 860 862 860 863 862
Century (233/8) 234 235 233 234 233/8
Central India (224) 225 227 225 226
Kohinoor (255/8) 256 257 257/8
New Great (213) 215 214
Simplex (74/4) 75 74 74/12
Swadeshi (212) 213 214
Associated Cement (118) 119 119/8 118/8 119
Andhra (1380) 1380
Tramo Ord (121/8) 122 122/8
Tata Hydro (149) 149
Tata Power (1265) 1267 1265 1262/8
T Steel Defd (1125) 1170 1190 1175 1185 1175 1180 1172 1187 1180 1195 1187 1185
T Steel Ord (254) 263 265 262 264 261 263 262 264
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (155/8) 156 155/8
Bellapur (173) 175 174/8
B Steam (214) 214
B Burma (452/8) 455 456 455

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Jan 31

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent paper	97/4
4 per cent 1960/70	110/10
5 per cent 1945/55	114/14
BANKS	
Bank of Baroda	115
Bank of Hindusthan	31/4
Bank of India	147/4
Central Bank	32/14
Imperial Bank F P	1530
Imperial Bank P P	368/12
Indian Overseas Bank	46
Reserve Bank	110/12
Union Bank	5/14
TEXTILES	
Ahmd New Textiles	397/8
Ambica	281/4
Arul	215
Arvind	1205
Asok	205
Bharatkhand	2300
Bombay Dyeing	863/12
Buckingham and Carnatics	196
Calico	622/8
Central India	225/10
Century	233/12
Colaba	136/14
Delhi Cloth and Gen Mills	480
Gokak	135/10
Hukumchand	188/2
Indore	46/4
Jubilee	220
Khatau Makanji	106/4
Kohinoor	257/8
Laxmi Cotton	507/8
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	99/6
Morarji	128/12
Mysore	88/12
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	213/12
Raipur	692/8
Rajnagar	185
Saijan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	73/8
Sholapur	3225
Simplex	74/8
Swadeshi	213/12
Vishnu	1187/8
HYDRO ELECTRICS	
Andhra Valley Ord	1380
Tata Hydro Ord	150
Tata Power Ord	1262/8
ELECTRICS	
Ahmedabad Electrics	138/8
Ajmer Electrics	12/8
Amalgamated	12/6
Bombay Suburban	145
Bombay Tram	122/8
Surat Electrics	173/12
MISCELLANEOUS	
Alcock Ashdown	311/4
Associated Cements	119
Belapur	174/6
Bombay Burma New	155/10
Bombay Burma Old	455
Bombay Steam	213/12
Bombay Telehone	79/4
Br B Petrol	3/9
Burma Corporation	5/11
Dalmia Cement	10/1
Indian Bleaching	121/14
Industrial Investment Tr	42
Indian Radio Ord	380
Indian Radio Defd	390
Indian Copper	2/2
Indian Iron	28/8
Mysore Sugar	29/4
Port Canning	69
Premier Construction	61/12
Rohtas Industries	25/8
Scindia Steam	17/15
Shivrajpur	40/8
Tata Oil	41/4
Tata Steel Ordy	265
Tata Steel Defd	1190
JUTES	
Birla Jute	16/12
Howrah	55
Hukumchand	6/8
Kamarhatty	507
Kankinarrah	388
Lawrence	372
Reliance	64

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Jan 30

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Jan Feb sellers	21/10 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo	unquoted
Wheat South Australian Jan sellers	24

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1939

Crisis And Struggle Ahead

Mahatma-Sardar Talks At Bardoli

CALL TO ARMS AGAINST STATES IMMINENT

Non-Violent Armies To Invade Rajkot: Gujarat Prepares

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 31.

A great crisis and intense struggle is ahead in the very near future on the question of Indian States, is the general opinion of leading Congress workers who have returned from Bardoli after consultations with Sardar Patel and Gandhiji.

Be Ready To March

It is definitely stated that the Sardar has advised leading Congress workers to be in readiness with men and money for the struggle in Rajkot. The Sardar had prolonged talks with Gandhiji in this matter on the 28th and 29th instant. As a result of these talks the Sardar has decided to send non-violent armies from every corner of Gujarat and Kathiawar to Rajkot.

Mahatma To Give Call

Meanwhile Gandhiji is studying the situation in the States with patience It is understood that Gandhiji will ask the country and the Congress to decide their fate in case repression continues in the States. That is to say, Gandhiji will give a call for "war" to the whole nation on the States issue.

Enrol Volunteers

The Sardar has asked Gujarat workers to enrol volunteers in thousands throughout the Porvince.

Mahatma's Grave Indictment Of Resident's Conduct

BARDOLI, January 31.

Gandhiji has issued the following statement to the press:—

"Appeals are being made to me not to precipitate matters in the States These appeals are unnecessary. After three months of non-violent struggle by the people of Rajkot there was an honourable understanding arrived at between the Thakore Saheb-in-Council and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel representing the people and the struggle was closed amid general rejoicings. But the noble work done by Thakore Saheb and the people has been undone by the British Resident.

Honour demanded that the people should fight unto death for the restoration of the covenant between the Thakore Saheb and his people. The struggle now is not between the Ruler and his people, but in reality it is between the Congress and the British Government represented by the Resident, who is reported to be resorting to organised "goondaism." He is trying thereby to break the spirit of innocent men and women, who rightly resent the breach of faith

It is misrepresentation to suggest that Rajkot has been made a test case. There is no planned action with reference to Kathiawad States. What is happening is that those, who feel that they are ready for suffering, come to the Sardar for advice and he guides them. Rajkot seemed ready and the fight commenced there.

JAIPUR'S CASE

"Jaipur's case is incredibly simple and different from that of Rajkot. If my information is correct the British Prime Minister there is determined to prevent even movement for popularising the ideal for responsible government. Civil disobedience in Jaipur is being, therefore offered not for responsible government but for removal of the bans on the Praja Mandal and its President Seth Jamnalal Bajaj.

In my opinion it is the duty of the Viceroy to ask the Resident in Rajkot to restore the pact and to ask the British Prime Minister of Jaipur to lift the bans Such action by the Viceroy can in no sense be interpreted to mean unwarranted interference in the affairs of States."—A. P.

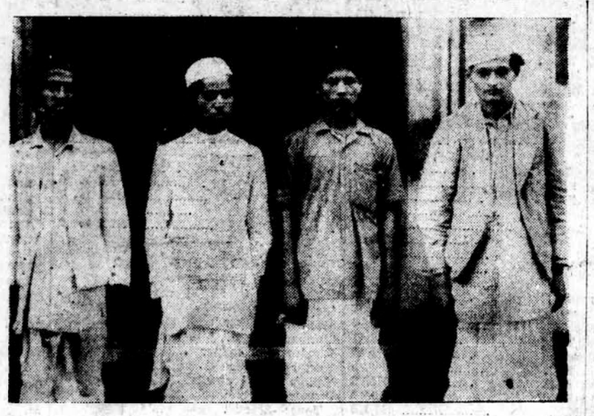
SUBHAS BOSE ELECTED

A. I. C. C. Secretariat Confirms Press Reports

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 31.

The following press statement has been issued from the A. I. C. C. office:

"The A. I. C. C. office has received telegrams from all provinces, except the Punjab and Burma, communicating results of the presidential election held on January 29. Confirmation of telegrams has been received so far from Bihar, Bengal and Delhi. The results of voting in all provinces has already appeared in the Press and from telegram received in the office, it appears to be correct. It must be therefore understood that Shree Subhas Chandra Bose has been elected President of 52nd. session of the Congress to be held at Tripuri (Mahakoshal)".—United Press.



This first batch of satyagrahis left Bombay for Rajkot on Monday night to participate in the struggle there.

RIFT IN CONGRESS MAY BE CLOSED

MADRAS, Jan. 31.

The "Madras Mail" says:—"Wardha has been defeated says one commentator. If this is true, Wardha's influence will cease to be paramount in the Congress, and the crisis Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru foresees may arrive within the specified time, a crisis that will bring into existence that reasonable but progressive political party for which India waits and another with Socialism as its avowed policy and declared aim.

"We shall not know until the time comes for Mr. Bose to form his Cabinet. Meanwhile, there should be abundant opportunities for the spirit of compromise to exert its influence, and the rift within the Congress be closed. Thus the conflict, which must come sooner or later between the right and left wing of the Congress, may be postponed, and a campaign—necessarily largely artificial in view or Mr. Bose's own disclosures—against Federation be used to hide the growing gulf between the divergent elements."—A. P.

GANDHIJI TO OPEN NEW DELHI TEMPLE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 30.

Gandhiji will perform the formal opening ceremony of the Sanatan Dharma Temple in Reading Road, New Delhi, in March next.

A huge procession was organised yesterday in which about a lakh of people participated including Sikhs and Harijans. Preliminary ceremonies for the opening are going on.—United Press.

15 PERSONS ARRESTED IN SUKKUR

Sequel To Picketing In Girls High School

KARACHI, Jan. 31.

15 persons were arrested in connection with picketing in the Girls High School Sukkur, which Lady Graham was to visit last evening. The picketing was organised as a protest against recent orders imposing heavy fines ranging from Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 1,10,000 on several silk dealers on a charge of smuggling.

Large crowds collected in the vicinity of the school. The police dispersed them after a mild lathi charge Later it was announced that Lady Graham's visit to the school had been cancelled.—A. P.

COMMUNAL CLASH IN SIND VILLAGE

KARACHI, Jan. 31.

Five Hindus are reported to have been injured in a communal clash on the occasion of Id in the Jherruck Village, 90 miles to the east of Karachi.

The Deputy Superintendent of Police has left for the scene of occurrence.—A. P.

SWAMI SATYADEVA'S VISIT TO AMERICA

Regarding his visit to Germany to give lectures on Arvan Culture Swami Satva Deva says he is invited by a devotee who has started an Ashram for study in Aryan Culture and is going to give lectures there. He is not invited either by German Government nor by Herr Hitler.

AGITATION AGAINST VIDYAMANDIR SCHEME

30 Muslims Arrested For Offering Satyagraha

NAGPUR, January 31.

Altogether 30 Muslims courted arrest to-day in seven different batches near the main gate of the C. P. Secretariat for defiance of the Additional District Magistrate's order calling upon them to disperse.

Arrests continued to be made for one hour, each batch following the other. To-day's arrests included Khan Bahadur Siddiqal Khan, M.L.A (Cen.) who led the first batch on January 26, some members of the first batch and all the ten Muslims consituting the second batch, who again presented themselves for offering satyagraha as a protest against the Vidyamandir Scheme.

A crowd of 1,000 Muslims watched the arrests and continued to shout slogans indicating their protest against Government's scheme. Later they dispersed quietly. Mounted police controlled the crowd but the demonstrations were peaceful.—A. P.

Karachi—Information received here indicates that the "Bakar-Id" celebrations were marked by a Hindu-Muslim clash at Jherruk, a suburb of Karachi. Five Hindus were injured. The town is panick-stricken and the Hindus closed their shops

SUKKUR Jan. 31.

Sukkur—Khan Bahadur Allahbux, Premier, and Mr. Nichaldas Wazirani, P W. D. Minister, arrived here to meet the Governor.—United Press.

Mahatma Rejoices In Subhas' Victory

But Admits Delegates Do Not Approve Of Principles And Policy For Which Gandhiji Stands

BARDOLI, January 31.

Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following statement on the occasion of the Presidential election of Mr. Subhas Bose:—

Mr. Subhas Bose has achieved a decisive victory over his opponent Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya.

I must confess that from the very beginning I was decidedly against his re-election for reasons into which I need not go.

I do not subscribe to his facts or the argument in his manifestos. I think that his references to his colleagues were unjustified and unworthy. Nevertheless, I am glad of his victory. And since I was instrumental in inducing Dr. Pattabhi not to withdraw his name as a candidate when Maulana Saheb withdrew, the defeat is more mine than his, and I am nothing, if I do not represent definite principles and policy.

Therefore, it is plain to me that the delegates do not approve of the principles and policy for which I stand. I rejoice in this defeat.

It gives me an opportunity of putting into practice, what I preached in my article on walk-out of minority at last A.-I.C.C meeting in Delhi.

Subhas Babu instead of being President on the sufferance of those, whom he call Rightists is now President elected in a contested election. This enables him to choose a homogeneous cabinet and enforce his programme without let or hindrance.

There is one thing common between majority and minority. insistence on internal purity of the Congress organisation

My writings in the "Harijan" have shown that the Congress is fast becoming a corrupt organisation in the sense that its registers contain a very large number of bogus members I have been suggesting for the past many months the overhauling of these registers. I have no doubt that many of the delegates who have been elected on the strength of these bogus voters would be unseated on scrutiny.

But I suggest no such drastic step. It will be enough if the registers are purged of all bogus voters and are made fool-proof for the future.

The minority has no cause for being disheartened. If they believe in the current programme of the Congress, they will find that it can be worked, whether they are in a minority or a majority and even whether they are in the Congress or outside it.

The only thing that may possibly be affected by the changes is the parliamentary programme.

The ministers have been chosen and the programme shaped by the erstwhile majority. But parliamentary work is but a minor item of the Congress programme. Congress ministers have after all to live from day to day. It matters little to them whether they are recalled on an issue, in which they are in agreement with the Congress policy or whether they resign, because they are in disagreement with the Congress.

"After all Subhas Babu is not an enemy of his country. He has suffered for it In his opinion his is the most forward and boldest policy and programme. The minority can only wish it all success If they cannot keep peace with it, they must come out of the Congress. If they can, they will add strength to the majority.

"The minority may not obstruct on any account. They must abstain, when they cannot co-operate. I must remind all Congressmen that those, who being Congress-minded remain outside it by design, represent it most. Those, therefore, who feel uncomfortable in being in the Congress, may come out, not in a spirit of ill will, but with the deliberate purpose of rendering more effective service."—A. P.

MAHARAJA FIGHTS SATYAGRAHA WITH NON-VIOLENCE

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 31.

Sensational reports of Forest Satyagraha in the Benares State have been received here. It is stated that about 2,000 persons are engaged in the 'Satyagraha' in Chakia District. The State people are reported to have given an ultimatum to the Maharaja of Benares for the issue of a proclamation conceding their demand for Self-Government. The State Congress is leading the movement. Cutting of trees began on January 26, the Independence Day.

People from outside the State have also now joined in the Satyagraha. Trees are being felled from day to day in countless numbers and wood and timber are being freely transported from the forests to villages in the vicinity both in the State and British India. It is said that the loss caused to the State exceeds Rs. 1,00,000.

The State police and forest officials are watching the situation, but have taken no steps to prevent the 'Satyagraha.' It is said that Maharaja does not desire to come in conflict with the Congressmen which might result in loss of life. The Maharaja and his officers in this case are strictly adhering to the Congress creed of non-violence.

It is said that higher Congress authorities in U. P. have advised the suspension of 'Satyagraha,' but the State Congress dictator has refused to do so

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE HAND OF POWER*

I'D LIKE TO KNOW WHO PLACED A CERTAIN AD IN YOUR PAPER/
WHAT AD WAS THAT?
10-31
PERSONAL NOT
THIS AD -- ABOUT THE HAND OF POWER. IT APPEARED THE FOURTEENTH OF LAST MONTH.
AWFULLY SORRY, BUT WE CAN'T REVEAL INFORMATION OF THAT SORT TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.
THIS ISN'T THE GENERAL PUBLIC/ THIS IS SCOTLAND YARD/
OH/ J-JUST A MOMENT/
NO LUCK, GENTLEMEN. THAT AD WAS GIVEN OVER THE COUNTER, IN PERSON AND PAID FOR ON THE SPOT/ THERE'S ABSOLUTELY NO WAY OF TRACING THE ADVERTISER/
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